SASKATCHEWAN RESEARCH COUNCIL

CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION
SASKATOON
ANNUAL SUMMARY 2018

V. Wittrock
Saskatchewan Research Council
Air and Climate

SRC Publication No. 10440 - 1E19
February 2019

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125 - 15 Innovation Blvd.
Saskatoon, SK S7N 2X8

COVER PHOTOGRAPHS
Report cover: South Saskatchewan River, Saskatoon, SK 14 November 2018
Inside cover: Solar Radiation Sensors, Climate Reference Station, Saskatoon, SK 6 June 2018
photo credit: V. Wittrock

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Enquiries concerning the SRC Saskatoon Climate Reference Station (CRS), its data, measurement programs and publications or becoming a supporter are most welcome. For further information contact:

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Saskatchewan Research Council web site: http://www.src.sk.ca
Monthly data sheets and annual summaries: http://src.nu/crsdata

SASKATCHEWAN RESEARCH COUNCIL

CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION SUPPORTERS, 2018-2019

WE GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGE THE SUPPORT OF THE FOLLOWING:

CAMPBELL SCIENTIFIC
WHEN MEASUREMENTS MATTER

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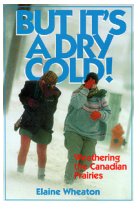
SINCE 1830

UNIVERSITY OF SASKATCHEWAN

Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
Agriculture et Agroalimentaire Canada



SRC'S SASKATOON CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION HISTORY

Meteorological observations at or near Saskatoon were first taken by the Northwest Mounted Police in 1889 with the recording of temperature. There is some disagreement in the early records as to the exact location of the weather observing point, but the majority of the evidence indicates 52 15'N, 106 20'W, elevation 480m above sea level as the most probable location. This would place it at Clark's Crossing on the South Saskatchewan River, approximately 16 km northeast of the centre of the City of Saskatoon. At that time, there was a settlement at Clark's Crossing as well as 10 to 15 families on either side of the river where Saskatoon is now located.

Little is known about the very early observers; however, the records do show that Major T.H. Keenan took observations from March 1892 until March 1895, and Mr. George Will was the observer from January 1897 until April 1897. It is thought that T.H. Copeland was involved in the observational program from 1895 to 1 May 1901, at which time it was taken over by Mr. Eby, Sr. Mr. Eby Sr. recorded the observations until his death in 1921, at which time his daughter (E.S. Eby) continued to record the observations. Her brother (J.M. Eby) recorded the observations beginning in April 1931 until the station closed on 31 October 1942. The Eby station recorded temperature, precipitation and weather notes on fog, thunderstorms, winds and any unusual weather phenomena. Reports were made twice daily (morning and evening).

In 1916, a climate reference station was established by the University of Saskatchewan and continuous observations were kept twice daily until 15 January 1965. The longtime observer was Mr. Sidney Cox. The SRC took over the program in the fall of 1963 and moved it to a new location 52 09'N, 106 36'W and elevation 497 m above sea level[1]. The first observer was Terry Beck followed three years later by Orville Olm[2]. In 1967, Joe Calvert became the primary observer until his retirement in 1983. Ray Begrand succeeded Mr. Calvert until 1988 when Virginia Wittrock became the primary observer. Carol Beaulieu became primary observer in 1992 until her retirement summer of 2014. Virginia Wittrock is project manager (1992 to present) and primary observer with 2018 summer assistance from Ashley Carlson and occassional weakly site maintenace assistance from K. Grismer and C. Bodnaryk.

In the summer of 1992, Saskatoon CRS began to be converted to an automated system of data collection with the installation of a Campbell Scientific data logger and automatic sensors. The updating, replacing, re-installing and adding of new sensors began in 2009 and was completed in 2012. Elements presently recorded at the Saskatoon CRS are temperature (maximum and minimum), precipitation, relative humidity, snow depth, wind (speed and direction), solar radiation (bright sunshine, global and diffuse), barometric pressure, grass level temperature, soil temperature (seven levels), and soil moisture.

[1]Christiansen 1970; Environment Canada 1975; [2]Olm 2001

Mr. James Eby was one of the original members of the Temperance Colony Society. He filed his homestead in 1882 and returned with his family in 1883. He was the first president of the school board and served as the township supervisor for Nutana. While riding a horse in 1890, he was struck by lightning and was a partial invalid thereafter. In 1901, he and his daughter moved to Nutana where he served as a Federal Meteorologist for the next 20 years until his death in 1921 at the age of 77. He was buried, next to his wife, in the Nutana pioneer cemetery.[1]

[1]Ladd, 2008

photo: C. Beaulieu

WHAT IS THE CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION?

The Saskatchewan Research Council's Climate Reference Station (SRC CRS) at Saskatoon is classified as a principal climatological station with supplementary climatological observations[1]. A climate reference station's data are intended for the purpose of determining climatic trends. This requires long periods (not less than thirty years) of homogeneous records, where man-made environmental changes have been or are expected to remain at a minimum. Ideally the records should be of sufficient length to enable the identification of secular changes of climate[2]. At CRS Saskatoon, half-hourly readings are taken of elements (temperature, precipitation amount, humidity, wind and atmospheric pressure). Supplemental observations include rainfall intensity, soil temperature, bright sunshine, solar radiation (diffuse and global), snow depth, relative humidity, barometric pressure, soil moisture and grass level temperature. High quality and consistent climatological observations are maintained providing data sets to meet the current concerns of the effects of climatic change and increased variability.

Purpose and Benefits

The purpose of the SRC CRS is to provide a record of observed meteorogical elements in order that the climate of the area and its changes can be accurately documented and described. Climatological data have assumed new importance as a result of social and environmental issues in which climate is a dominant factor. Climatological information assists in realizing new technological opportunities and social changes. It is necessary and valuable for areas such as agriculture, forestry, land use and facility placement, water and energy resources, as well as health and comfort.

The CRS allows us to:

- Evaluate long-term climatic trends – early warning system for increased frequencies of extreme events such as floods, droughts, etc.;
- Determine the impacts of climate events on society, economy, health and ecosystems – e.g., intense rainfall causing flooding and property damage, heat stress with its health implications;
- Do value-added research;
- Be part of regional, national and global networks in important agricultural and ecological areas;
- Facilitate development of additional programs – e.g., air quality, biodiversity and climate change monitoring
- Have roles in various programs within SRC including spray drift work, Boreal Ecosystem At mospheric Study (BOREAS), and collaborative research with the Western College of Veterinary Medicine and the College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan; and
- Provide climate data to various industries, government organizations, non-government organizations, media outlets, institutions of learning, and interested individuals.

Goals

The goals of the CRS are first to maintain the high quality of data gathered over its fifty plus years of existence at its current location and, second to continue to monitor a large variety of elements. These various elements combined with the long-term collection period as well as the stable location allow SRC CRS at Saskatoon to be an extremely valuable climate information collection station.

[1]Environment Canada 1992 [2]World Meteorological Organization 1988

ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SASKATOON CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION, 2018

The Saskatoon Climate Reference Station (CRS) had another busy year of activities. We continued to share important climate information from the CRS through monthly e-mails, media interviews, presentations and various social media. Monthly and annual climate information from both SRC's Saskatoon and Conservation Learning Centre CRSs is available online (http://src.nu/crsdata). Over the last 55+ years, SRC provided hands-on experience with our weather instruments to hundred of students (young and older), and gave presentations highlighting Saskatoon's climate: past, present and future. Two tours of CRS Saskatoon were provided in 2018. One was for select SRC personnel, and the other was for SaskPolytechnic students and Instructor from the School of Natural Resources and Built Environment. One of SRC's Aboriginal Mentorship Program (AMP) students (Ashley Carlson) was tasked with assisting with CRS weekly maintanance requirements and various types of data management during the summer of 2018. On-site tours are not always possible, therefore we encourage you to undertake a virtual tour of our Saskatoon CRS at: http://src.nu/1OLBg5H.

The climate station had various types of maintenance undertaken in 2018. We swapped the Bright Sunshine Instrument for a newly re-calibrated one (12 April 2018), rewired the snow depth sensor (15 June 2018) and calibrated the air temperature sensors. We also installed new soil moisture probes (hydraprobes) in October and data from these instruments will become available in 2019.

Site tour: SaskPolytechnic Students and Instructor
June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

AMP Summer Student Ashley Carlson being filmed doing part of her summer job at CRS Saskatoon
June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

Recalibrated bright sunshine - installed 12 April 2018
Oct 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

Snow Depth Sensor re-wired (June 2018)
June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

Calibrating Air Temperature Sensors
June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

New Soil Moisture Sensors installed 17 Oct 2018
October 2018
Photo: K. Babich

SUMMARY FOR 2018

Data, including temperature, precipitation, wind speed and direction, bright sunshine, solar radiation, soil temperature, snow depth and soil moisture levels was recorded at the Saskatchewan Research Council's (SRC) Climate Reference Station (CRS) (52 09'N, 106 36'W, 497m asl) in Saskatoon during 2018. It is compared in this report with the long-term (circa 1900-2017) and standard-period/normal (1981-2010) record.

2018 was a dry year, except for one key month (September), a hot summer and cold spring and fall. Winter had 'normal' temperatures. As per usual in Saskatchewan, Saskatoon CRS temperatures had a nearly 70C range over the year with the coldest day occurring on February 12 (-30.0C) and the hottest on August 10 (38.1C).

What was extraordinary is the cold spring and fall and hot summer. While spring 2018 ranked 23rd coolest (-3.3C) over the last 55 years, there were only five other springs since 2000 that had colder minimum average temperatures (2011 (-3.9), 2014 (-4.2), 2013 (-4.9), 2009 (-5.6) and 2002 (-7.6)). Fall 2018 ranked even colder than spring. It had the eighth coldest mean average temperature at 1.9C. The maximum average temperature for fall 2018 was the fourth coldest at 6.5C while the minimum average temperature was the 15th coldest at -2.6C. Summer 2018 was hot with an eighth place ranking. Unlike the spring and fall when very few years since 2000 were colder, summer 2018 has five years since 2000 having warmer mean average summer temperatures (2002 (18.8), 2015 (18.9), 2006 (19.1), 2001 (19.1) and 2003 (19.4)) .

These hot and cold temperatures are further reflected in the number above normal 'degree-days'. The hot summer resulted in 66.6 above normal growing degree-days and 50.3 above normal cooling degree days. The cold spring and fall resulted in 109.2 above normal heating degree-days.

The other main story of 2018 was that Saskatoon CRS was dry…dry dry dry. Saskatoon had only one month recording above normal precipitation amounts (September with 44.7mm) but by Dec 31st, Saskatoon CRS had recorded only 216.3mm of precipitation. Only 2001 was drier with 165.8mm. It's a wee bit concerning that 2017 ranks fourth driest with 257.1mm. These precipitation values are a third of what Saskatoon CRS received in 2010 (707.4mm).

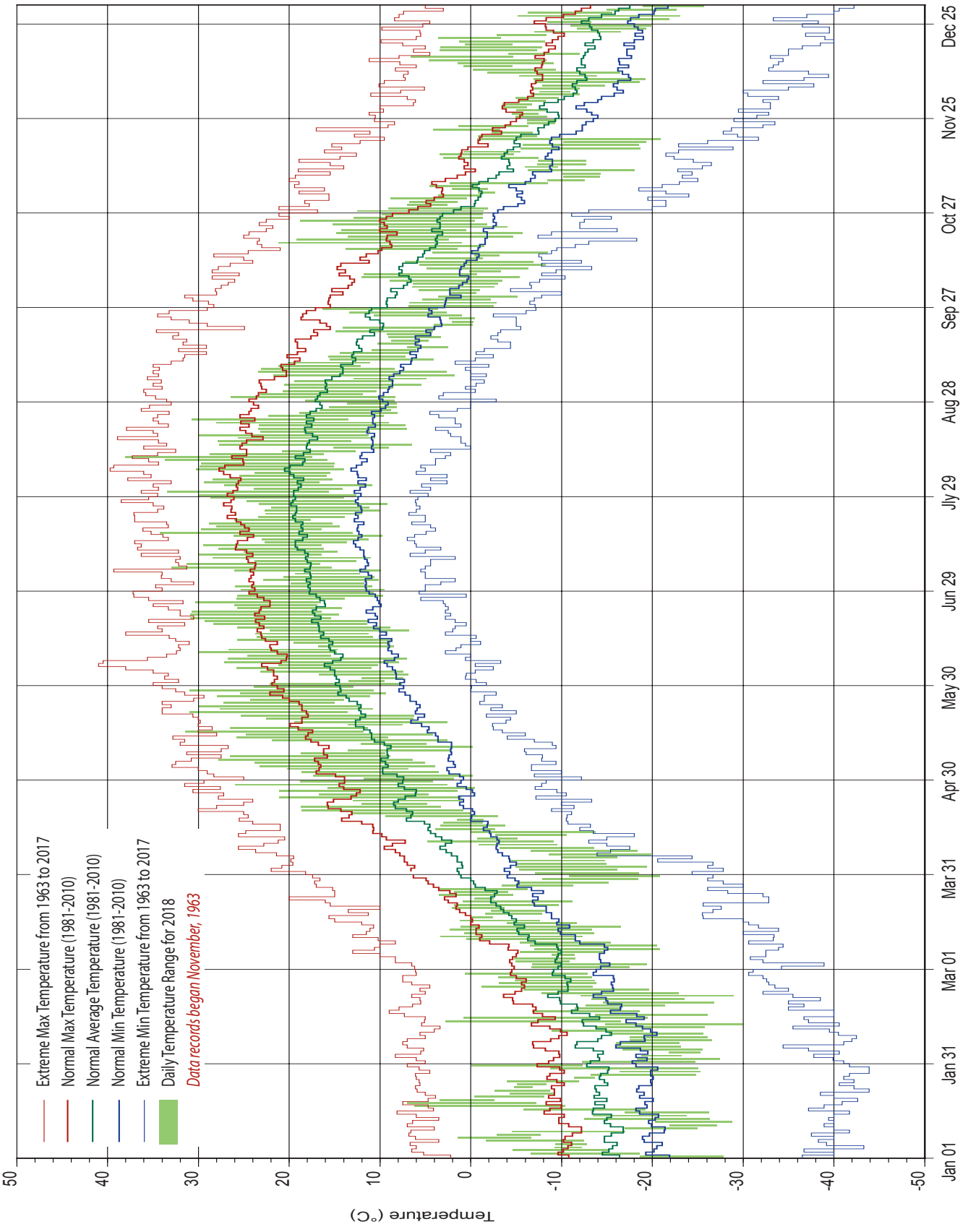
Saskatoon CRS had a very dry 2017-2018 winter. We did not have a snowpack for about two weeks in January and did not get snowcover of more than 10cm until March. The winter snowpack for the 2018-2019 winter began on November 5th and by December 31st it was only 5cm deep.

The dry winter was reflected in the above normal bright sunshine hours. Winter 2017-2018 and spring 2019 ranked first and third for the % of actual to possible hours of bright sunshine over the period of record. Fall 2018 is the opposite, ranking 11th lowest of % of actual to possible hours of bright sunshine.

2018 was not an overly windy year, likely because we didn't have very many thunderstorms. Our peak wind gust was recorded on May 30th (84.4km/h WNW – Strong Gale). This gust was associated with a thunderstorm where 5.5mm was recorded.

The lack of snow cover and cold spring air temperatures were reflected in the cooler than normal soil temperatures. February, March and April had below normal soil temperatures at the 20cm level, were above normal in May, June and July and below normal in September and October. October 2018 was 2.7C below normal at the 20cm level and 2.9C below normal at the 10cm level.

DAILY TEMPERATURE



TEMPERATURE

2018 TEMPERATURE RECORDS

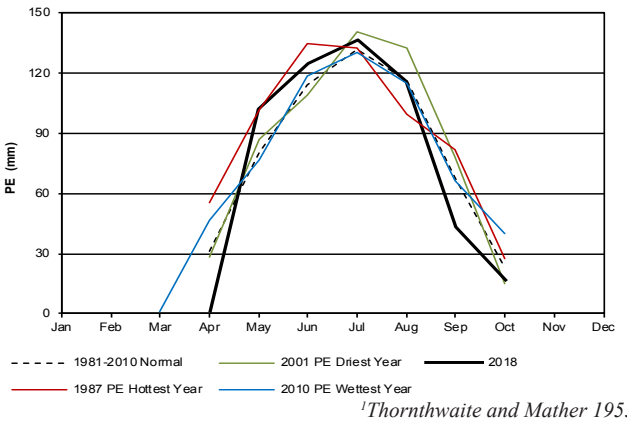
TYPE			DATE		NEW RECORD °C	OLD RECORD °C	YEAR	DAY
			Month	Day				
DAILY	Maximum	*Highest*	January	17	6.2	4.7	2017	
			May	15	31.4	30.0	1984	
			June	20	30.9	30.5	1988	
			July	6	33.0	31.3	2005	
			August	10	38.1	37.3	1998	
		Lowest	April	6	-8.6	-7.5	1997	
			June	1	12.0	12.0	1984	
			August	27	13.6	14.0	1982	
			September	14	7.0	7.8	1973	
			September	21	4.0	5.6	1969	
			September	23	2.4	2.5	1985	
			October	1	2.4	3.0	1989	
			October	13	-0.4	0.5	2009	
	Minimum	*Highest*	May	15	31.4	30.0	1984	
			June	10	14.7	14.5	1987	
			June	25	16.5	15.6	1975	
		Lowest	April	6	-19.9	-13.9	1979	
			April	7	-18.3	-15.4	1997	
			April	13	-13.7	-13.5	1983	
			October	10	-8.2	-7.8	1973	
	Mean	*Highest*	May	7	17.7	16.3	1994	
			May	15	21.6	21.0	1984	
			May	16	18.9	18.8	1984	
			June	20	23.2	21.9	2009	
			June	25	23.4	22.5	2012	
			August	10	27.8	27.3	1991	
		Lowest	April	6	-14.3	-10.1	1979	
	Greatest Number of Daily Growing Degree-days		May	7	12.7	11.3	1994	
			May	15	16.6	16.0	1984	
			May	16	13.9	13.8	1984	
			August	10	22.8	22.3	1991	
	Lowest Number of Daily Heating Degree-days		May	7	0.3	1.7	1994	
	Greatest Number of Daily Cooling Degree-days		August	10	9.8	9.3	1991	
	Greatest Number of Daily Extreme Cooling Degree-days		August	10	3.8	3.3	1991	
Monthly	*Highest Average Minimum Monthly*		May		7.7	7.7	1977	
	Lowest Temperature of the Highest Minimum Daily Temperature for the entire month		October	29	2.6	4.0	2001	1
	Highest Temperature of the Lowest Minimum Daily Temperature for the entire Month		June	16	6.8	6.8	2005	25
	Fewest Number of days > 0°C		April		18	21	1979	
	Greatest Number of days <= -10°C		April		10	7	1979	
	Lowest Number of days >=10°C		September		19	20	1965	

TEMPERATURE

2018 EXTREME TEMPERATURES			
COLD (less than or equal to -30°C)		**HOT** (greater than or equal to 30°C)	
DATE	TEMPERATURE °C	DATE	TEMPERATURE °C
February 12	-30.0	May 15	31.4
Coloured cells indicate extremes for the year		May 21	31.0
		May 23	30.0
		May 28	31.0
		June 9	30.0
		June 20	30.9
		June 21	30.9
		June 22	30.7
		June 25	30.3
		July 6	33.0
		July 17	34.2
		July 30	33.4
		August 6	30.2
		August 9	33.7
		August 10	38.1
		August 17	30.0

POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (PE) using the Thornthwaite Method[1]

MONTH	PE (mm) 2018	PE (mm) 2010 WettestYear	PE (mm) 2001 Driest Year	PE(mm) 1987 Hottest Year	PE (mm) 1981-2010 Normal
Jan	0	0	0	0	0
Feb	0	0	0	0	0
Mar	0	0.9	0	0	0
Apr	1.0	46.5	28.5	55.5	30.9
May	102.3	77.0	86.8	101.4	80.5
June	125.0	118.8	109.3	135.0	114.2
July	136.6	130.2	140.6	132.5	132.1
Aug	116.2	114.6	132.4	99.2	116.3
Sept	43.6	66.1	78.1	82.1	67.9
Oct	16.5	40.1	14.8	27.3	23.4
Nov	0	0	0	0	0
Dec	0	0	0	0	0
Total	541.3	594.3	590.4	632.9	565.4



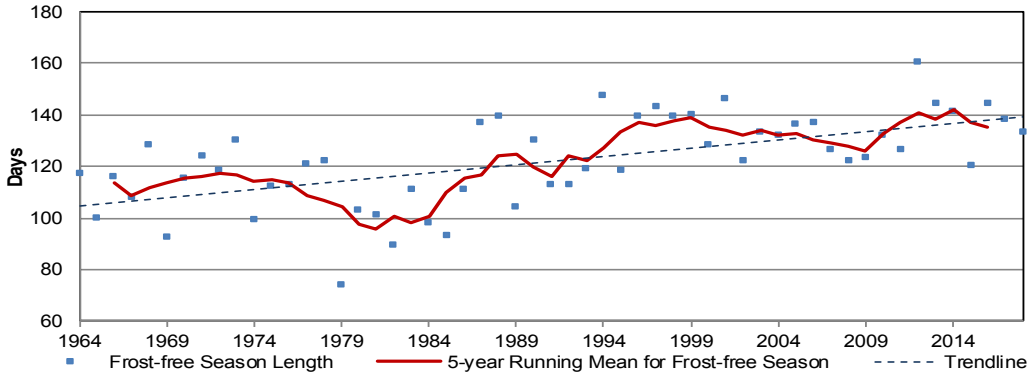
[1]*Thornthwaite and Mather 1955*
Thornthwaite 1948

Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensors (automated) June 2018 (Photo: V. Wittrock)

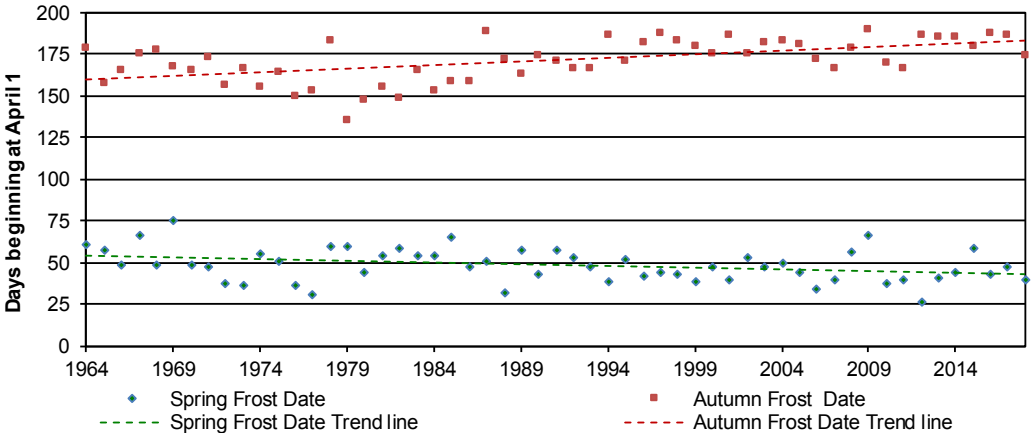
Minimum thermometer housed in Stevenson Screen (first fall frost temperature thermometer reading occurred during site visit on 26 Sept 2018) (Photo: V. Wittrock)

DATES & DURATION OF THE FROST-FREE SEASON

YEAR	LAST SPRING FROST	FIRST FALL FROST	Frost-free Season Length
1964	May 31	Sept 26	117
1965	May 27	Sept 05	100
1966	May 19	Sept 13	116
1967	Jun 06	Sept 23	108
1968	May 19	Sept 25	128
1969	Jun 14	Sept 15	92
1970	May 19	Sept 12	115
1971	May 18	Sept 20	124
1972	May 08	Sept 04	118
1973	May 06	Sept 14	130
1974	May 25	Sept 02	99
1975	May 21	Sept 11	112
1976	May 06	Aug 28	113
1977	May 01	Aug 31	121
1978	May 30	Sept 30	122
1979	May 30	Aug 13	74
1980	May 14	Aug 26	103
1981	May 24	Sept 03	101
1982	May 29	Aug 27	89
1983	May 24	Sept 13	111
1984	May 24	Aug 31	98
1985	Jun 04	Sept 06	93
1986	May 17	Sept 06	111
1987	May 21	Oct 06	137
1988	May 02	Sept 19	139
1989	May 28	Sept 10	104
1990	May 13	Sept 21	130
1991	May 27	Sept 18	113
1992	May 23	Sept 14	113
1993	May 17	Sept 14	119
1994	May 09	Oct 04	147
1995	May 22	Sept 18	118
1996	May 12	Sept 29	139
1997	May 14	Oct 05	143
1998	May 13	Sept 30	139
1999	May 09	Sept 27	140
2000	May 17	Sept 23	128
2001	May 10	Oct 04	146
2002	May 23	Sept 23	122
2003	May 18	Sept 29	133
2004	May 20	Sept 30	132
2005	May 14	Sept 28	136
2006	May 04	Sept 19	137
2007	May 10	Sept 14	126
2008	May 26	Sept 26	122
2009	June 05	Oct 07	123
2010	May 07	Sept 17	132
2011	May 10	Sept 14	126
2012	April 26	Oct 04	160
2013	May 11	Oct 04	144
2014	May 14	Oct 03	141
2015	May 29	Sept 27	120
2016	May 13	Oct 05	144
2017	May 18	Oct 04	138
2018	May 10	Sept 21	133
1981-2010 Normal	May 18	Sept 20	124



Frost-free Growing Season Duration



Frost-free Growing Season End Points

Heavy frost blanketted everything for days....
Dec 2, 2018
(Photo: V. Wittrock)

TEMPERATURE RANKINGS

AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATUES °C

MAXIMUM TEMP		MINIMUM TEMP		MEAN TEMP	
1987	11.6	2016	0.1	1987	5.4
2001	10.8	2015	-0.7	2016	5.3
1981	10.5	1987	-0.8	2015	4.8
2016	10.4	2006	-1.3	2001	4.6
2015	10.2	2012	-1.3	1981	4.5
1988	10.1	1999	-1.4	1998	4.3
1998	10.1	2017	-1.4	1999	4.2
1999	9.8	2010	-1.5	2006	4.2
2017	9.7	1981	-1.5	2017	4.2
2006	9.6	1998	-1.5	2012	4.0
2011	9.6	2005	-1.6	1988	3.9
1976	9.5	2001	-1.6	2011	3.8
1997	9.5	2011	-2.1	2005	3.8
2003	9.3	2007	-2.2	2010	3.7
2012	9.3	1988	-2.3	1997	3.5
2005	9.1	1997	-2.4	2003	3.4
1986	9.0	2003	-2.5	1991	3.2
1991	8.9	1993	-2.5	1986	3.2
2010	8.9	1991	-2.5	2007	3.2
2000	8.8	1992	-2.5	1976	3.0
1984	8.7	1986	-2.6	1992	3.0
1990	8.7	2018	-2.7	2000	3.0
1977	8.6	2004	-2.8	1984	2.9
1980	8.6	2002	-2.9	1993	2.8
2007	8.6	2014	-2.9	2004	2.8
1992	8.5	1984	-2.9	2018	2.8
2008	8.5	2000	-2.9	2002	2.8
2002	8.5	1964	-2.9	1964	2.7
1994	8.5	1994	-3.2	1994	2.7
2004	8.4	1983	-3.2	2008	2.6
1989	8.3	2008	-3.3	1990	2.6
2018	8.3	2013	-3.3	1977	2.5
1964	8.2	1995	-3.4	1980	2.4
1993	8.1	1968	-3.4	2014	2.4
1995	7.9	1976	-3.5	1989	2.3
1973	7.8	1990	-3.6	1995	2.3
1968	7.7	1977	-3.6	1983	2.2
2009	7.7	1989	-3.8	2013	2.2
2013	7.7	1980	-3.8	1968	2.2
1983	7.7	2009	-3.8	2009	2.0
2014	7.6	1973	-4.0	1973	1.9
1978	7.4	1970	-4.0	1970	1.7
1970	7.3	1978	-4.6	1978	1.4
1974	7.1	1969	-4.6	1971	1.2
1971	7.1	1971	-4.6	1974	1.2
1967	7.0	1974	-4.7	1967	1.1
1985	6.9	1967	-4.7	1969	1.1
1975	6.9	1985	-4.8	1985	1.1
1969	6.8	1972	-4.8	1975	0.9
1979	6.5	1975	-5.1	1972	0.6
1966	6.4	1996	-5.2	1979	0.6
1965	6.3	1965	-5.3	1965	0.5
1982	6.2	1982	-5.3	1966	0.4
1996	6.1	1979	-5.3	1996	0.4
1972	6.1	1966	-5.5	1982	0.4

SEASONAL MAXIMUM AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C

WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	-1.9	1977	12.9	2001	26.5	1987	13.1
1987	-3.6	1987	12.7	2003	26.3	2011	12.6
2006	-4.7	1988	12.6	1984	26.1	2009	12.1
2016	-4.8	2016	12.5	1988	26.0	1994	11.8
1998	-4.8	1981	12.1	1970	25.9	2001	11.8
2000	-5.4	1998	12.0	2006	25.6	2008	11.8
1992	-5.7	2001	11.9	1998	25.6	1999	11.4
2002	-6.0	2015	11.7	1997	25.6	2015	11.3
2017	-6.6	1994	11.5	2017	25.4	1981	11.1
1964	-6.6	2010	11.4	2018	25.4	1997	11.0
1983	-7.1	1993	11.4	1981	25.3	2005	11.0
1988	-7.2	1980	11.3	1989	25.3	1976	10.8
2004	-7.2	1986	11.1	2002	25.3	1980	10.8
1986	-7.3	2000	11.0	2015	25.1	2016	10.8
1976	-7.3	2012	10.9	1983	25.0	1974	10.6
1981	-7.4	1992	10.8	1996	24.9	1979	10.6
1977	-7.4	1991	10.5	1991	24.8	2004	10.5
2015	-7.4	1976	10.4	1964	24.6	1998	10.4
2007	-7.7	2017	10.2	2008	24.5	1967	10.4
2003	-8.0	1984	10.2	2016	24.5	2000	10.3
2005	-8.0	1999	10.1	2007	24.5	1988	10.3
1975	-8.0	2007	10.1	1979	24.5	2013	10.1
1999	-8.0	2006	10.1	1995	24.4	1975	9.9
1984	-8.1	1968	10.0	2011	24.4	1989	9.8
1995	-8.1	2004	10.0	2012	24.4	2007	9.8
1990	-8.2	1985	10.0	1967	24.3	1990	9.7
2018	-8.3	1990	10.0	1978	24.2	1968	9.7
1991	-8.6	2005	9.9	1965	24.2	2010	9.6
1989	-8.7	1973	9.9	1969	24.1	2003	9.4
2013	-9.2	1978	9.7	1990	24.1	1970	9.3
2001	-9.3	2003	9.4	1987	24.0	2014	9.2
1970	-9.3	2008	9.1	1972	24.0	1983	9.2
2011	-9.5	1972	9.1	1976	23.8	2017	9.1
1980	-9.5	2018	8.8	1973	23.8	1992	8.8
2010	-9.8	1971	8.6	2000	23.8	1971	8.8
1968	-9.8	1969	8.3	2013	23.7	1964	8.8
2008	-10.1	1995	8.3	1971	23.6	1978	8.7
1973	-10.3	1989	8.2	1986	23.6	1977	8.7
1997	-11.0	1964	8.2	1994	23.5	1966	8.6
1967	-11.1	1966	8.1	1980	23.5	1995	8.6
1993	-11.5	1997	7.6	1975	23.2	1993	8.4
1985	-11.6	2011	7.5	1999	23.1	1982	8.3
2009	-11.7	2009	7.4	2014	23.1	2012	8.2
2014	-11.8	1983	7.0	2010	23.0	1969	8.0
1994	-12.1	2014	6.8	1977	23.0	2002	7.8
1996	-12.2	1982	6.7	2009	22.9	2006	7.5
1974	-12.6	2013	6.4	1966	22.8	1986	7.3
1966	-13.1	1996	6.3	1982	22.6	1965	7.3
1982	-13.3	1970	6.1	2005	22.6	1973	7.3
1971	-13.4	2002	5.8	1985	22.4	1991	7.0
1978	-14.5	1965	5.7	1974	22.4	1972	6.6
1965	-14.8	1979	4.8	1992	22.4	2018	6.5
1972	-14.9	1974	4.7	1968	22.0	1996	6.2
1969	-15.2	1975	4.4	2004	21.6	1984	5.6
1979	-15.5	1967	4.4	1993	21.1	1985	4.5

TEMPERATURE RANKINGS

SEASONAL MINIMUM AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C

WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	-12.6	2016	0.8	2012	12.9	2016	1.5
2016	-12.6	1993	0.3	2015	12.6	2015	1.3
2006	-13.2	2010	0.2	2006	12.5	2009	1.3
1998	-13.4	2012	0.0	2003	12.5	2005	0.4
1987	-13.6	1987	-0.2	2016	12.4	2011	0.3
2017	-14.7	1977	-0.5	1988	12.3	2008	0.1
1992	-14.9	1999	-0.5	1970	12.3	1998	0.1
1964	-15.0	1985	-0.7	2002	12.2	1981	0.0
2002	-15.5	1994	-0.8	1991	12.2	2001	-0.1
1983	-15.6	2015	-0.8	2018	12.0	1967	-0.2
2000	-15.8	1981	-1.0	2013	12.0	1968	-0.2
2015	-16.0	1992	-1.0	2014	11.9	1997	-0.3
2004	-16.7	2006	-1.0	2017	11.9	1987	-0.3
1999	-16.8	1988	-1.0	2011	11.8	2004	-0.4
2007	-17.0	1986	-1.1	2001	11.7	1994	-0.5
1981	-17.1	2000	-1.1	2007	11.7	1999	-0.6
1995	-17.2	2001	-1.2	1989	11.6	1992	-0.7
1986	-17.3	2007	-1.3	1998	11.6	2010	-0.7
2003	-17.5	2005	-1.4	2010	11.5	1980	-0.9
2018	-17.5	1990	-1.5	1997	11.5	2014	-1.0
1988	-17.8	2017	-1.6	2008	11.3	1983	-1.0
1976	-17.8	1973	-1.7	1984	11.2	1970	-1.1
1984	-17.8	1978	-1.7	1996	11.2	2007	-1.1
2005	-17.8	1991	-2.0	1983	11.2	1964	-1.4
2011	-18.3	1968	-2.0	1964	11.0	1988	-1.4
2013	-18.4	1998	-2.0	2005	11.0	1979	-1.4
1975	-18.5	1984	-2.2	1972	11.0	2013	-1.5
1970	-18.7	2003	-2.3	2000	11.0	2017	-1.7
1977	-18.8	1972	-2.4	1981	10.9	2000	-1.7
1989	-18.9	2004	-2.5	1995	10.8	1989	-1.8
2001	-19.0	1980	-2.6	1990	10.7	1969	-1.9
2010	-19.1	2008	-3.2	1999	10.7	2012	-1.9
1990	-19.1	2018	-3.3	1987	10.6	1971	-2.1
1991	-19.3	1976	-3.3	1994	10.6	2002	-2.2
2008	-19.5	1983	-3.7	1965	10.5	2003	-2.2
1980	-19.6	1969	-3.8	1976	10.5	1977	-2.4
1968	-20.0	1995	-3.8	1971	10.3	1974	-2.4
1973	-20.3	1966	-3.9	2009	10.3	1975	-2.5
1993	-20.5	1964	-3.9	1973	10.0	1993	-2.5
1994	-20.8	2011	-3.9	1979	10.0	1995	-2.6
1967	-21.1	1971	-4.0	1966	9.9	2018	-2.6
1997	-21.3	2014	-4.2	1993	9.9	1972	-2.7
2009	-21.4	1997	-4.3	1975	9.8	2006	-2.8
1996	-21.9	1982	-4.3	2004	9.7	1978	-2.9
2014	-22.0	1989	-4.3	1978	9.7	1986	-3.1
1974	-22.6	1996	-4.9	1980	9.6	1990	-3.4
1985	-22.9	2013	-4.9	1982	9.6	1976	-3.6
1971	-23.1	1970	-5.0	1986	9.6	1982	-3.7
1982	-23.6	2009	-5.6	1974	9.6	1991	-3.7
1966	-23.6	1965	-5.8	1967	9.5	1984	-3.8
1969	-24.0	1979	-6.1	1969	9.4	1966	-4.3
1965	-24.0	1974	-6.5	1968	9.2	1996	-4.3
1978	-24.5	1975	-6.5	1992	8.8	1965	-4.4
1972	-25.0	1967	-6.9	1977	8.8	1973	-4.6
1979	-25.2	2002	-7.6	1985	8.2	1985	-6.0

SEASONAL MEAN AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C

WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	-7.3	2016	6.6	2003	19.4	2009	6.7
1987	-8.6	1987	6.2	1988	19.2	2011	6.5
2016	-8.7	1977	6.2	2001	19.1	1987	6.4
2006	-8.9	1993	5.8	1970	19.1	2015	6.3
1998	-9.1	2010	5.8	2006	19.1	2016	6.2
1992	-10.3	1988	5.8	2015	18.9	2008	5.9
2000	-10.6	1981	5.6	2002	18.8	2001	5.8
2017	-10.7	2015	5.4	2018	18.8	2005	5.7
2002	-10.8	2012	5.4	1984	18.7	1994	5.7
1964	-10.8	1994	5.4	2012	18.7	1981	5.5
1983	-11.4	2001	5.4	2017	18.7	1999	5.4
2015	-11.7	1986	5.0	1998	18.6	1997	5.4
2004	-12.0	1998	5.0	1997	18.5	1998	5.3
1981	-12.3	1992	4.9	1991	18.5	1967	5.1
1986	-12.3	2000	4.9	1989	18.5	2004	5.0
2007	-12.4	1999	4.8	2016	18.4	1980	5.0
1999	-12.4	1985	4.7	1983	18.1	1968	4.8
1988	-12.5	2006	4.5	1981	18.1	1979	4.6
1976	-12.6	2007	4.4	2011	18.1	1988	4.4
1995	-12.7	1980	4.4	2007	18.1	2010	4.4
2003	-12.7	1991	4.3	1996	18.1	2007	4.4
2005	-12.9	2005	4.3	2008	17.9	2000	4.3
1984	-13.0	1990	4.3	2013	17.9	2013	4.3
2018	-13.0	2017	4.2	1964	17.8	1970	4.2
1977	-13.1	1973	4.1	1995	17.7	1974	4.1
1975	-13.3	1978	4.0	2014	17.6	2014	4.1
1990	-13.7	1968	4.0	1972	17.5	1983	4.1
2013	-13.8	1984	4.0	2000	17.4	1992	4.1
1989	-13.8	2004	3.8	1990	17.4	1989	4.0
2011	-14.0	2003	3.6	1965	17.4	1975	3.8
1991	-14.0	1976	3.5	1987	17.3	2017	3.7
1970	-14.0	1972	3.4	1979	17.3	1964	3.7
2001	-14.2	2008	2.9	1976	17.2	1976	3.6
2010	-14.5	2018	2.7	2010	17.2	2003	3.6
1980	-14.6	1971	2.3	1994	17.1	1971	3.4
2008	-14.8	1969	2.2	1978	17.0	1977	3.2
1968	-15.0	1995	2.2	1971	17.0	1990	3.2
1973	-15.4	1964	2.2	1973	17.0	2012	3.1
1993	-16.0	1966	2.1	1999	16.9	1969	3.1
1967	-16.1	1989	2.0	1967	16.9	1995	3.0
1997	-16.2	2011	1.9	2005	16.8	1978	2.9
1994	-16.5	1997	1.7	1969	16.7	1993	2.9
2009	-16.6	1983	1.6	1986	16.6	2002	2.8
2014	-16.9	2014	1.3	2009	16.6	2006	2.4
1996	-17.1	1982	1.2	1980	16.6	1982	2.3
1985	-17.3	2009	0.9	1975	16.5	1966	2.2
1974	-17.6	1996	0.7	1966	16.4	1986	2.1
1971	-18.3	2013	0.7	1982	16.2	2018	1.9
1966	-18.4	1970	0.5	1974	16.0	1972	1.9
1982	-18.5	1965	-0.1	1977	15.9	1991	1.6
1965	-19.4	1979	-0.7	2004	15.7	1965	1.5
1978	-19.5	1974	-0.9	1992	15.6	1973	1.3
1969	-19.6	2002	-0.9	1968	15.6	1984	0.9
1972	-20.0	1975	-1.0	1993	15.5	1996	0.9
1979	-20.4	1967	-1.3	1985	15.3	1985	-0.8

TEMPERATURE

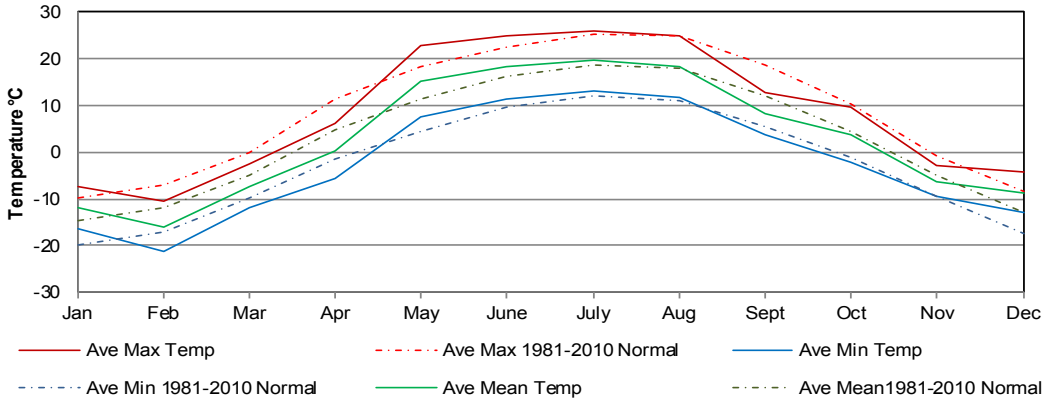
MONTH	AVERAGE MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)		AVERAGE MINIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)		AVERAGE TEMPERATURE (°C)		EXTREME VALUES TEMPERATURE (°C)				EXTREME VALUES FOR SASKATOON STATIONS	
	2018	Normal	2018	Normal	2018	Normal	Max	Date	Min	Date	Max/Date	Min/Date
January	-7.4	-9.8	-16.3	-19.7	-11.9	-14.7	7.0	18	-28.8	12	11.0/1980/23$_{SWT}$	-48.9/1893/31$_{SM}$
February	-10.4	-7.1	-21.4	-16.9	-15.9	-12.0	2.8	13	-30.0	12	12.8/1931/19$_{SE}$	-50.0/1893/01$_{SM}$
March	-2.5	0.0	-12.0	-9.7	-7.3	-4.9	3.6	26	-20.8	7	22.8/1910/23$_{SE}$	-43.3/1897/14$_{SM}$
April	6.0	11.2	-5.6	-1.4	0.2	4.9	26.0	28	-19.9	6	33.3/1952/28$_{SA\,US}$	-30.5/1979/01$_{SWT}$
May	22.8	18.3	7.7	4.6	15.3	11.5	31.4	15	-0.2	1	37.2/1936/27$_{SE}$	-12.8/1907/06$_{SE}$
June	25.0	22.5	11.3	9.8	18.2	16.2	30.9	20	6.8	16	41.5/1988/06$_{S2}$	-3.9/1917/02$_{US}$
July	26.1	25.2	13.2	12.1	19.7	18.7	34.2	17	9.2	26	40.0/1919,1941,1946$_{SE\,SA\,US}$	-0.6/1918/25$_{SE}$
August	25.0	24.9	11.6	11.0	18.4	18.0	38.1	10	6.5	14	39.7/1998/06$_{SRC}$	-2.8/1901/23SM&1976/28$_{SRC}$
September	12.8	18.7	3.7	5.6	8.3	12.2	23.4	6	-5.1	30	35.6/1978/04$_{SRC}$	-11.1/1908/28$_{SE}$
October	9.6	10.4	-2.2	-1.2	3.7	4.6	21.2	17	-8.5	14	32.2/1943/05$_{SA\,US}$	-25.6/1919/26$_{SE\,US}$
November	-3.0	-0.6	-9.4	-9.4	-6.2	-5.0	4.5	4	-20.9	19	21.7/1903/03$_{SE}$	-39.4/1893/30$_{SM}$
December	-4.4	-8.3	-12.9	-17.4	-8.7	-12.9	6.6	15	-25.7	31	14.4/1939/05$_{SE}$	-43.9/1892/22$_{SM}$
Average	8.3	8.8	-2.7	-2.7	2.8	3.0						

Normal = 1981-2010

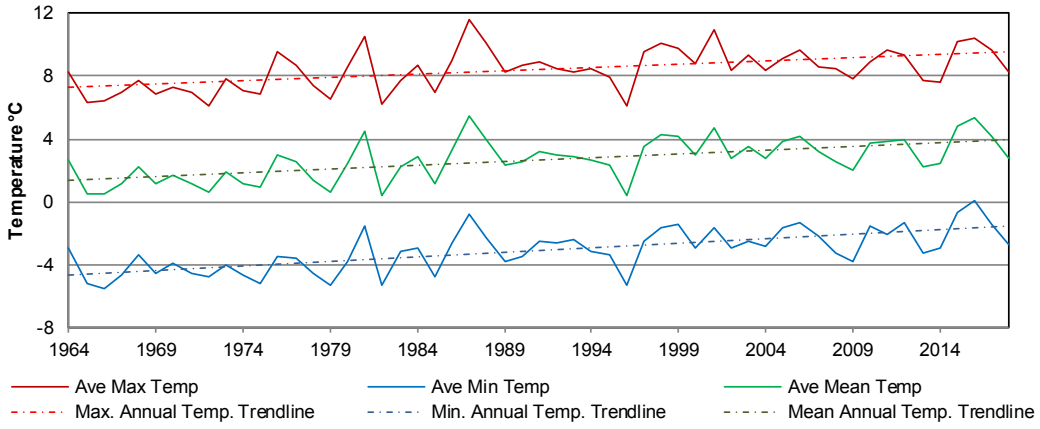
SE = Saskatoon Eby 1901-1942
US = University of Saskatchewan 1915-1964
SWT = Saskatoon Water Treatment Plant 1974 -
SRC = Saskatchewan Research Council 1963-

SA = Saskatoon Diefenbaker Int'l Airport 1942-
S2= Saskatoon 2 1977-1990
SM = Saskatoon stations circa 1889 -1901 (RNWMP *etal)*

Monthly

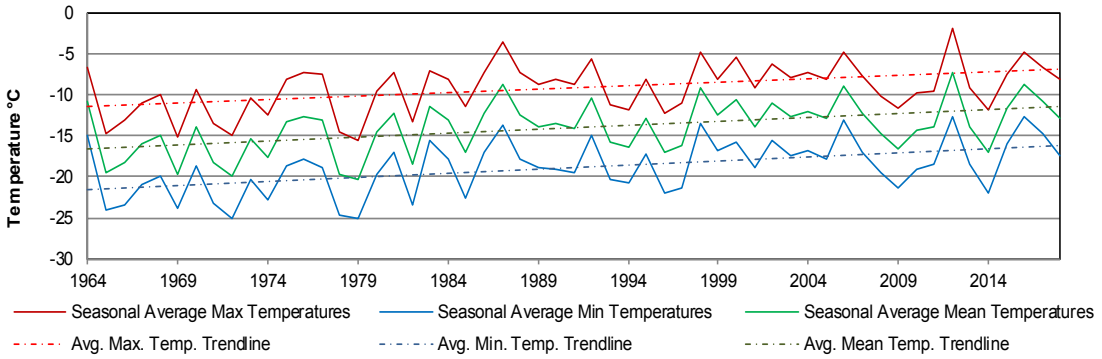


Annual

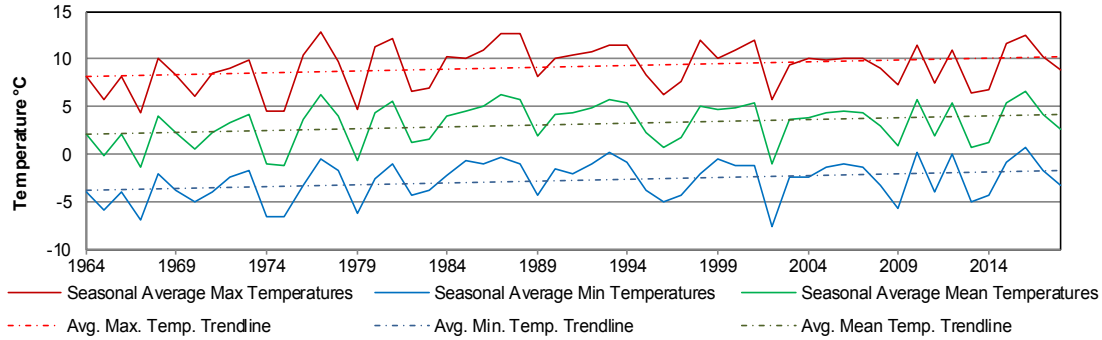


SEASONAL TEMPERATURES for 1964 to 2018

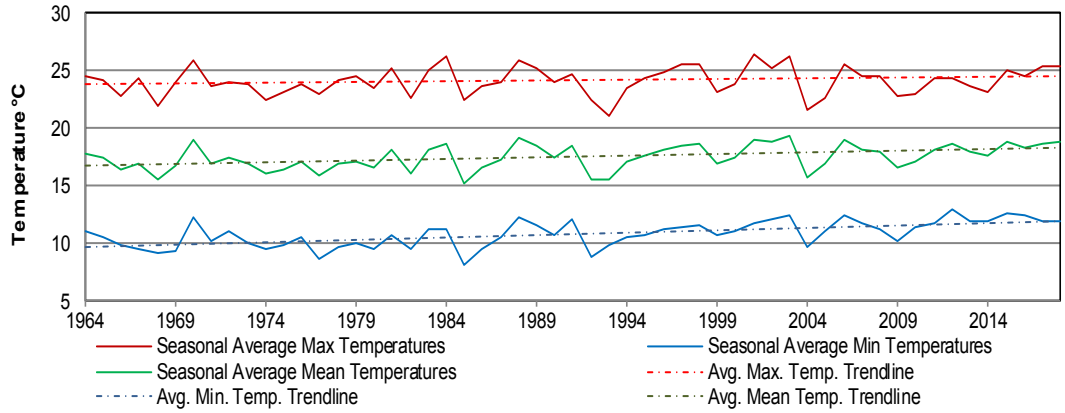
Winter (DJF)



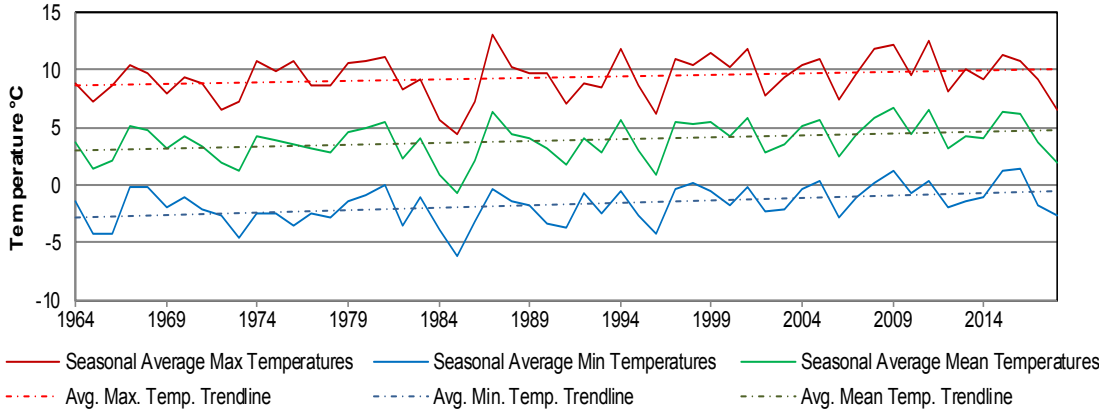
Spring (MAM)



Summer (JJA)

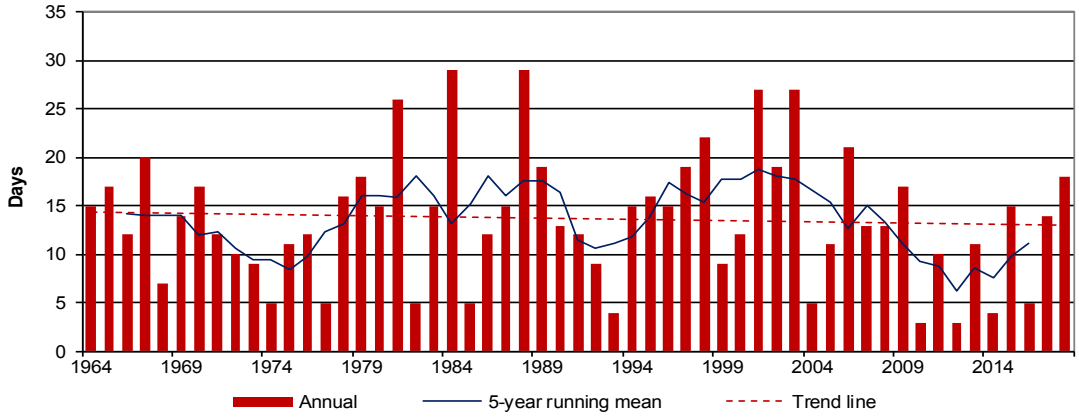


Autumn (SON)

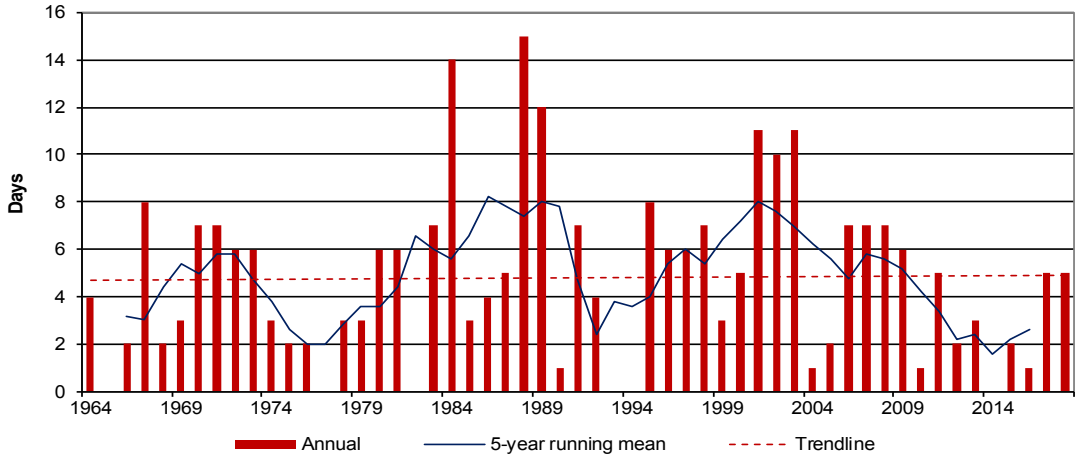


DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN A SET POINT

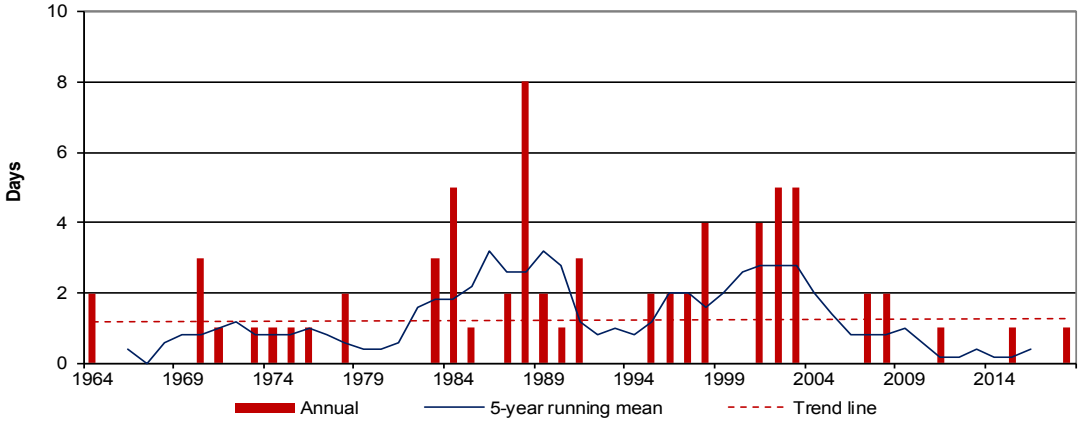
30°C or Greater



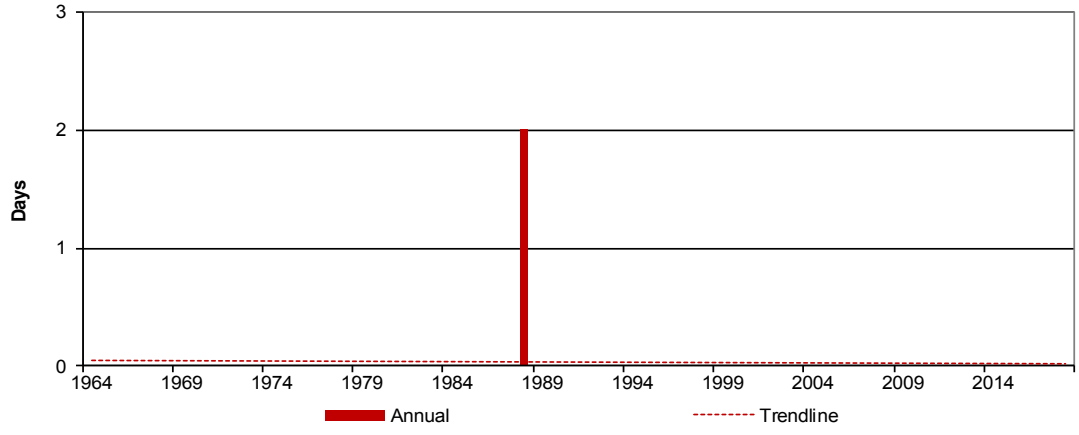
32°C or Greater



35°C or Greater

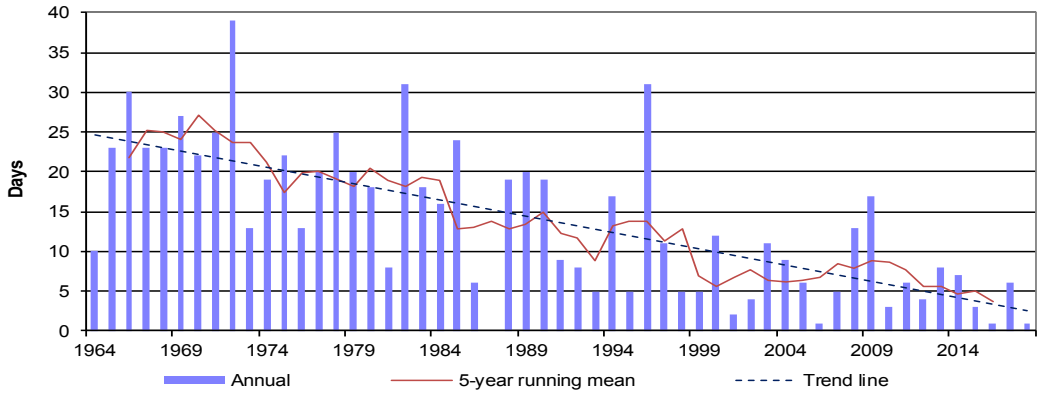


40°C or Greater

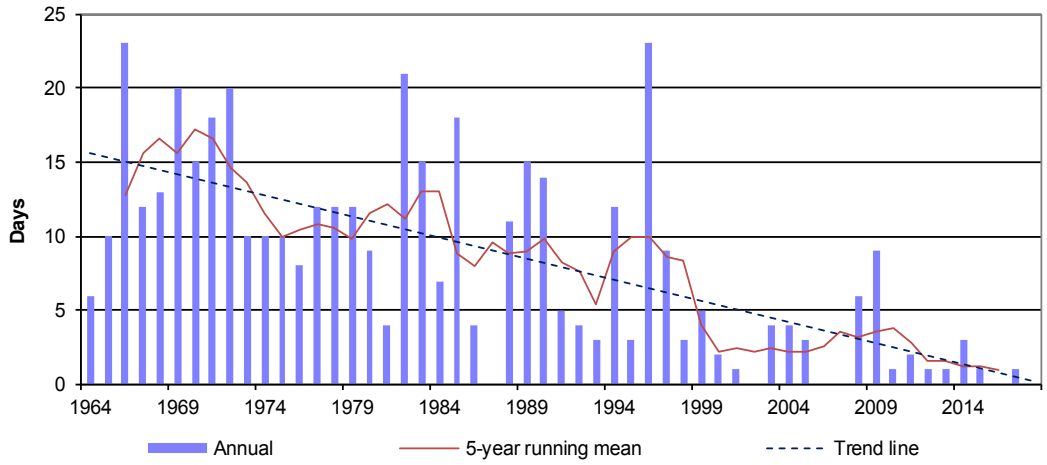


DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES LESS THAN A SET POINT

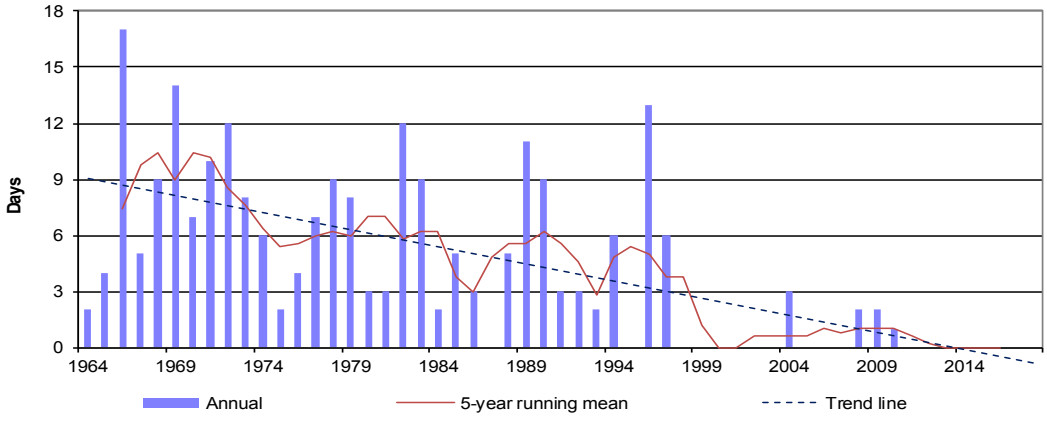
Minus 30°C or Less



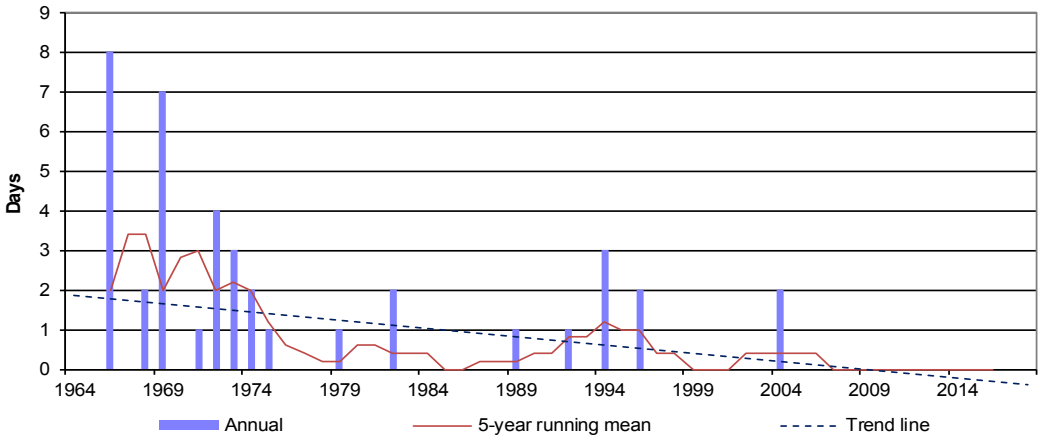
Minus 32.5°C or Less



Minus 35°C or Less

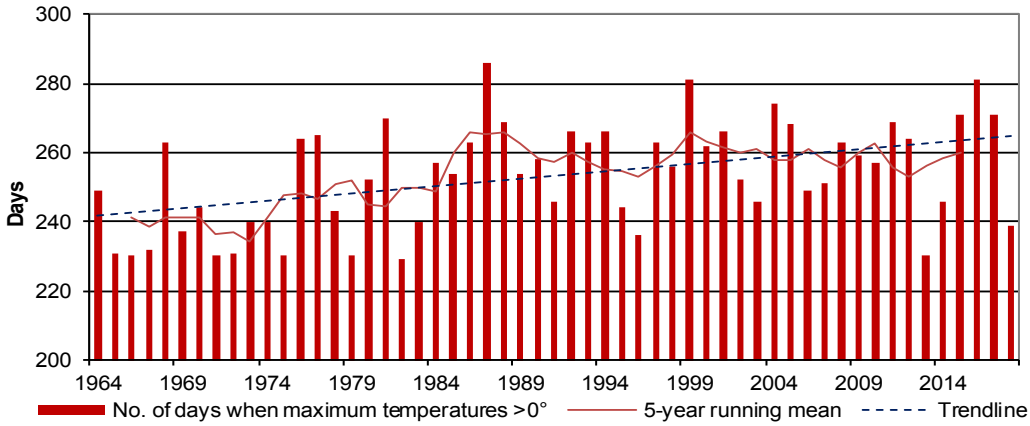


Minus 40°C or Less

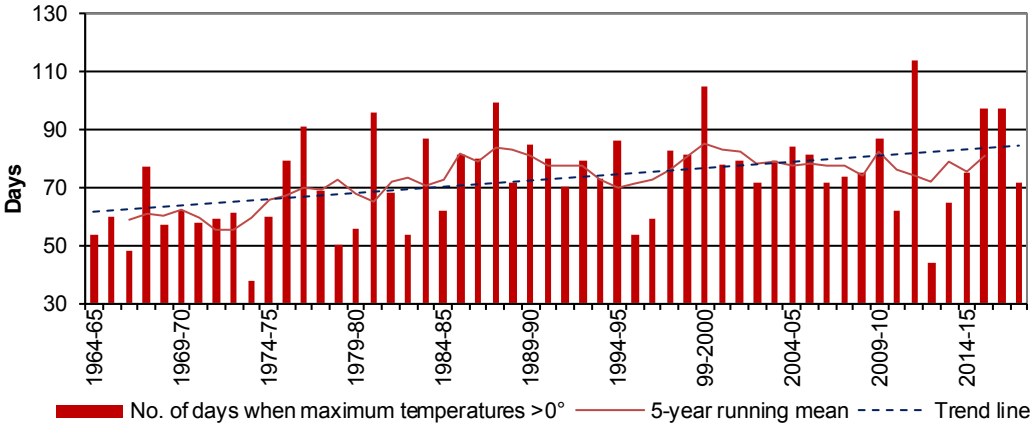


DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN 0°C

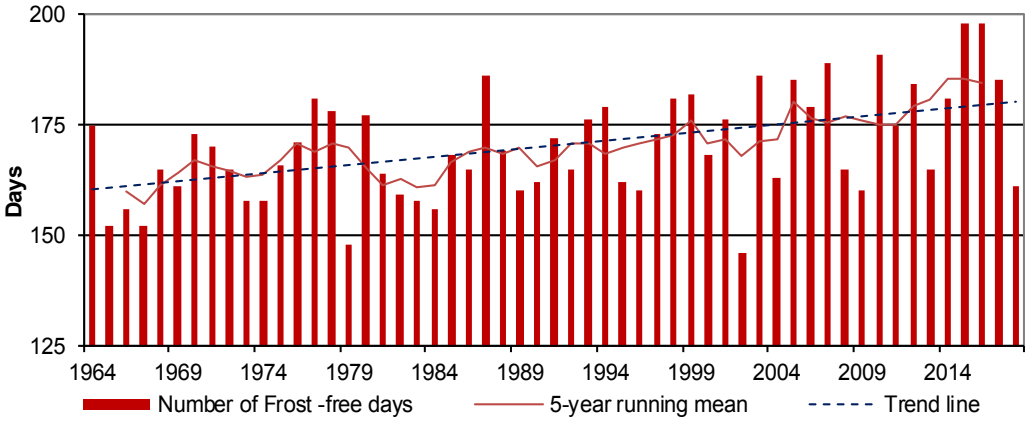
Maximum Temperature greater than 0°C (Thaw Days) Jan 1st to Dec 31st



Maximum Temperature greater than 0°C (Thaw Days) Oct 1st to Mar 31st (Cold Season)



Minimum Temperature greater than 0°C (Frost-free Days)

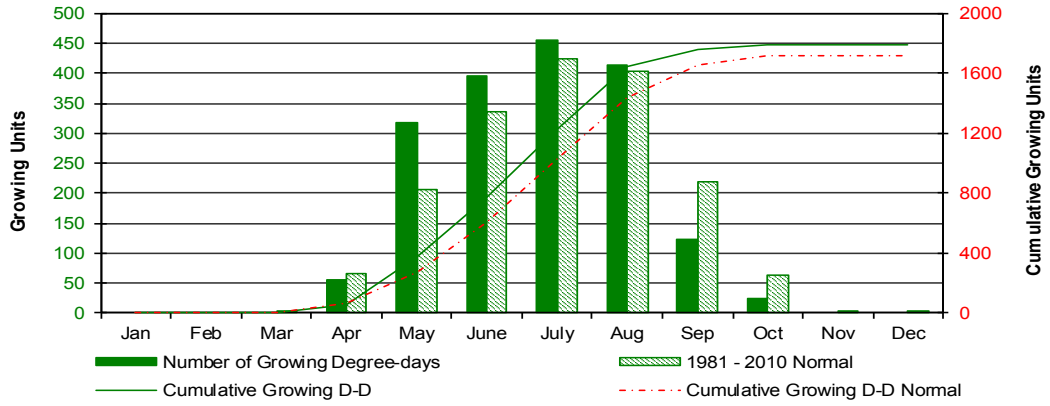


Panoramic view of climate station from the northeast corner of the site (June 6, 2018)
Photo: V. Wittrock

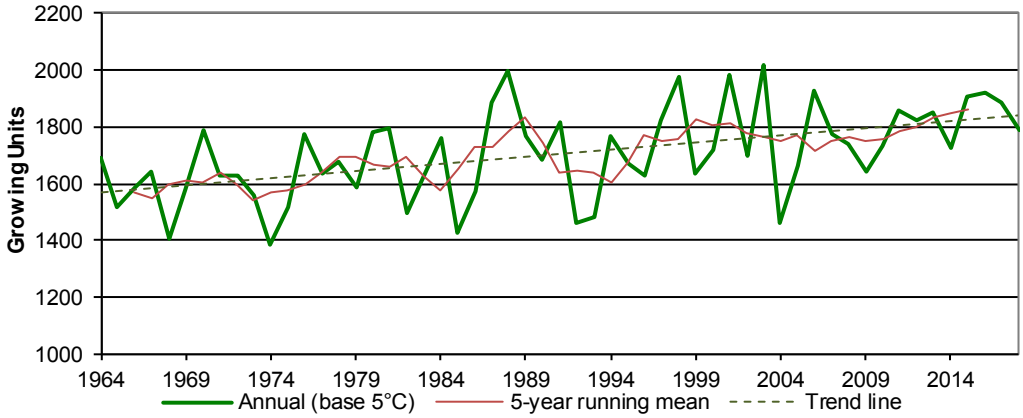
DEGREE-DAYS

MONTH	GROWING DEGREE-DAYS Base 5°C			HEATING DEGREE-DAYS Base 18°C			COOLING DEGREE-DAYS Base 18°C			EXTREME COOLING DEGREE-DAYS Base 24°C		
	2018	Cumulative	Normal	2018	Cumulative	Normal	2018	Cumulative	Normal	2018	Cumulative	Normal
January	0.0	0.0	0.0	927.0	927.0	1015.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
February	0.0	0.0	0.0	959.4	1886.4	848.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	0.0	0.0	3.0	783.4	2669.8	708.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
April	56.2	56.2	65.2	533.9	3203.7	402.4	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
May	318.8	375.0	206.9	107.0	3310.7	209.3	22.4	22.4	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.1
June	394.7	769.7	334.8	37.8	3348.5	81.4	42.5	64.9	24.8	0.0	0.0	1.5
July	456.0	1225.7	424.0	14.6	3363.1	30.7	67.6	132.5	51.7	0.7	0.7	2.9
August	413.9	1639.6	402.8	47.4	3410.5	50.0	58.3	190.8	49.8	4.6	5.3	3.5
September	123.9	1763.5	219.9	292.5	3703.0	182.5	0.0	190.8	7.6	0.0	5.3	0.1
October	24.9	1788.4	62.2	442.8	4145.8	415.1	0.0	190.8	0.1	0.0	5.3	0.0
November	0.0	1788.4	2.9	727.3	4873.1	690.1	0.0	190.8	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0
December	0.0	1788.4	0.1	827.2	5700.3	957.5	0.0	190.8	0.0	0.0	5.3	0.0

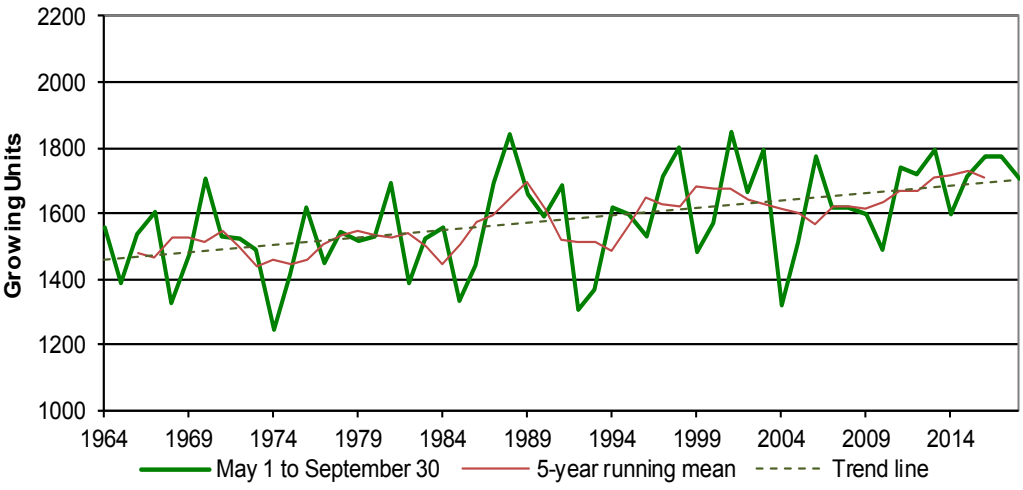
Growing Degree-days Monthly



Growing Degree-days Annual

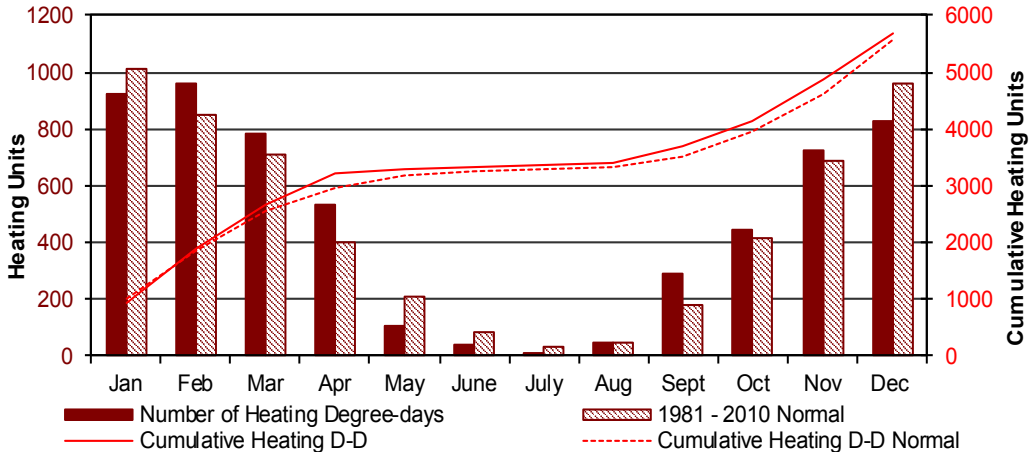


Growing Degree-days May 1 to September 30

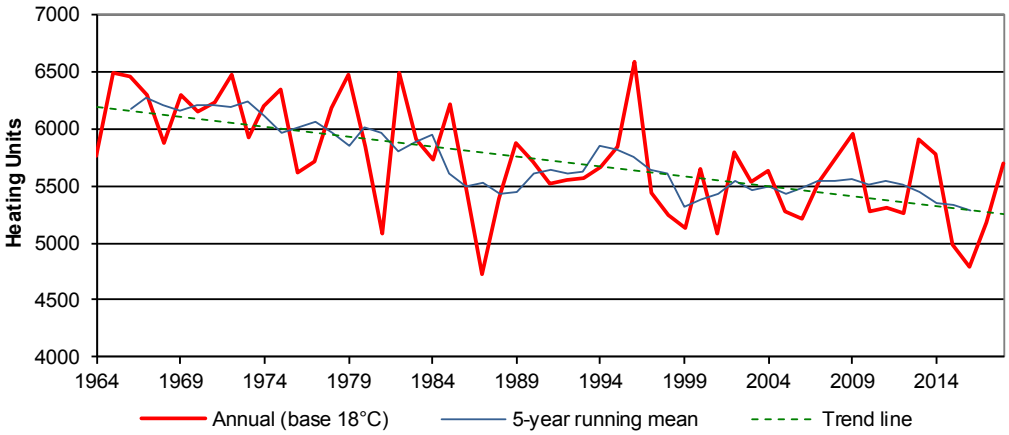


DEGREE-DAYS

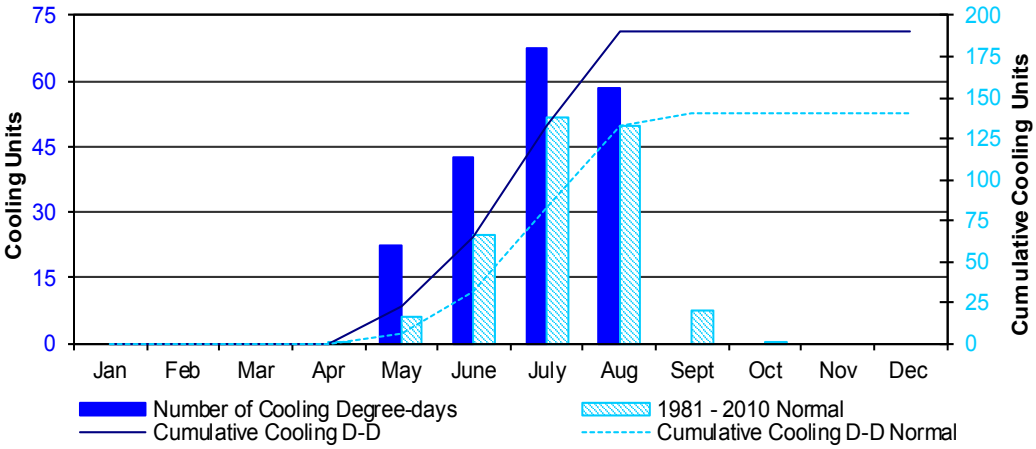
Heating Degree-days Monthly



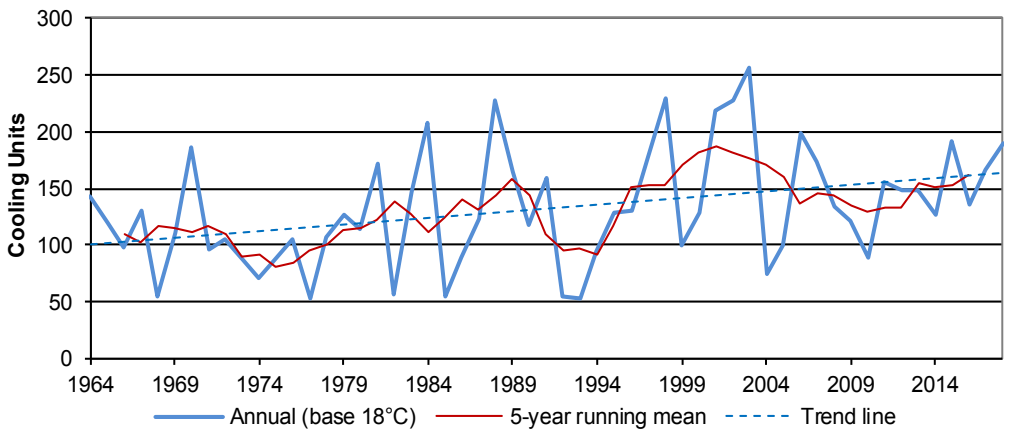
Heating Degree-days Annual



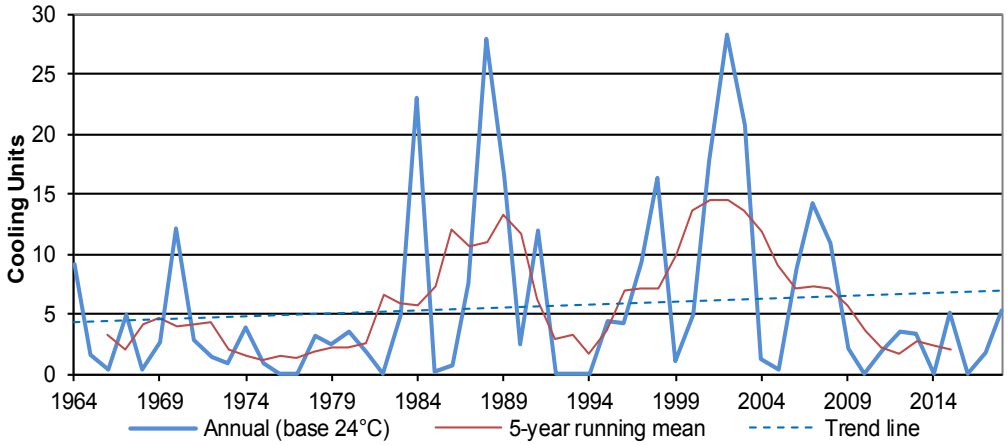
Cooling Degree-days Monthly



Cooling Degree-days Annual



DEGREE-DAYS



Extreme Cooling Degree-days Annual

TEMPERATURE GRID °C

Maximum Temperature °C Daily

2018	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-18.6	-18.3	-6.7	-5.3	17.3	12.0	19.8	27.1	20.0	2.4	3.6	-5.3
2	-6.6	-18.8	-6.8	-5.0	18.6	16.7	22.8	29.4	20.5	5.8	-0.8	-5.0
3	-4.6	-21.8	-5.0	-5.1	20.2	23.1	20.6	28.4	19.4	6.4	2.0	-6.6
4	-9.2	-16.7	-4.8	-4.2	23.2	25.8	19.3	25.5	12.9	6.4	4.5	-7.6
5	-9.3	-16.0	-8.9	-10.0	23.8	21.1	26.0	23.8	21.7	8.9	2.3	-6.9
6	-1.7	-16.0	-5.4	-8.6	27.8	27.1	33.0	30.2	23.4	12.0	-8.4	-7.9
7	1.4	-17.5	-7.0	-6.6	26.5	26.7	31.3	29.9	23.1	11.8	-10.2	-7.0
8	-2.9	-17.5	-6.5	-3.2	18.7	24.6	23.8	29.7	21.1	0.1	-10.1	-6.9
9	-4.5	-15.2	-5.4	-0.9	13.5	30.0	28.4	33.7	20.1	4.9	-6.3	-5.3
10	-17.0	-8.9	0.5	4.8	9.3	26.7	29.9	38.1	15.5	5.7	-6.0	-1.8
11	-21.9	-13.7	3.3	-0.7	12.1	16.8	25.0	28.8	15.7	7.2	-7.3	-0.2
12	-20.3	-14.8	0.7	-2.7	21.9	19.5	27.8	20.8	14.4	5.0	-7.4	0.8
13	-12.5	2.8	2.3	0.0	25.8	25.7	29.4	15.1	10.9	-0.4	3.0	1.4
14	-13.5	0.8	1.1	3.9	24.8	23.6	22.7	27.7	7.0	4.2	3.4	4.6
15	-17.0	-13.7	-4.0	3.3	31.4	23.7	23.0	27.9	10.3	13.8	0.8	6.6
16	-5.8	-6.8	1.2	3.0	26.5	22.1	26.1	25.6	8.8	10.0	-5.5	-4.1
17	6.2	-11.5	0.0	1.5	13.5	25.7	34.2	30.0	9.1	21.2	-5.7	3.4
18	7.0	-12.7	-1.6	9.4	19.4	28.3	29.7	23.2	9.2	19.1	-10.2	3.3
19	3.4	-14.6	-2.2	13.2	22.5	29.3	28.0	23.4	14.9	13.5	-0.7	0.6
20	-0.4	-13.3	2.1	18.6	25.3	30.9	28.8	23.3	14.1	14.8	-0.8	1.3
21	-4.3	-12.1	1.8	18.7	31.0	30.9	26.0	28.0	4.0	14.2	-2.3	3.6
22	-2.6	-7.8	0.9	12.0	27.6	30.7	23.4	30.7	2.0	10.2	4.1	-2.9
23	-4.8	-5.8	-0.4	13.0	30.0	25.7	22.6	22.3	2.4	15.2	1.4	-7.0
24	-5.1	-1.2	3.5	21.1	27.2	26.0	22.7	18.9	10.7	18.8	-6.2	-11.7
25	-4.0	-3.1	1.8	16.7	24.3	30.3	22.0	16.6	13.4	12.9	-6.2	-11.0
26	-11.4	-4.9	3.6	21.1	28.0	25.8	23.3	15.6	16.3	9.8	-5.0	-8.4
27	-13.2	-3.0	-3.4	15.8	25.4	25.7	24.7	13.6	6.9	12.5	-4.5	-10.2
28	-16.4	0.6	-5.1	26.0	31.0	24.4	28.7	18.2	6.8	9.0	-5.0	-5.2
29	-8.8		-7.9	18.8	23.9	25.3	29.9	26.4	5.3	7.0	-3.6	-6.3
30	-0.1		-10.8	11.8	22.1	26.0	33.4	23.2	3.6	6.8	-3.5	-15.0
31	-12.2		-7.1		13.4		23.9	20.7		8.8		-19.0

SRC CRS Saskatoon
12 June 2018
Photo: N. Fisher

TEMPERATURE GRID °C

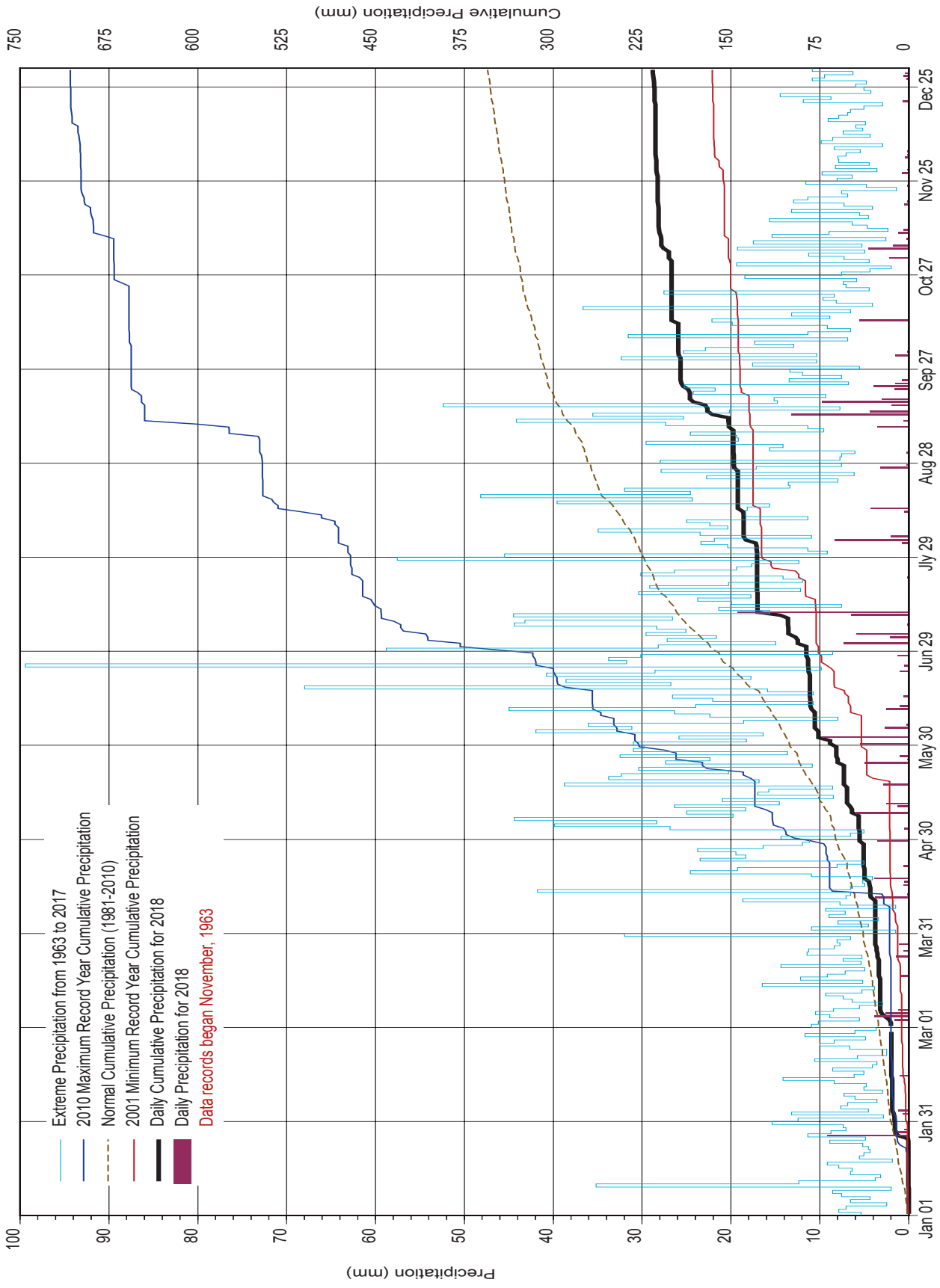
Minimum Temperature °C Daily

2018	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-27.8	-27.4	-17.5	-16.1	-0.2	7.4	11.7	10.9	8.6	-0.6	-1.1	-8.2
2	-18.6	-23.2	-19.4	-19.4	3.5	6.9	10.1	16.7	5.4	-1.0	-2.7	-9.7
3	-15.1	-25.2	-10.9	-15.0	6.9	7.4	10.6	15.2	8.5	-2.6	-1.9	-12.0
4	-12.2	-25.5	-11.5	-14.8	3.9	11.0	12.2	15.9	4.9	-3.0	-0.8	-11.0
5	-12.8	-23.1	-11.4	-16.1	5.0	10.2	9.9	15.5	1.8	-3.5	-8.5	-12.0
6	-12.5	-23.0	-14.7	-19.9	6.4	7.9	15.3	14.0	2.7	-5.4	-12.5	-14.8
7	-6.7	-26.5	-20.8	-18.3	8.9	7.0	16.6	15.1	8.4	-0.7	-14.2	-18.6
8	-7.7	-26.1	-20.5	-13.6	9.4	15.4	12.6	15.0	12.1	-3.3	-14.3	-19.2
9	-17.0	-25.6	-15.4	-9.5	2.2	14.8	11.0	15.8	11.1	-6.3	-18.1	-13.9
10	-25.0	-19.0	-11.5	-9.1	-0.2	14.7	16.4	17.5	4.1	-8.2	-9.6	-16.4
11	-27.1	-25.8	-12.3	-5.1	4.9	8.5	14.7	16.2	7.2	-6.9	-12.7	-9.3
12	-28.8	-30.0	-13.6	-10.5	2.6	8.9	16.2	12.7	6.6	-1.3	-12.7	-4.6
13	-26.3	-16.5	-13.3	-13.7	9.1	8.7	16.4	9.0	6.0	-3.1	-7.4	-9.1
14	-23.8	-19.5	-16.5	-2.7	4.2	10.8	13.7	6.5	2.5	-8.5	-4.8	-8.3
15	-26.2	-26.1	-11.7	-3.8	11.8	11.2	11.2	13.2	5.8	1.5	-5.5	-4.7
16	-19.2	-18.6	-7.6	-1.3	11.3	6.8	9.8	10.5	4.7	-1.5	-18.7	-12.0
17	-10.4	-16.6	-2.4	-1.4	7.5	8.9	13.0	11.2	3.3	1.0	-18.5	-7.3
18	-7.2	-21.4	-7.9	-3.0	2.6	11.4	16.4	11.1	4.3	2.4	-19.3	-7.9
19	-2.6	-26.8	-8.1	0.0	6.3	11.3	14.4	7.0	4.2	-4.7	-20.9	-4.6
20	-8.1	-23.5	-3.7	0.8	6.2	15.4	15.2	7.2	3.9	-5.7	-7.3	-8.1
21	-9.2	-29.0	-9.7	3.3	13.6	14.5	17.6	9.0	-0.2	0.5	-6.8	-3.3
22	-8.7	-22.9	-11.2	4.8	10.8	16.4	13.9	13.5	-0.3	-4.0	-3.2	-8.3
23	-6.8	-19.6	-2.5	1.0	12.2	14.2	12.0	9.6	-0.4	-1.8	-6.3	-16.5
24	-8.3	-13.4	-4.7	1.1	15.0	16.9	10.0	8.1	1.0	-0.4	-9.3	-19.3
25	-11.9	-13.8	-4.1	4.6	14.0	16.5	11.2	8.8	2.7	-1.3	-9.4	-19.9
26	-13.7	-13.7	-6.2	1.5	11.1	13.9	9.2	8.1	3.6	-1.3	-8.4	-13.2
27	-24.8	-13.3	-11.2	-0.4	9.4	9.7	12.6	8.1	-2.5	-1.4	-7.4	-21.9
28	-25.3	-12.9	-15.2	2.6	10.7	10.7	14.0	8.4	-2.8	-1.9	-8.2	-23.1
29	-25.1		-18.4	4.2	13.0	9.5	12.6	8.3	-2.2	2.6	-6.2	-15.6
30	-12.3		-20.8	1.9	7.6	10.9	15.6	11.9	-5.1	1.5	-6.7	-22.7
31	-24.7		-18.5		9.5		14.1	10.4		0.4		-25.7

Average Temperature °C Daily

2018	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-23.2	-22.9	-12.1	-10.7	8.6	9.7	15.8	19.0	14.3	0.9	1.3	-6.8
2	-12.6	-21.0	-13.1	-12.2	11.1	11.8	16.5	23.1	13.0	2.4	-1.8	-7.4
3	-9.9	-23.5	-8.0	-10.1	13.6	15.3	15.6	21.8	14.0	1.9	0.1	-9.3
4	-10.7	-21.1	-8.2	-9.5	13.6	18.4	15.8	20.7	8.9	1.7	1.9	-9.3
5	-11.1	-19.6	-10.2	-13.1	14.4	15.7	18.0	19.7	11.8	2.7	-3.1	-9.5
6	-7.1	-19.5	-10.1	-14.3	17.1	17.5	24.2	22.1	13.1	3.3	-10.5	-11.4
7	-2.7	-22.0	-13.9	-12.5	17.7	16.9	24.0	22.5	15.8	5.6	-12.2	-12.8
8	-5.3	-21.8	-13.5	-8.4	14.1	20.0	18.2	22.4	16.6	-1.6	-12.2	-13.1
9	-10.8	-20.4	-10.4	-5.2	7.9	22.4	19.7	24.8	15.6	-0.7	-12.2	-9.6
10	-21.0	-14.0	-5.5	-2.2	4.6	20.7	23.2	27.8	9.8	-1.3	-7.8	-9.1
11	-24.5	-19.8	-4.5	-2.9	8.5	12.7	19.9	22.5	11.5	0.2	-10.0	-4.8
12	-24.6	-22.4	-6.5	-6.6	12.3	14.2	22.0	16.8	10.5	1.9	-10.1	-1.9
13	-19.4	-6.9	-5.5	-6.9	17.5	17.2	22.9	12.1	8.5	-1.8	-2.2	-3.9
14	-18.7	-9.4	-7.7	0.6	14.5	17.2	18.2	17.1	4.8	-2.2	-0.7	-1.9
15	-21.6	-19.9	-7.9	-0.3	21.6	17.5	17.1	20.6	8.1	7.7	-2.4	1.0
16	-12.5	-12.7	-3.2	0.9	18.9	14.5	18.0	18.1	6.8	4.3	-12.1	-8.1
17	-2.1	-14.1	-1.2	0.1	10.5	17.3	23.6	20.6	6.2	11.1	-12.1	-2.0
18	-0.1	-17.1	-4.8	3.2	11.0	19.9	23.1	17.2	6.8	10.8	-14.8	-2.3
19	0.4	-20.7	-5.2	6.6	14.4	20.3	21.2	15.2	9.6	4.4	-10.8	-2.0
20	-4.3	-18.4	-0.8	9.7	15.8	23.2	22.0	15.3	9.0	4.6	-4.1	-3.4
21	-6.8	-20.6	-4.0	11.0	22.3	22.7	21.8	18.5	1.9	7.4	-4.6	0.2
22	-5.7	-15.4	-5.2	8.4	19.2	23.6	18.7	22.1	0.9	3.1	0.5	-5.6
23	-5.8	-12.7	-1.5	7.0	21.1	20.0	17.3	16.0	1.0	6.7	-2.5	-11.8
24	-6.7	-7.3	-0.6	11.1	21.1	21.5	16.4	13.5	5.9	9.2	-7.8	-15.5
25	-8.0	-8.5	-1.2	10.7	19.2	23.4	16.6	12.7	8.1	5.8	-7.8	-15.5
26	-12.6	-9.3	-1.3	11.3	19.6	19.9	16.3	11.9	10.0	4.3	-6.7	-10.8
27	-19.0	-8.2	-7.3	7.7	17.4	17.7	18.7	10.9	2.2	5.6	-6.0	-16.1
28	-20.9	-6.2	-10.2	14.3	20.9	17.6	21.4	13.3	2.0	3.6	-6.6	-14.2
29	-17.0		-13.2	11.5	18.5	17.4	21.3	17.4	1.6	4.8	-4.9	-11.0
30	-6.2		-15.8	6.9	14.9	18.5	24.5	17.6	-0.8	4.2	-5.1	-18.9
31	-18.5		-12.8		11.5		19.0	15.6		4.6		-22.4

DAILY PRECIPITATION



PRECIPITATION

2018 PRECIPITATION RECORDS					
TYPE	DATE		NEW RECORD	OLD Record	YEAR
	Month	Day			
Greatest Daily Precipitation (mm)	July	11	19.3	15.7	1985

Smoke in Saskatoon
15 August 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

2018 EXTREME PRECIPITATION EVENTS		
PERIOD	DATE (time)	AMOUNT (mm)
0.5 hour*	July 11 (01:00-01:30)	8.2
	July 11 (01:30-02:00)	6.0
1 hour*	July 11 (01:00-02:00	14.2
	July 11 (00:30-01:30)	8.4
2 hours*	July 11 (00:30-02:30)	15.4
	Sept 12 (18:00-20:00)	7.4
6 hours*	July 10-11 (21:00-02:30)	15.8
	Sept 12 (18:00-00:00)	12.0
12 hours*	July 10-11 (14:30-02:30)	22.0
	September 12-13 (13:00-01:00)	15.8
24 hours*	July 10 - 11 (14:30-14:30)	25.4
	September 12-13 (01:30--1:30)	16.8
Greatest amount over more than one day	July 10-11	25.8
	September 12-13	17.6
Longest wet spells	November 7-11	5 days (2.3 mm)
	January 25-28	4 days (11.0 mm)
	March 3-6	4 days (9.3mm)
	May 23-26	4 days (6.4 mm)
	September 20-23	4 days (7.9 mm)
	December 28-31	4 days (1.4 mm)
Longest dry spell	October 13-31	19 days
Next longest dry spell	December 6 - 20	15 days

**recorded by the tipping bucket gauge*

RANKING BY DRIEST MONTH			
% OF NORMAL PRECIPITATION		PRECIPITATION AMOUNT (mm)	
DEC	25.2	FEB	2.9
JUN	29.6	DEC	3.2
FEB	31.2	OCT	7.4
OCT	38.5	JAN	12.0
AUG	42.6	NOV	12.9
APR	58.1	APR	13.3
MAY	63.5	MAR	13.5
JLY	71.0	JUN	19.7
JAN	77.4	AUG	19.8
NOV	96.3	MAY	25.0
MAR	97.8	JLY	41.9
SEP	120.8	SEP	44.7

PRECIPITATION

RANKING BY					
Total Number of Dry Days*		Maximum Length of Dry Spell*		Maximum Length of Wet Spell*	
2001	282	1976	48	2003	21
1964	280	1993	40	1968	14
1984	278	2000	40	1969	14
1988	275	1965	37	1997	12
1965	271	1980	36	2013	11
1966	267	1997	36	2014	11
1986	267	2002	35	1977	10
1997	267	1964	31	1980	10
1981	266	1984	30	1989	10
1987	266	2009	30	2004	10
1967	265	2010	29	2008	10
1994	264	2017	29	1983	9
1968	260	1966	28	1986	9
1990	260	1974	28	2010	9
2015	259	2012	28	1965	8
1998	259	1968	27	1972	8
1985	258	2004	25	1974	8
1993	258	2013	25	2005	8
1995	258	1972	23	2009	8
1999	258	1973	23	2011	8
2002	258	1996	23	2016	8
1996	256	1977	22	1973	7
2003	255	1987	22	1976	7
2018	255	1978	21	1982	7
1976	251	1982	21	1992	7
1992	250	2001	21	1993	7
2000	248	2015	21	2000	7
2009	246	1969	20	2002	7
2008	245	1986	20	2012	7
1980	244	1999	20	1964	6
2012	244	2011	20	1966	6
2014	244	1967	19	1970	6
1971	243	1981	19	1975	6
2013	243	1988	19	1978	6
2017	242	2008	19	1979	6
1989	241	2018	19	1981	6
1970	240	1994	18	1988	6
1979	239	1995	18	1991	6
2011	239	2003	18	1994	6
1972	238	1975	17	1996	6
1977	238	1979	17	2006	6
2007	237	1985	17	2007	6
1975	235	1998	17	1971	5
1991	234	2014	17	1985	5
1983	233	2005	17	1987	5
2010	233	1983	16	1990	5
2005	231	1990	16	1995	5
1974	229	1991	16	1998	5
1982	229	1992	16	1999	5
2006	227	1971	15	2015	5
1978	224	2007	15	2017	5
2016	222	1989	14	2018	5
1969	218	1970	13	1967	4
2004	208	2006	13	1984	4
1973	200	2016	12	2001	4

**For this report, a dry day is defined as a day on which precipitation is not recorded; a dry spell is 2+ consecutive days of no precipitation; a wet spell is 2+ consecutive days of precipitation.*

Tipping Bucket rain gauge
6 June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

All - season Precipitation Weighing Gauge
06 June 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

PRECIPITATION RANKINGS

RANKING BY WETTEST YEAR (mm)

ANNUAL (JAN-DEC)		WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2010	707.4	1969	98.1	2010	216.1	2010	316.4	2006	203.4
1991	546.9	1972	92.2	2012	184.3	2005	269.4	1969	151.8
2006	517.5	1974	92.2	1977	164.1	2012	266.0	2010	151.1
2012	501.1	2007	74.7	2014	162.4	2004	260.0	1984	137.0
2005	486.8	1980	73.0	1974	148.0	1991	251.6	1978	111.4
1983	471.6	1976	69.5	1991	147.3	1971	248.8	2005	109.4
1974	462.7	1965	69.3	1985	134.3	2007	231.0	1991	105.4
2014	452.7	1975	67.3	1983	125.2	1968	225.9	2015	99.2
1968	443.1	1973	63.2	1975	119.6	1966	222.0	1983	96.2
1982	436.2	1978	63.0	1982	110.8	1970	216.5	1973	88.2
1969	427.4	1979	61.3	1994	109.4	1983	215.8	1986	87.2
1971	414.6	1971	60.4	2006	101.8	2009	212.8	1982	81.5
2007	413.9	1989	57.9	1989	101.7	1982	208.4	1964	77.4
1986	411.3	1986	57.2	1968	97.6	2002	206.8	2016	77.4
2004	404.5	1990	55.6	1997	88.2	1965	206.6	1967	76.8
1973	393.3	1992	55.0	1979	87.3	2014	206.2	1996	74.4
1975	392.3	1966	54.7	1990	87.2	1974	205.5	1993	73.1
1970	388.8	1968	53.8	1986	82.5	1986	196.2	2002	72.8
1989	384.8	1970	52.7	2017	79.9	1999	194.2	1968	71.3
1966	376.9	1985	52.3	1967	78.0	2008	191.2	1998	70.0
1977	370.5	1981	52.2	1987	73.6	2016	188.9	1980	66.6
2016	363.6	1996	51.0	1973	73.1	2011	186.6	1992	65.9
1965	358.8	1997	48.0	1978	72.8	2013	185.3	2011	65.7
1978	358.1	1964	47.9	1972	71.6	2006	183.8	1977	65.4
1967	354.3	2005	45.4	1976	69.1	2000	183.8	2018	65.0
1979	352.0	1994	45.1	1969	68.5	1976	169.4	2014	64.9
1994	341.4	1977	43.1	1964	65.8	1994	165.6	1989	64.5
2015	340.7	1983	41.1	1970	65.7	1995	164.4	2008	64.4
1996	340.6	2013	41.1	1995	65.4	2015	156.4	2017	62.2
1976	331.8	1991	40.3	2007	64.7	1973	156.1	1997	61.6
1985	330.6	2009	38.8	1993	62.2	1996	154.4	1981	61.4
1995	327.7	1967	37.9	2005	62.1	1993	151.0	2009	56.5
2011	320.6	1982	37.0	2003	61.8	1989	149.9	1970	56.4
2002	320.0	1988	35.9	1966	61.2	1988	148.9	1985	55.2
2009	319.3	2014	34.9	1971	61.1	1975	144.5	1979	53.4
2013	318.4	2011	32.3	2000	59.2	1990	144.5	1995	52.6
1972	317.9	2016	32.1	2016	59.0	1978	142.5	2003	51.2
2000	315.4	2006	32.0	1996	58.8	1967	139.9	1965	50.9
2008	313.8	2000	31.7	1984	57.2	1979	135.9	1966	50.2
1990	309.8	1995	31.3	1999	56.5	1998	133.4	2004	50.0
1980	305.9	1999	31.3	1988	55.6	1972	133.3	1975	48.8
1993	300.0	1987	30.6	1992	55.5	2003	126.2	2007	45.3
1999	297.7	2004	29.3	2004	55.4	1981	124.9	1974	40.0
1984	293.1	2003	29.2	1981	54.3	1980	120.3	1988	38.1
1997	291.4	2015	29.1	2015	54.2	1997	116.4	1971	34.2
1992	288.1	2017	28.4	2018	51.8	1992	115.6	1990	33.9
1988	285.7	2001	23.1	2013	51.0	1969	105.5	1972	32.3
1964	282.7	2010	22.5	1965	43.2	2017	92.7	2013	31.6
1981	279.8	1998	22.4	1980	42.2	1987	92.6	2000	31.2
1998	263.3	1993	22.0	2011	41.3	1985	91.8	2012	29.1
2003	257.7	2008	21.6	2001	34.0	2001	91.2	2001	28.5
2017	257.1	1984	19.2	1998	29.8	1977	81.9	1987	27.4
1987	232.4	2018	19.0	2008	29.8	2018	81.4	1976	21.8
2018	216.3	2012	13.5	2002	20.3	1964	73.9	1994	21.0
2001	165.8	2002	12.1	2009	19.0	1984	70.2	1999	17.2

ANNUAL RANKING BY DAYS WITH PRECIPITATION

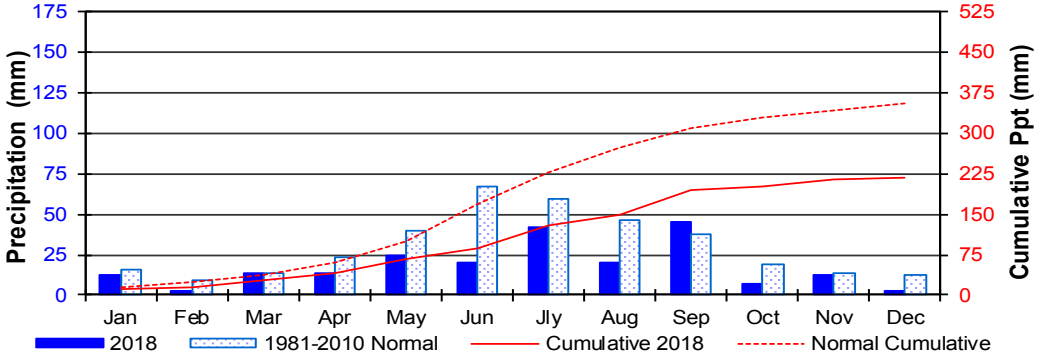
ANNUAL (JAN-DEC)		WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2004	158	1969	61	2004	44	2010	45	2006	38
1969	147	1974	57	2012	39	1978	43	1978	36
2016	143	1972	48	1979	37	2012	43	2007	36
1978	139	1979	48	1974	36	1982	42	2004	34
2006	139	2009	43	1983	36	1991	42	1992	33
1974	136	1976	41	2005	36	2004	42	1969	32
1982	136	1983	41	2006	36	2014	41	1970	32
2005	135	2017	41	1975	35	1994	41	1983	32
1983	132	1970	40	2017	35	2005	40	2016	32
2010	132	1971	40	1982	34	2016	40	1989	31
1991	131	1978	40	1997	32	1976	39	2018	31
1975	130	2011	40	2000	32	1973	38	2014	30
1977	129	2016	39	1977	31	1974	38	1977	30
1972	128	2005	37	1993	31	1981	38	1991	30
2007	128	2014	36	1999	31	1986	37	2010	30
1973	127	1973	36	1969	30	1972	36	1984	29
2011	127	1980	36	1989	30	1989	36	2002	29
1970	126	1981	36	1995	30	2002	36	1985	28
1979	126	2006	36	2003	30	2008	36	1967	27
1989	124	1982	34	2007	30	2009	36	2008	27
1980	123	1975	33	2011	30	1966	35	2017	27
2013	123	1991	33	2013	29	1975	35	1973	25
1971	122	2003	33	2014	28	1980	35	1975	25
2017	122	1977	31	2010	28	1987	35	2003	25
2014	121	1992	30	2018	28	1993	35	1965	24
2008	121	1997	30	1987	27	2000	35	1981	24
2012	120	2000	30	1990	27	2006	35	1996	24
2009	119	2007	30	1991	27	2013	35	1998	24
2000	118	2015	30	2016	27	1996	34	2001	24
1992	116	2004	29	1970	26	1997	34	2011	24
1976	115	2010	29	1971	26	1999	34	2015	24
1981	113	1965	27	1973	26	1968	33	1971	23
2018	112	1989	27	1985	25	1977	33	1980	23
1996	110	1990	27	2008	25	1992	33	1986	23
2003	110	1998	27	1984	24	1988	32	2009	23
1985	107	1966	26	1996	24	1990	32	1968	22
1995	107	1967	26	2009	24	1995	32	1972	22
1999	107	1986	26	1972	23	1971	31	1993	22
2002	107	2008	26	1976	23	1983	31	2005	22
1968	106	1968	25	1978	22	2007	31	2012	22
1993	106	1999	25	1980	22	1965	29	1979	21
1998	106	1964	24	1986	22	2018	29	1995	20
1990	105	1993	24	1998	22	1964	28	2013	20
2015	104	1996	24	2002	22	1970	28	1982	19
1987	102	2013	24	2015	22	1979	28	1988	19
1994	101	1988	23	1967	21	1998	28	2000	19
1967	100	1994	23	1981	21	1969	27	1964	18
1966	98	2001	23	1992	20	2015	27	1990	18
1986	98	1985	22	1994	20	2003	26	1966	17
1997	98	1995	21	2001	20	1967	25	1994	15
1965	94	2018	21	1968	19	1985	25	1987	14
1988	91	1987	19	1988	19	2011	25	1997	14
1984	88	2012	19	1966	18	2017	24	1974	13
1964	86	1984	18	1965	16	2001	23	1999	13
2001	84	2002	16	1964	14	1984	18	1976	9

PRECIPITATION

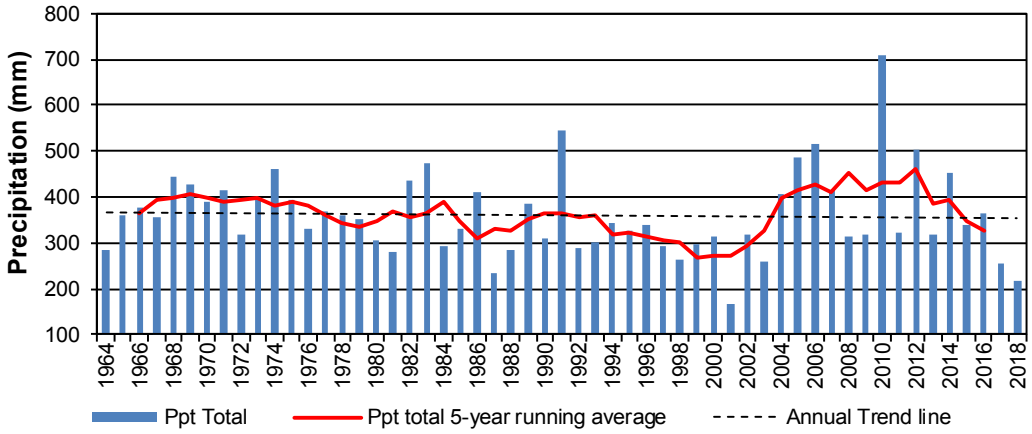
MONTH	MONTHLY PRECIPITATION (mm)				EXTREME VALUES (mm)		
	2018	NORMAL	CUMULATIVE 2018	% OF CUMULATIVE NORMAL	CRS Maximum	CRS Minimum	SASKATOON AREA Maximum
January	12.0	15.5	12.0	77.4	48.6/1969	2.6/2001	66.1/1911[SE]
February	2.9	9.3	14.9	60.1	40.2/1979	1.9/2012	43.7/1924[SE]
March	13.5	13.8	28.4	73.6	57.1/1967	0.8/2010	59.0/1927[SE]
April	13.3	22.9	41.7	67.8	83.5/2014	2.4/1988, 89, 2007	86.1/1955[US]
May	25.0	39.4	66.7	66.1	145.3/1977	0.2/2002	178.0/1977[SWT]
June	19.7	66.6	86.4	51.6	171.0/2005	13.0/1985	186.8/1942[S]
July	41.9	59.0	128.3	56.6	125.9/1971	13.0/1984	162.9/1928[SE]
August	19.8	46.5	148.1	54.2	105.2/2007	7.0/2001	178.9/1954[NRC]
September	44.7	37.0	192.8	62.2	128.4/2006	0.8/1995	128.4/2006[SRC]
October	7.4	19.2	200.2	60.8	69.8/1969	0.0/2000	69.8/1969[SRC]
November	12.9	13.4	213.1	62.2	48.2/1973	0.4/2009	57.3/1940[SE]
December	3.2	12.7	216.3	60.9	43.0/1977	1.2/1997	59.2/1956[SA]
Total	216.3	355.2			707.4/2010	165.8/2001	707.4/2010[SRC]

SM	Saskatoon stations circa (NWMP et al)	1889-1901
SE	Saskatoon Eby	1901-42
US	University of Saskatchewan	1915-64
S	Saskatoon	1941-42
SA	S'toon Diefenbaker Int'l Airport	1942-2008
NRC	National Research Council	1952-66
SRC	Sask. Research Council	1963-
SWT	S'toon Water Treatment Plant	1974-2006
SC	Saskatoon Central Ave	1974-89
S2	Saskatoon 2	1977-90
K	Saskatoon Kernen Farm	1993-2004
KCS	Saskatoon Kernen Farm CS	1996-2008
RCS	Enivonment Canada	2008-

Monthly



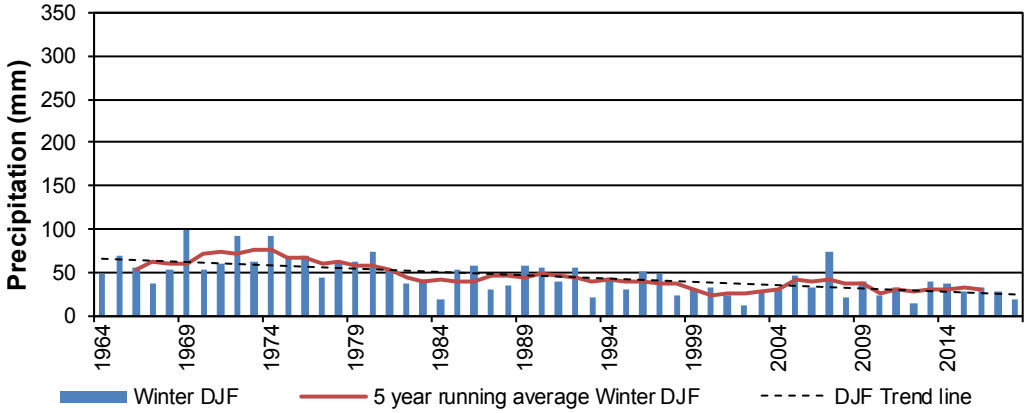
Annual



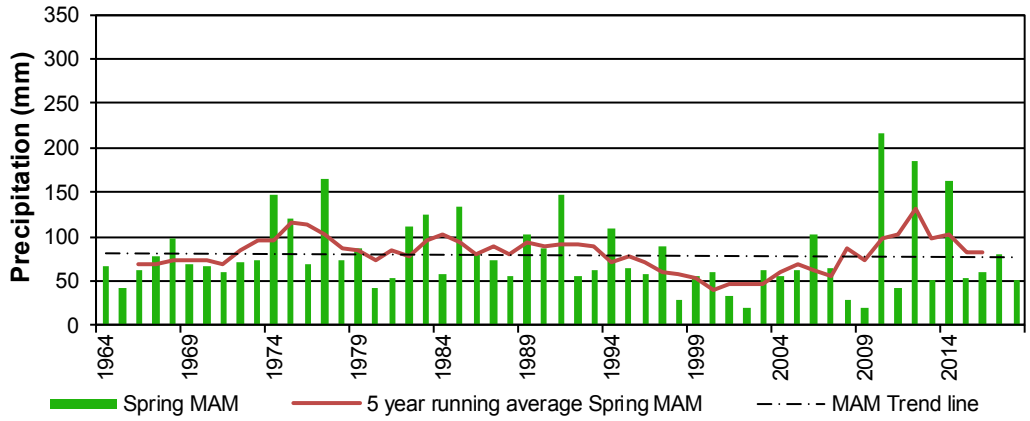
Snow depth sensor
Left photo (Jan 19, 2018);
Right photo (Mar 28, 2018)
Photo: V. Wittrock

SEASONAL PRECIPITATION for 1964 to 2018

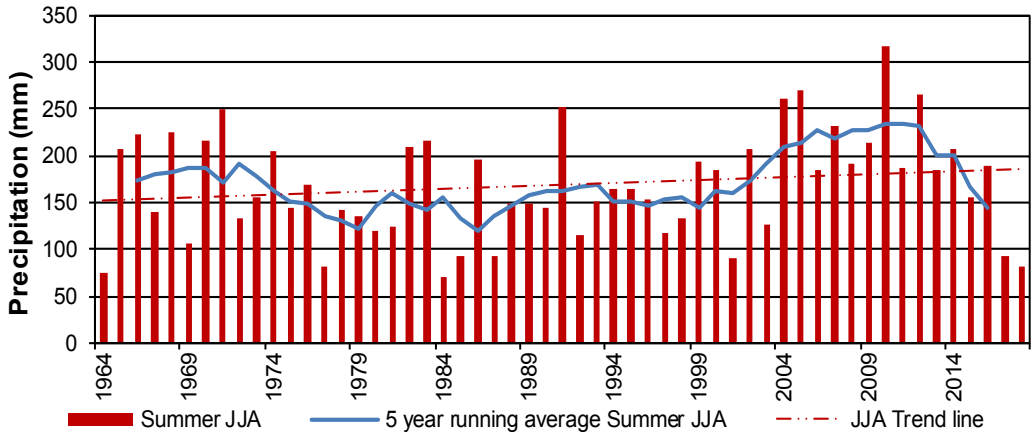
Winter



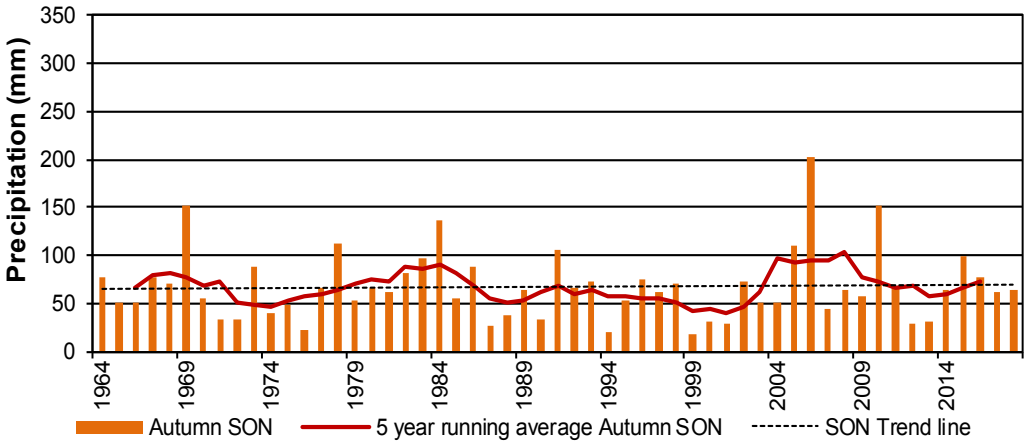
Spring



Summer



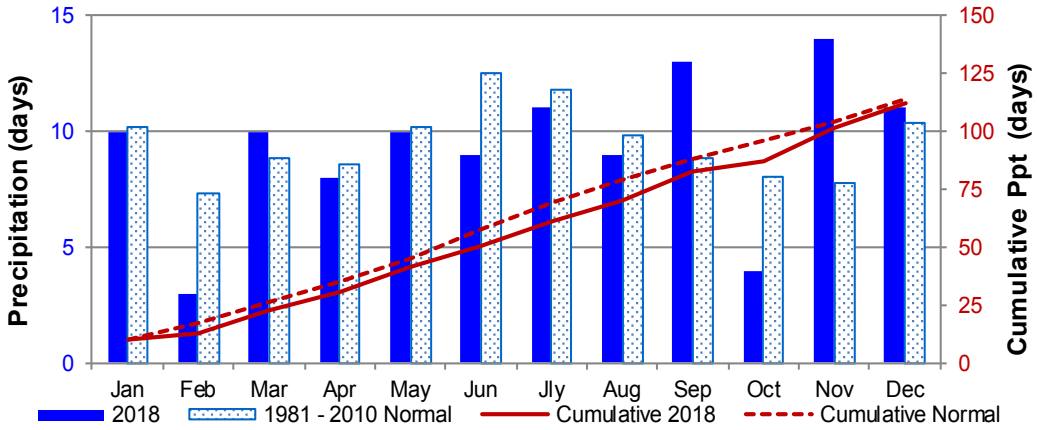
Autumn



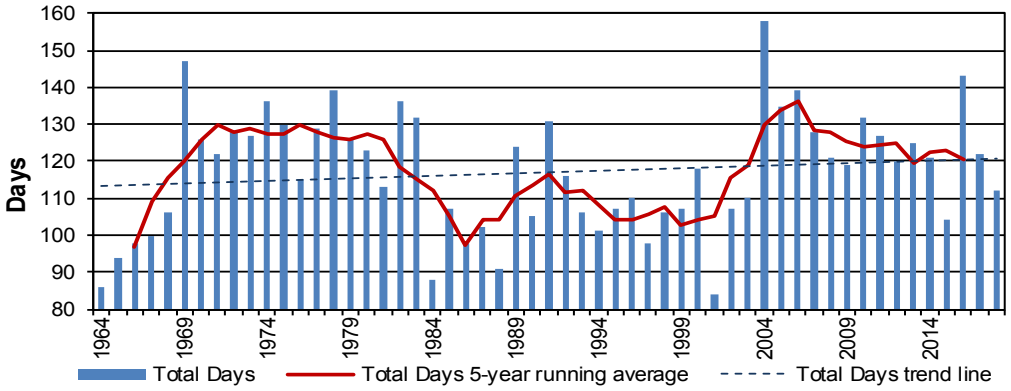
PRECIPITATION

MONTH	NUMBER OF DAYS WITH MEASURABLE PRECIPITATION					EXTREME VALUES	
	2018	CUMULATIVE 2018	Normal	CUMULATIVE NORMAL	% OF CUMULATIVE NORMAL	CRS Maximum	CRS Minimum
January	10	10	10.2	10.2	98.0	25/1974	3/2001
February	3	13	7.3	17.5	74.3	20/1969	2/1984
March	10	23	8.8	26.3	87.5	19/2004	2/1990,92,94 2007, 2010
April	8	31	8.6	34.9	88.8	17/2003	2/1964
May	10	41	10.2	45.1	90.9	19/1989	1/2002
June	9	50	12.5	57.6	86.8	21/1991	7/1964&1968
July	11	61	11.8	69.4	87.9	19/1986	4/1984
August	9	70	9.8	79.2	88.4	18/2002	2/2001
September	13	83	8.8	88	94.3	19/1977	2/1995, 2012, 13, 17
October	4	87	8.0	96	90.6	16/2004	0/2000
November	14	101	7.8	103.8	97.3	18/1970	1/1986,74,76, 90, 2009
December	11	112	10.4	114.2	98.1	21/2013	2/1997
Total	112		114.2			158/2004	84/2001

Monthly Days



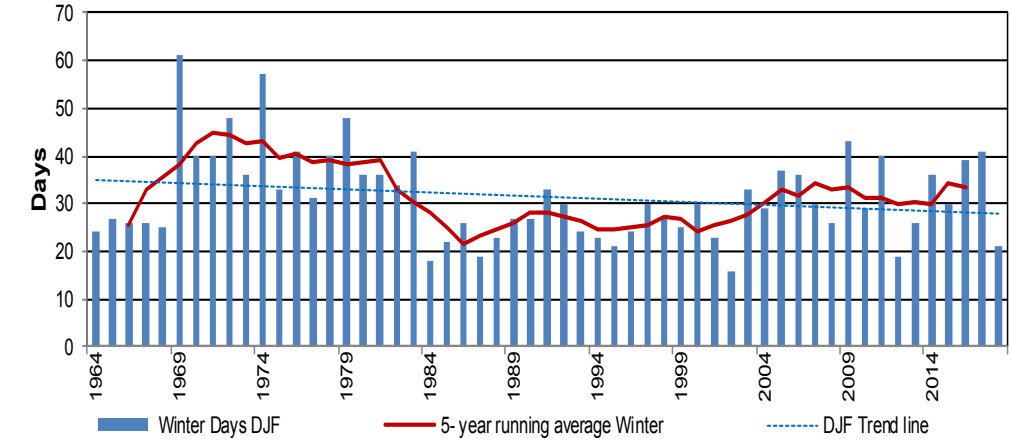
Annual Days



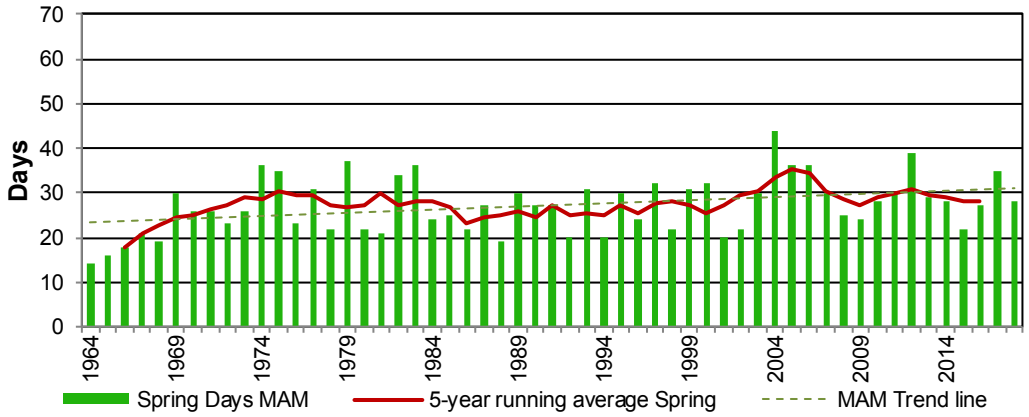
Two very different storms (left photo: severe thunderstorm north of Saskatoon July 16 2018; right photo: Rime frost at climate station 30 Nov 2018)
Photo: V. Wittrock

SEASONAL PRECIPITATION DAYS for 1964 to 2018

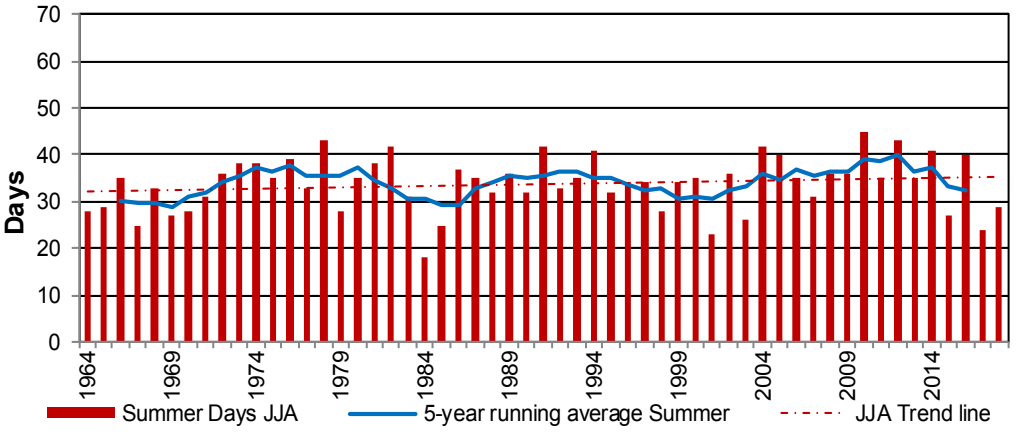
Winter Days



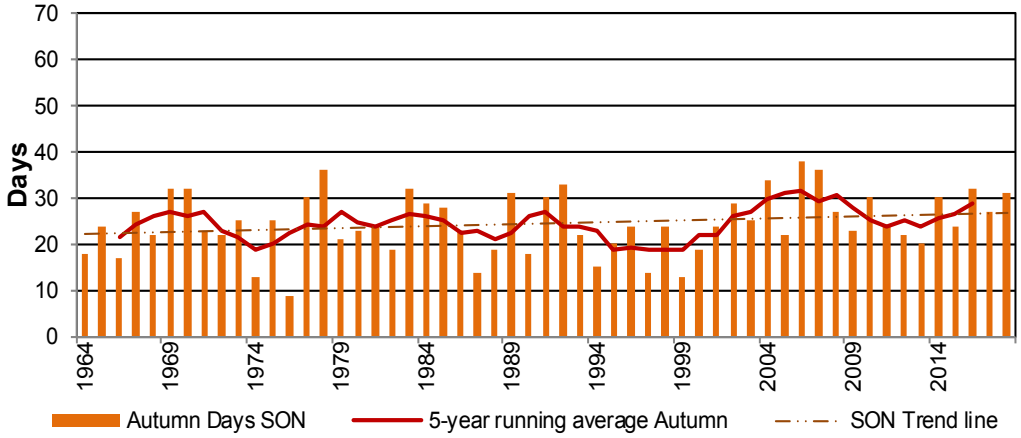
Spring Days



Summer Days



Autumn Days

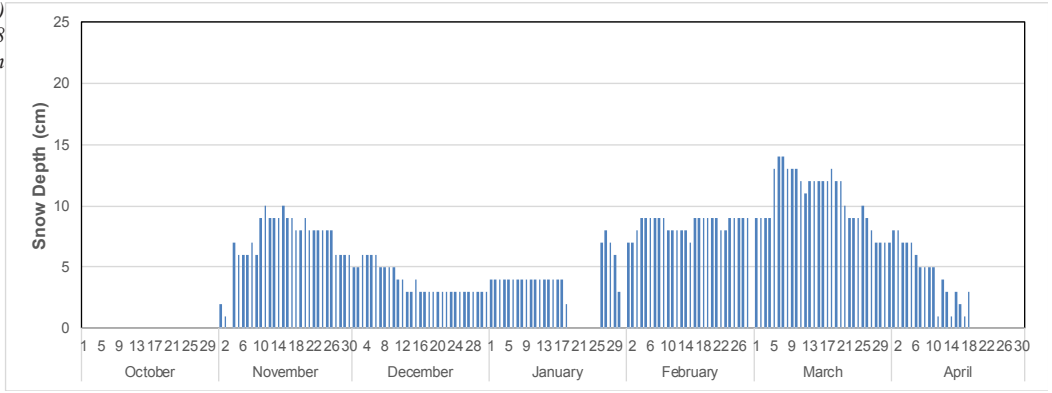


PRECIPITATION GRID (mm)

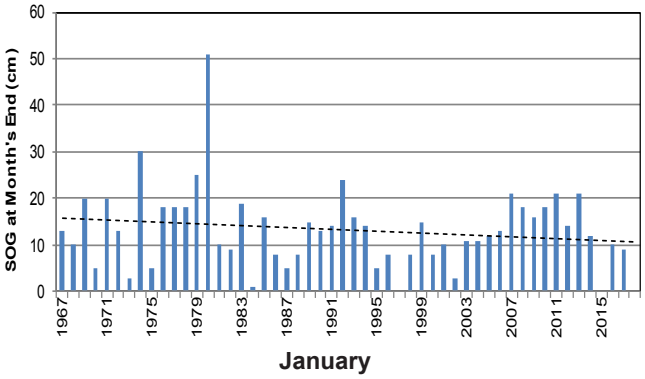
Precipitation Daily

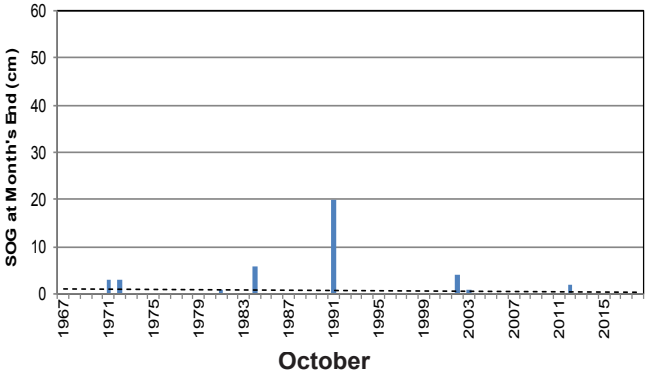
2018	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	9.8	7.3	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.2	0.0
2	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	1.2	1.6	0.0	0.5	0.0	2.1	8.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
4	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.0	0.0	2.7	5.9	2.0	0.1	0.0	4.6	0.2
5	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.2
6	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.1	0.1	0.0
9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0
10	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	2.5	6.5	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0
11	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	2.5	1.0	19.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
12	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	13.2	5.6	0.0	0.0
13	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	4.3	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0.0	0.0	0.9	3.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.7
22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.1
23	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
25	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
26	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
27	1.2	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
28	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.3
29	0.0	0.0	0.1	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6
30	0.3		0.0	0.0	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
31	0.1		0.0		0.0		0.1	0.3		0.0		0.1

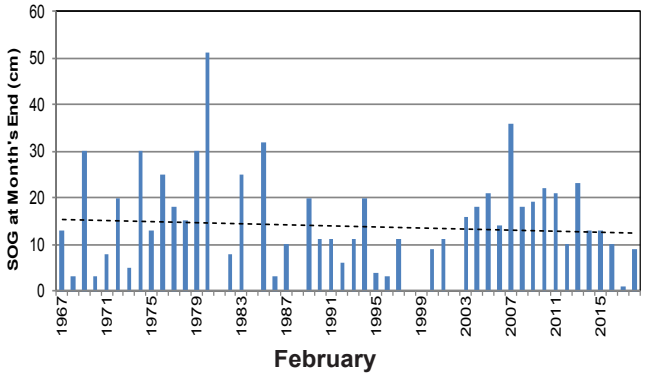
Snow-on-the-Ground (cm)
October 2017 to April 2018
Daily, 9am

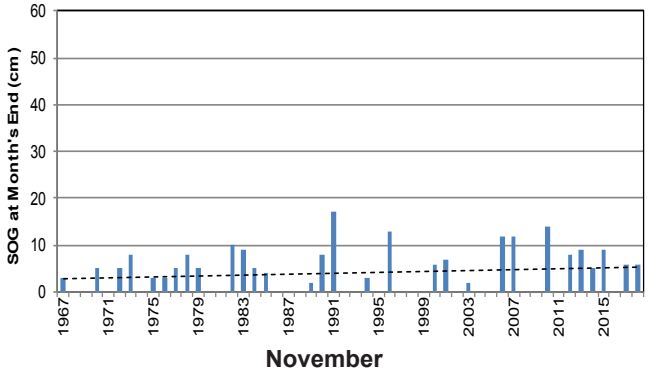


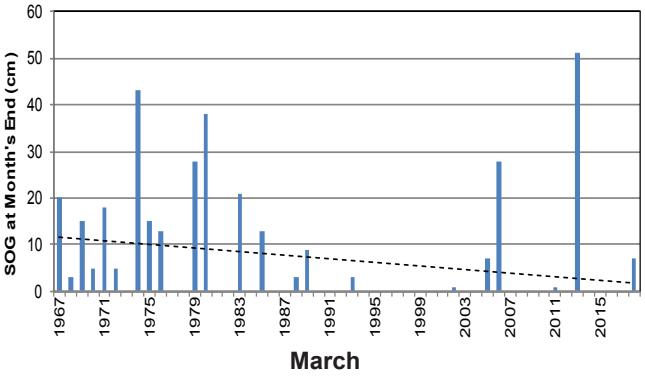
SNOW-ON-THE-GROUND (SOG) ON LAST DAY OF MONTH

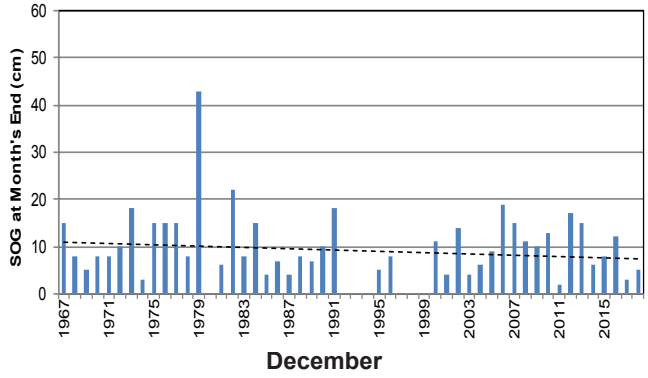


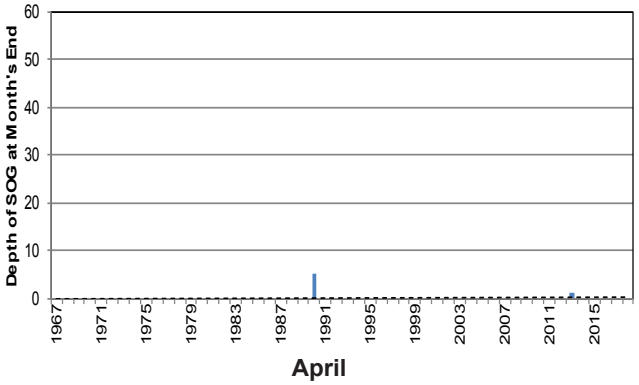












Automated Snow Depth Sensor 4 April 2018
Photo: V. Wittrock

RADIATION

Sunrise/Sunset Tables for Saskatoon, 2018 & 2019[1]

2018	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
DATE	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET
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2019	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
DATE	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET
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31	8:48	17:52			6:44	19:39			4:53	21:16			5:26	20:59	6:16	19:56			8:00	17:40			9:15	17:04

[1]National Research Council, Canada, Hertzberg Institute of Astrophysics

Sunrise/set corresponds to the upper limb of the sun appearing at the horizon

Global Radiation Pyranomenter (left with Rime Frost; Right Rime frost cleared off 30 Nov 2018 Photo:V. Wittrock

RADIATION

MONTH	BRIGHT SUNSHINE (HOURS)							BRIGHT SUNSHINE DAYS				
	2018	NORMAL	% OF NORMAL	POSSIBLE SUNSHINE*	% OF POSSIBLE	2018 CUMULATIVE (HOURS)	NORMAL CUMULATIVE (HOURS)	2018 NUMBER OF DAYS	NORMAL NUMBER OF DAYS	2018 CUMULATIVE (DAYS)	NORMAL CUMULATIVE (DAYS)	2018 WITH MORE THAN 1 HOUR
JAN	133.2	101.0	131.9	259.0	51.4	133.2	101.0	25	23.4	25	23.4	25
FEB	190.8	132.6	143.9	278.6	68.4	324.0	233.6	27	23.9	52	47.3	27
MAR	219.2	182.0	120.4	369.0	59.3	543.2	415.6	25	27.4	77	74.7	25
APR	312.5	227.2	137.5	418.1	74.7	855.7	642.8	29	27.6	106	102.3	29
MAY	311.9	256.9	121.4	487.3	63.9	1167.6	899.7	29	29.3	135	131.6	29
JUNE	316.9	258.2	122.7	500.1	63.4	1484.5	1157.9	29	28.0	164	159.6	29
JULY	340.4	298.8	113.9	502.0	67.8	1824.9	1456.7	31	30.3	195	189.9	31
AUG	243.7	271.3	89.8	452.9	53.9	2068.6	1728.0	30	29.9	225	219.8	30
SEP	146.0	197.4	74.0	379.5	38.5	2214.6	1925.4	25	27.3	250	247.1	25
OCT	207.0	156.1	132.6	329.6	62.9	2421.6	2081.5	27	26.7	277	273.8	27
NOV	54.7	97.0	56.4	264.3	20.7	2476.3	2178.5	15	22.5	292	296.3	15
DEC	89.1	85.7	104.0	242.4	36.8	2565.4	2264.2	24	22.6	316	318.9	24
TOTAL	2565.4	2264.0	113.3	4482.9	57.2			316	318.9			316

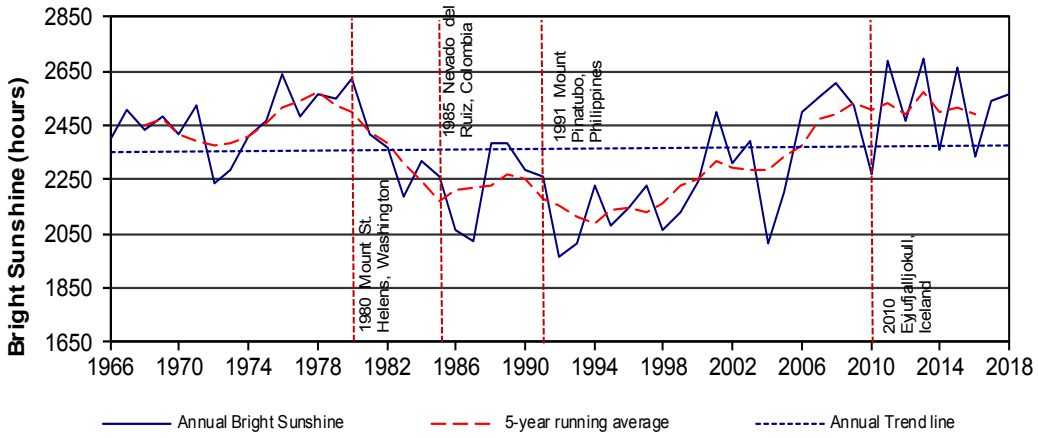
** National Research Council, Canada, Hertzberg Institue of Astrophysics*

Global and Diffuse Radiation (MJ/m²)

DATE	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse
1	6.7	0.9	4.8	3.3	11.7	2.4	19.9	2.8	24.0	3.3	3.3	2.5	11.3	5.7	19.3	5.9	9.4	4.6	2.9	2.3	1.1	0.9	1.5	1.3
2	2.6	1.6	6.1	3.0	13.3	3.3	19.2	5.1	22.5	4.1	15.0	8.1	27.8	4.3	23.9	4.8	16.3	5.4	6.6	4.0	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.4
3	3.6	0.9	6.2	2.1	3.5	2.9	21.0	3.0	20.4	5.8	28.9	3.2	17.0	7.8	24.2	4.7	7.6	4.6	11.1	3.2	5.2	2.4	1.3	1.1
4	1.7	1.4	7.8	1.5	3.9	3.2	20.9	3.5	19.5	7.6	17.5	7.9	12.0	5.3	12.1	5.6	17.3	3.3	7.0	5.0	1.6	1.4	2.4	1.7
5	4.3	1.0	5.9	3.1	8.5	6.4	16.5	7.5	21.2	7.4	25.7	5.6	27.7	3.5	19.0	5.5	19.6	2.1	13.2	1.6	1.9	1.6	2.1	1.8
6	3.7	1.6	8.4	1.7	10.6	6.9	21.8	2.5	25.9	3.7	28.9	4.8	26.6	5.7	22.6	3.9	18.4	2.9	13.5	1.5	5.7	2.6	2.5	1.5
7	4.2	0.7	8.1	2.0	13.7	3.3	22.9	3.0	16.7	6.9	28.0	5.2	27.5	3.6	16.2	7.1	15.7	4.1	11.8	2.0	2.8	2.3	5.0	0.9
8	2.6	1.2	8.0	2.7	14.0	2.3	21.3	4.0	10.6	6.1	27.7	4.4	26.6	3.4	20.9	6.2	8.2	5.2	2.9	2.3	5.4	2.8	4.9	0.9
9	1.4	1.2	9.8	1.8	12.8	3.8	10.0	7.1	27.9	2.2	27.2	4.1	24.2	7.5	19.0	7.4	17.7	2.6	10.9	1.9	4.3	3.2	4.1	0.7
10	2.5	2.0	7.5	2.7	15.2	2.9	21.1	4.6	8.6	6.5	18.0	7.1	20.4	5.1	21.8	5.7	8.3	5.7	12.6	1.1	4.2	3.0	2.7	1.9
11	5.7	0.8	9.0	1.5	15.1	2.1	8.2	6.4	7.7	5.2	19.6	6.5	14.1	7.2	14.6	7.6	13.4	5.1	12.5	1.3	3.6	2.8	4.7	1.1
12	6.5	1.0	10.0	1.5	16.0	2.3	21.2	4.1	27.3	3.1	15.4	8.6	27.7	3.4	8.2	4.9	4.6	3.3	2.3	1.9	5.1	2.8	2.1	1.4
13	5.2	1.6	7.2	4.1	14.8	3.6	16.1	10.2	23.4	5.3	27.8	4.3	27.7	2.8	6.7	5.1	4.6	3.6	2.5	2.0	5.1	2.6	2.9	1.3
14	4.8	0.9	2.7	2.3	16.5	2.2	18.7	8.6	25.6	4.3	17.9	7.6	18.1	7.4	11.4	2.6	5.8	4.5	11.8	1.2	4.0	2.3	3.4	1.0
15	6.1	1.0	9.6	1.7	15.7	2.5	17.2	6.5	24.5	5.3	27.4	4.2	29.2	2.2	10.9	5.9	4.5	3.4	9.2	3.3	1.8	1.5	3.2	1.0
16	4.7	0.7	8.0	3.1	5.5	4.4	16.7	8.1	22.5	6.7	24.0	7.4	27.3	3.7	13.4	7.1	2.9	2.3	9.0	2.8	4.3	2.6	2.4	1.7
17	2.5	1.5	5.9	4.6	3.1	2.5	5.8	4.6	4.7	3.6	27.7	4.0	27.7	2.4	17.6	7.1	7.2	5.0	10.7	1.0	6.9	1.4	2.3	1.4
18	2.7	1.6	7.9	3.1	6.6	5.4	24.2	2.5	27.8	3.8	24.2	6.3	16.8	7.4	9.4	5.8	6.6	4.9	7.9	3.1	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.5
19	4.2	1.5	11.1	1.8	9.0	7.2	23.6	2.5	28.2	2.8	27.0	4.9	26.1	4.3	18.6	4.7	12.6	4.4	9.9	1.3	2.0	1.7	3.3	1.0
20	2.0	1.7	7.5	5.2	12.8	7.3	22.9	4.1	28.3	2.6	27.8	4.3	22.4	6.7	17.6	5.9	6.1	4.2	9.6	1.6	1.7	1.4	2.8	1.5
21	1.2	1.0	9.8	3.3	15.9	3.7	11.1	7.6	27.2	4.2	24.2	8.3	24.2	5.7	20.8	4.6	3.1	2.5	10.0	1.0	2.2	1.8	1.3	1.0
22	5.7	1.7	9.2	3.0	18.4	3.4	21.8	3.7	22.4	5.4	21.3	5.6	20.1	5.9	21.7	3.3	3.3	2.6	9.8	0.9	4.2	1.9	1.7	1.4
23	1.6	1.3	11.0	1.6	4.7	3.8	24.2	3.0	25.6	4.5	22.3	9.0	24.9	6.8	17.3	6.5	2.9	2.4	9.3	1.0	3.7	1.4	2.9	1.7
24	1.5	1.2	9.4	3.3	10.7	8.2	22.7	4.6	19.0	9.0	16.4	7.7	17.3	7.5	8.0	5.8	10.8	4.3	8.9	1.0	2.2	1.8	3.2	1.5
25	3.5	2.4	12.0	2.8	14.1	5.0	19.1	5.6	17.3	7.9	27.1	4.8	17.6	7.2	12.3	5.8	14.5	2.1	7.4	2.1	1.8	1.5	3.1	1.6
26	3.2	2.7	6.4	4.8	17.9	2.5	24.6	2.4	18.9	5.9	27.5	4.8	17.7	8.2	5.0	3.8	10.9	5.4	4.9	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.1
27	5.6	2.5	9.9	5.1	9.8	7.2	24.7	2.7	25.1	5.5	26.6	4.8	16.9	8.5	3.5	2.7	11.2	4.2	7.9	1.5	2.0	1.7	5.0	1.1
28	5.7	1.7	11.0	2.6	17.4	4.3	24.9	3.0	28.4	3.4	17.8	9.7	24.1	6.1	16.7	5.4	12.3	3.4	6.5	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.0	0.8
29	4.9	3.3			18.9	3.3	10.1	6.0	22.1	7.2	24.5	7.1	23.8	5.3	16.9	6.3	7.1	4.7	2.8	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0
30	3.8	2.8			17.3	6.4	24.0	5.9	10.7	5.5	20.4	7.3	22.0	7.1	14.6	6.5	10.3	3.1	5.1	3.0	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.7
31	6.8	1.2			19.8	3.1			7.5	5.7			23.0	5.4	17.9	4.5			5.9	2.7			4.9	0.9
TOTAL	121.2	46.6	230.2	79.3	387.2	127.8	576.4	145.2	641.5	160.5	687.1	180.1	689.8	173.1	482.1	168.7	293.2	115.9	256.4	63.8	94.7	59.3	85.1	39.9
1971-2000 NORMAL	129.9	71.4	210.1	105.3	362.4	173.9	492.2	178.5	586.3	222.2	638.7	228.1	633.5	216.5	529.0	185.6	351.8	127.6	239.1	92.6	123.7	73.6	95.2	54.3
1981-2010 NORMAL	126.9	68.7	213.0	104.0	371.9	162.9	486.9	186.2	603.5	218.5	625.7	224.4	650.6	209.9	542.1	179.0	374.1	123.2	239.0	96.7	127.2	63.4	100.0	50.0

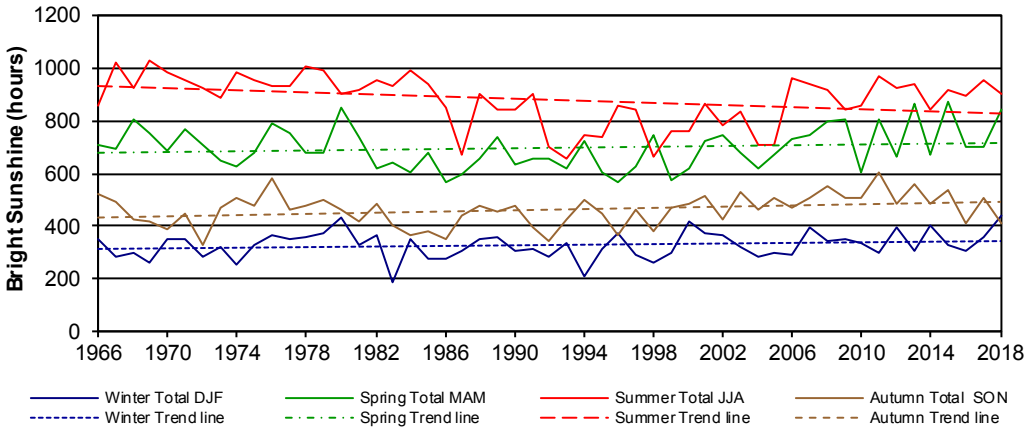
RADIATION

Annual Bright Sunshine Hours

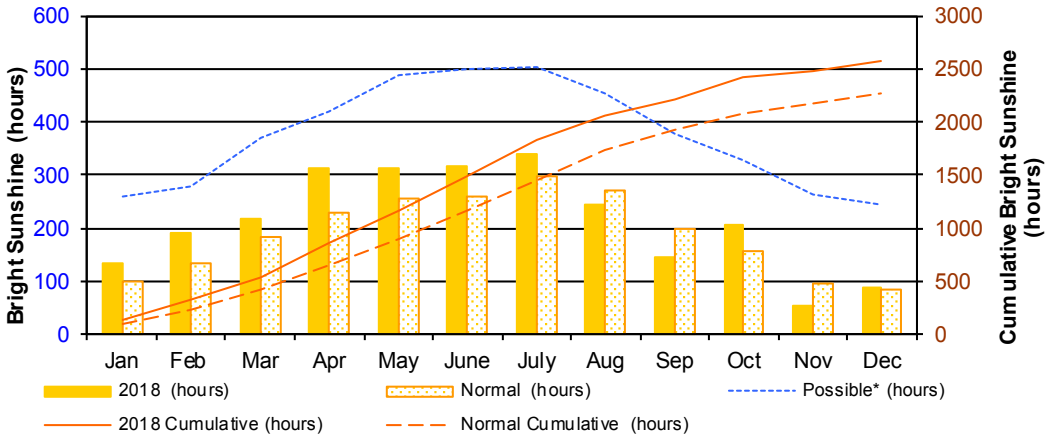


Goble, 2002; U.S. Geological Survey, n.d.

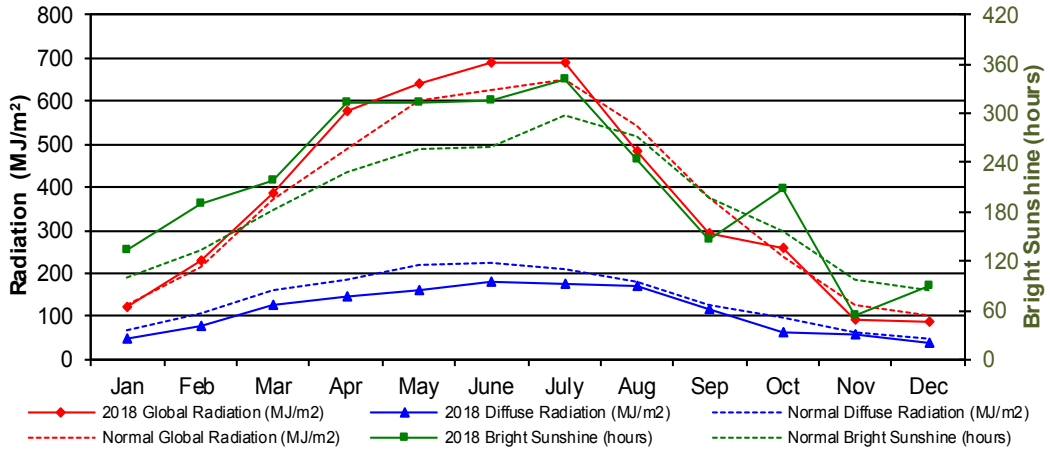
Seasonal Bright Sunshine Hours



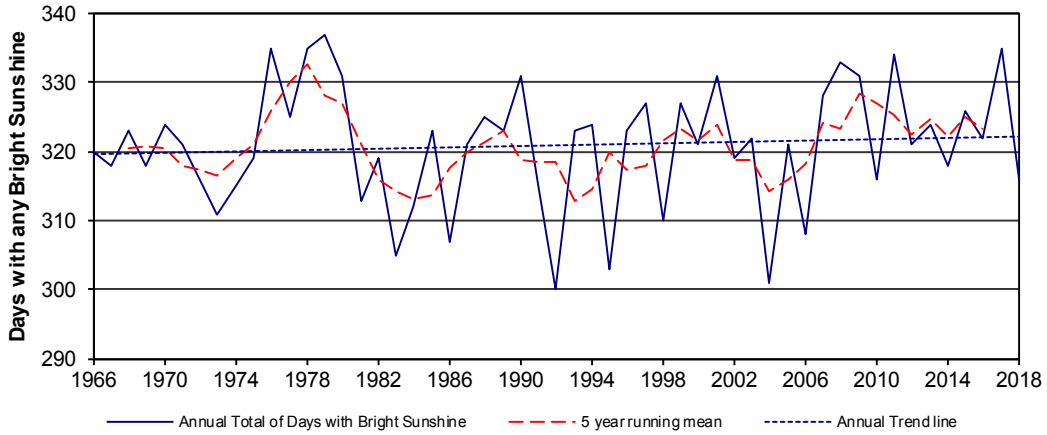
Monthly Bright Sunshine Hours



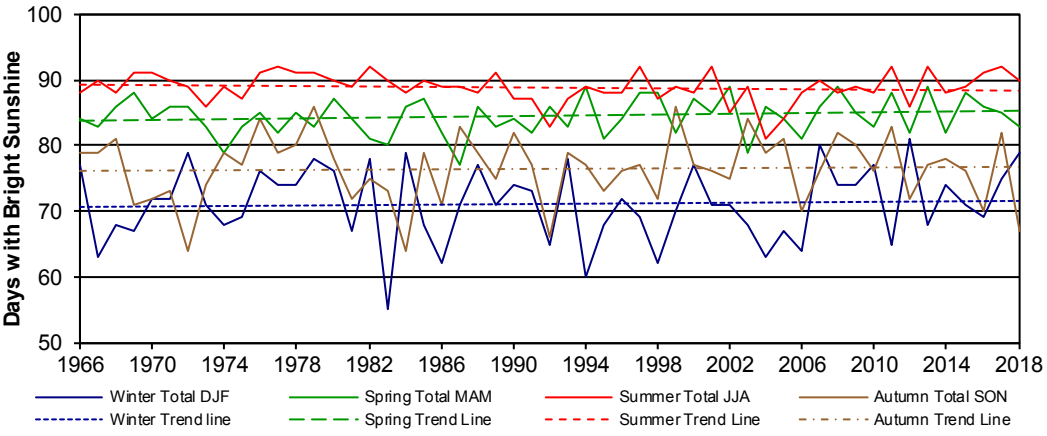
Monthly Comparison Bright Sunshine Hours, Global & Diffuse Radiation



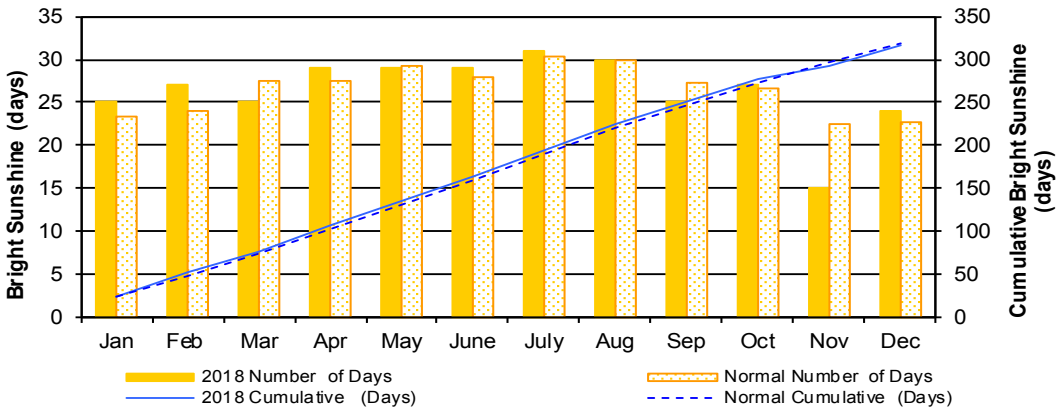
RADIATION



Annual Bright Sunshine Days



Seasonal Bright Sunshine Days



Monthly Bright Sunshine Days

2018 BRIGHT SUNSHINE RECORDS				
TYPE	DATE	NEW RECORD	OLD Record	YEAR
No. of days >= 1hour	February	26	26	1966
No. of days >=5 hours	February	23	21	1980
Greatest Monthly Bright Sunshine Hours	February	190.8	186.9	1980
Ranking by % of Actual to Possible Bright Sunshine	February	68.4	64.8	1980
No. of days >=10 hours	April	21	20	1980
Greatest Monthly Bright Sunshine Hours	April	312.5	304.7	2011
% of Bright Sunshine hours vs Possible Daylight Hours	April	74.7	72.9	2011

2018 BRIGHT SUNSHINE RECORDS Con't				
TYPE	DATE	NEW RECORD	OLD Record	YEAR
No. of days with Bright Sunshine greater or equal 1 hour	Winter 2017-2018	75	73	2007
Ranking by % of Actual to Possble Bright Sunshine	Winter 2017-2018	56.6	55.0	1980
Bright Sunshine hours	Winter 2017-2018	441.6	433.8	1980

RADIATION
Bright Sunshine Ranking

% OF ACTUAL TO POSSIBLE HOURS BRIGHT SUNSHINE

% ANNUAL		WINTER % DJF		SPRING % MAM		SUMMER % JJA		AUTUMN % SON	
2011	59.9	2018	56.6	2015	68.5	1969	70.7	2011	61.7
2013	59.9	1980	55.0	1980	66.7	1967	69.8	1976	60.3
2015	59.5	2000	52.8	2018	66.1	1978	69.2	2013	58
1976	58.8	2014	51.4	2013	64.0	1979	67.9	2008	57.3
1980	58.3	2007	50.9	2011	63.1	1984	67.9	2015	55.5
2008	58.1	2012	49.7	1968	63.0	1974	67.7	1966	53.3
2018	57.2	1979	47.9	2009	62.8	1970	67.5	2001	52.9
1978	57.2	2001	47.8	2008	62.2	2011	66.4	1974	52.2
2007	57.0	1996	47.7	1976	62.1	2006	66.1	2017	52.1
1979	56.8	2002	47.1	1971	60.1	2017	65.6	2007	52.1
2017	56.7	1982	46.6	1969	59.2	1975	65.6	2009	52.1
1971	56.3	1978	46.4	1977	58.8	1971	65.6	2005	52.1
2009	56.3	2017	46.1	2002	58.6	1982	65.4	2010	51.8
1967	56.0	1976	46.0	1998	58.6	1985	64.8	1979	51.3
2006	55.7	1989	45.8	2007	58.6	2013	64.7	1994	51.1
2001	55.7	2009	45.3	1989	57.6	2007	64.7	2012	50.4
1977	55.4	1971	45.2	1981	57.6	1976	64.2	2000	50.3
1969	55.3	1966	45.1	2006	57.4	1983	64.2	1967	50.2
1975	55.0	1977	45.0	2001	56.9	1977	63.8	1982	50.0
2012	54.8	1984	44.9	1994	56.6	2012	63.5	2014	49.7
1968	54.2	1988	44.8	1966	55.7	1968	63.3	1988	49.3
1970	53.9	1970	44.6	1972	55.4	1972	63.3	1978	49.1
1981	53.8	2008	43.5	2017	54.9	1981	63.1	2003	49.1
1974	53.8	1993	43.4	2016	54.6	2015	63.0	1975	48.9
1966	53.5	2010	43.3	1967	54.4	2008	62.9	1990	48.7
1989	53.1	1975	42.4	1970	53.6	1980	62.0	2006	48.5
1988	53.0	2015	42.3	1979	53.4	2018	62.0	1973	48.3
1982	52.8	1981	42.2	1985	53.4	1991	61.9	1980	47.7
2014	52.5	2003	41.6	2003	53.3	1988	61.8	1977	47.6
2003	52.1	1973	41.2	1975	53.1	2016	61.4	1997	47.5
2016	51.9	1991	40.2	1978	53.0	1973	61.1	2004	47.4
2002	51.6	1995	40.2	2005	52.4	2001	59.2	1989	46.5
1984	51.6	1990	39.7	2014	52.4	2010	58.7	1971	46.2
1990	51.0	2013	39.1	2012	52	1996	58.7	1995	45.8
1973	51.0	2016	39.1	1991	51.7	1966	58.7	1987	45.5
2010	50.7	1987	38.9	1988	51.6	1986	58.2	1999	44.2
1985	50.5	2011	38.8	1992	51.5	1989	58.1	2002	44.1
1991	50.5	1999	38.5	1973	50.8	1990	58.0	1968	44.0
2000	50.0	1968	38.0	1983	50.1	2009	57.8	1993	43.8
1972	49.8	2005	37.9	1990	49.8	2014	57.8	1981	43.1
1997	49.6	2006	37.1	1997	49.3	1997	57.7	1969	42.9
1994	49.6	1997	37.0	1974	49.0	2003	57.4	2016	42.0
2005	49.1	1967	36.5	2004	48.7	2002	53.8	2018	42.0
1983	48.9	1972	36.3	1982	48.3	1999	52.2	1983	41.5
1996	47.9	2004	35.9	1993	48.2	2000	52.1	1991	40.4
1999	46.5	1992	35.9	2000	48.1	1994	51.0	1970	40.2
1995	46.5	1986	35.6	2010	47.6	1995	50.5	1985	39.3
1986	46.0	1985	35.1	1995	47.6	2004	48.5	1998	38.9
1998	46.0	1969	34.0	1984	47.0	2005	48.5	1984	38.1
1987	45.1	1998	33.7	1987	46.8	1992	48.4	1996	37.7
1993	44.9	1974	32.2	1999	45.2	1987	46.3	1986	36.4
2004	44.8	1994	26.9	1986	44.7	1998	45.8	1992	35.3
1992	43.8	1983	24.2	1996	44.1	1993	44.9	1972	33.6

DAYS WITH BRIGHT SUNSHINE

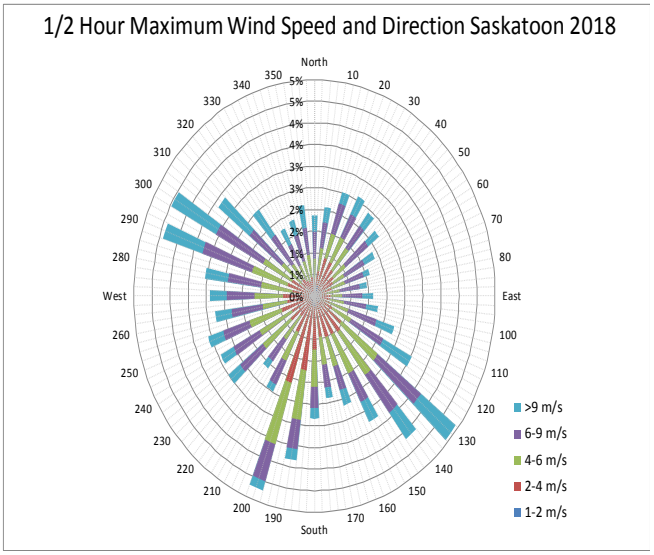
ANNUAL		WINTER DJF		SPRING MAM		SUMMER JJA		AUTUMN SON	
1979	337	2012	81	1994	89	1977	92	1979	86
1976	335	2007	80	2002	89	1982	92	1999	86
1978	335	1972	79	2008	89	1997	92	1976	84
2017	335	1984	79	2014	88	2001	92	2003	84
2011	334	2014	72	1969	88	2011	92	1987	83
2008	333	2018	79	1997	88	2013	92	2011	83
1980	331	1979	78	1998	88	2017	92	1990	82
1990	331	1982	78	2011	88	1969	91	2008	82
2001	331	1993	78	2013	88	1970	91	2017	82
2009	331	1966	77	2015	88	1976	91	1968	81
2007	328	1988	77	1980	87	1978	91	2005	81
1997	327	2000	77	1985	87	1979	91	1978	80
1999	327	1976	76	2000	87	1989	91	2009	80
2015	326	1980	76	1968	86	2016	91	1966	79
1977	325	2017	75	1971	86	1967	90	1967	79
1988	325	1977	74	1972	86	1971	90	1974	79
1970	324	1978	74	1984	86	1980	90	1977	79
1994	324	1990	74	1988	86	1983	90	1985	79
1968	323	2008	74	1992	86	1985	90	1988	79
1985	323	2009	74	2004	86	2007	90	1993	79
1989	323	1991	73	2007	86	2018	90	2004	79
1993	323	1970	72	2016	86	1972	89	1980	78
1996	323	1971	72	1976	85	1974	89	1975	77
2013	323	1996	72	1978	85	1981	89	1991	77
2003	322	1973	71	2001	85	1986	89	1994	77
2016	322	1987	71	2009	85	1987	89	1997	77
1971	321	1989	71	2017	85	1994	89	2000	77
1987	321	2001	71	1966	84	1999	89	2013	77
2000	321	2002	71	1970	84	2003	89	1996	76
2005	321	2015	71	1981	84	2009	89	2001	76
2012	321	1999	70	1990	84	2015	89	2007	76
1966	320	1975	69	1996	84	2014	92	2010	76
1975	319	1997	69	2005	84	1966	88	2015	76
1982	319	2016	69	1967	83	1968	88	2014	86
2002	319	1968	68	1973	83	1984	88	1982	75
1967	318	1974	68	1975	83	1988	88	1989	75
1969	318	1985	68	1979	83	1995	88	2002	75
1972	316	1995	68	1989	83	1996	88	1973	74
2010	316	2003	68	1993	83	2000	88	1971	73
2018	316	2013	68	2010	83	2006	88	1983	73
1974	315	1969	67	2018	83	2008	88	1995	73
1991	315	1981	67	1977	82	2010	88	1970	72
1981	313	2005	67	1986	82	1975	87	1981	72
1984	312	1992	65	1991	82	1990	87	1998	72
1973	311	2011	65	1999	82	1991	87	2012	72
2014	334	2006	64	2012	82	1993	87	1969	71
1998	310	1967	63	1982	81	1998	87	1986	71
2006	308	2004	63	1995	81	1973	86	2006	70
1986	307	1986	62	2006	81	2012	86	2016	70
1983	305	1998	62	1983	80	2002	85	2018	67
1995	303	1994	60	1974	79	2005	84	1992	66
2004	301	1983	55	2003	79	1992	83	1972	64
1992	300	2010	44	1987	77	2004	81	1984	64

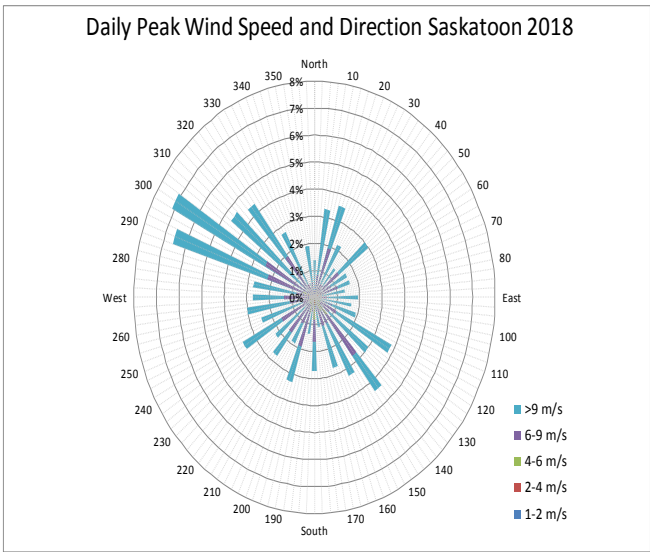
WIND

MONTH	AVERAGE WIND SPEED (km/h)			HIGHEST INSTANTANEOUS WIND SPEED (km/h)						
	2018 Average	Normal*	2018 1/2 Hr. Max Average	2018 for CRS (Speed / direction / date)			Since 1953 (Saskatoon Diefenbaker Int'l. Airport) (Speed / direction / day / year)			
January	14.5	16	21.2	61.3	NW	30	111	W	11	1986
February	14.7	16	21.0	53.5	NE	14	106	N	22	1988
March	14.9	17	21.5	61.3	SE	23	93	W	18	1959
April	16.9	18	24.9	66.9	SW	21	108	W	06	1959
May	15.2	18	23.9	84.4	WNW	30	132	SW	17	1965
June	14.9	17	23.9	65.6	WNW	10	117	SW	01	1986
July	14.6	16	23.5	69.8	WNW	7	113	E	05	1955
August	13.5	16	21.0	66.2	ENE	12	151	W	14	1967
September	14.4	17	22.1	57.7	NW	26	148	W	22	1967
October	13.5	17	20.5	61.3	NW	19	138	NW	16	1967
November	13.4	16	20.1	55.6	N	6	100	W	17	1967
December	13.8	16	20.4	55.0	WNW	21	121	W	12	1955

*1961-90 Normals used are from the Environment Canada, Saskatoon Diefenbaker International Airport station, 1993

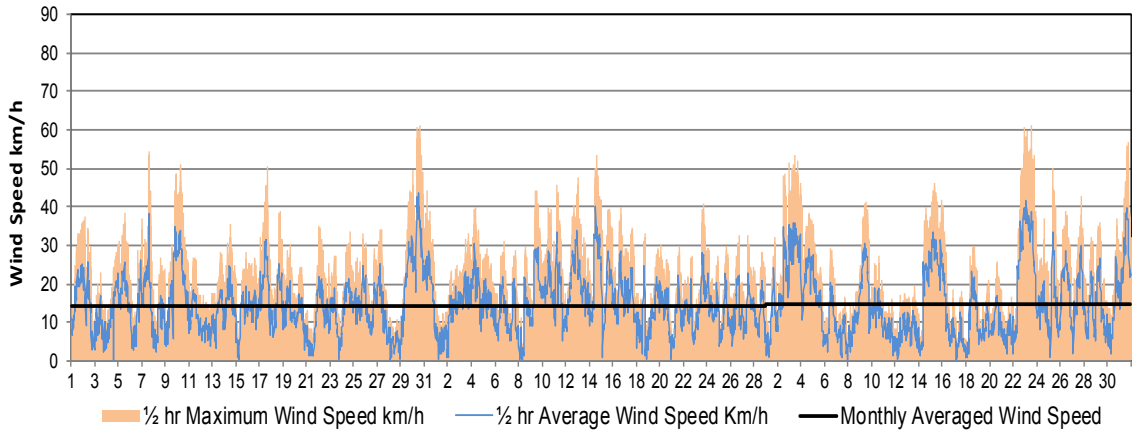
10 Metre Tower with Wind Speed and Direction
06 June 2018
photo: V. Wittrock



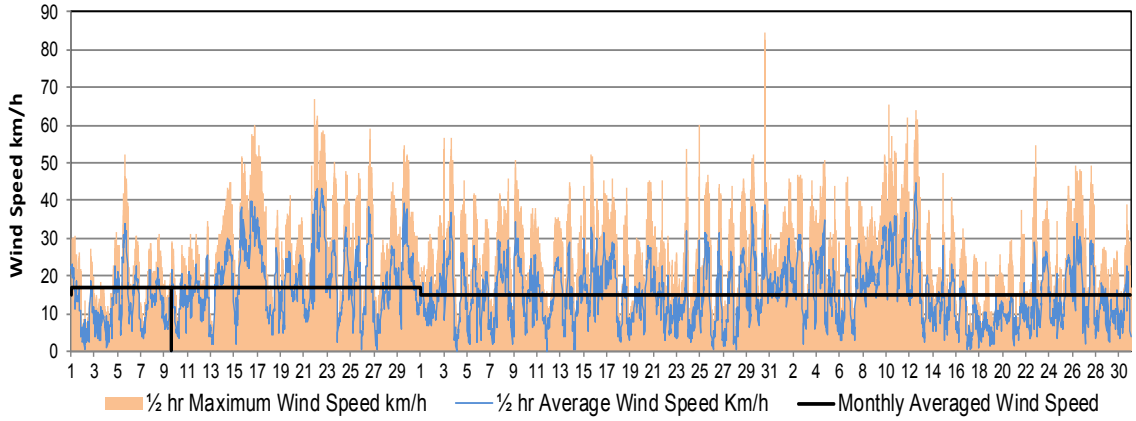


WIND
Daily Wind Speed and Maximum Gust Wind Speed

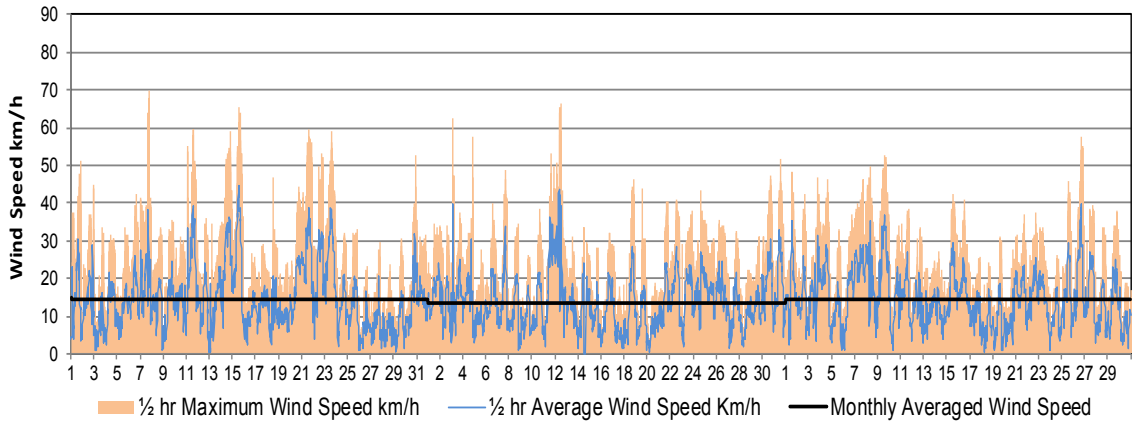
Jannuary
February
March



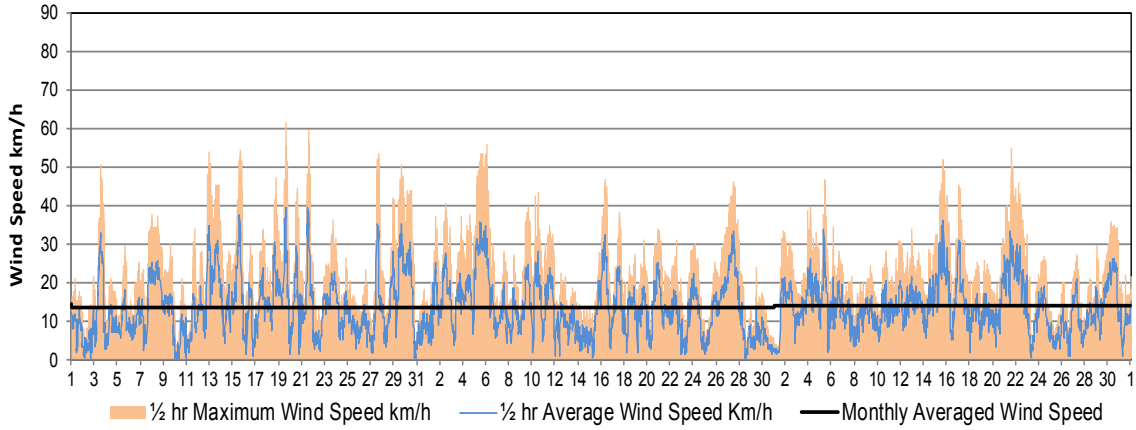
April
May
June



July
August
September



October
November
December



WIND

EXTREME DAILY WINDS (km/h)

Month	Day	WIND SPEED/ DIRECTION	BEAUFORT WIND SCALE DESIGNATION*
January	7	54.3 WNW	Near Gale
	10	51.2 N	Near Gale
	17	50.7 WNW	Near Gale
	30	61.3 NW	Near Gale
February	14	53.5 NE	Near Gale
March	2	51.6 E	Near Gale
	3	53.6 ESE	Near Gale
	22	60.8 ESE	Near Gale
	23	61.3 SE	Near Gale
	25	50.0 N	Near Gale
	31	57.0 W	Near Gale
April	5	52.2 N	Near Gale
	15	51.6 ESE	Near Gale
	16	60.0 ESE	Near Gale
	17	54.4 SE	Near Gale
	21	66.9 SW	Gale
	22	62.5 WSW	Gale
	23	50.0 NW	Near Gale
	26	59.1 WNW	Near Gale
	29	54.5 N	Near Gale
May	2	53.5 SW	Near Gale
	3	56.8 NW	Near Gale
	9	50.6 N	Near Gale
	15	52.1 NW	Near Gale
	23	53.7 SSE	Near Gale
	24	60.0 NNW	Near Gale
	29	52.3 NNE	Near Gale
	30	84.4 WNW	Strong Gale
June	4	50.6 SE	Near Gale
	9	52.3 ESE	Near Gale
	10	65.6 WNW	Gale
	11	62.1 W	Gale
	12	63.7 W	Gale
	22	54.5 E	Near Gale
July	1	50.9 WNW	Near Gale
	7	69.8 WNW	Gale
	11	59.5 WNW	Near Gale
	14	59.2 WNW	Near Gale
	15	65.2 WNW	Gale
	21	59.6 SE	Near Gale
	22	53.0 NW	Near Gale
	23	58.9 NW	Near Gale
	30	52.6 NNE	Near Gale
August	3	62.6 WSW	Gale
	4	57.3 NW	Near Gale
	11	53.2 NNE	Near Gale
	12	66.2 ENE	Gale
	31	51.7 WNW	Near Gale
September	9	52.6 WNW	Near Gale
	26	57.7 NW	Near Gale
October	3	50.7 NW	Near Gale
	12	54.1 NNW	Near Gale
	19	61.3 NW	Near Gale
	21	59.5 WNW	Near Gale
	27	53.5 WNW	Near Gale
	29	50.4 NW	Near Gale
November	5	53.6 ESE	Near Gale
	6	55.6 N	Near Gale
December	15	52.2 WNW	Near Gale
	21	55.0 WNW	Near Gale

WINDCHILL CALCULATION CHART [1]

T°C / km/h Speed	5°	0°	-5°	-10°	-15°	-20°	-25°	-30°	-35°	-40°	-45°	-50°
5	4	-2	-7	-13	-19	-24	-30	-36	-41	-47	-53	-58
10	3	-3	-9	-15	-21	-27	-33	-39	-45	-51	-57	-63
15	2	-4	-11	-17	-23	-29	-35	-41	-48	-54	-60	-66
20	1	-5	-12	-18	-24	-30	-37	-43	-49	-56	-62	-67
25	1	-6	-12	-19	-25	-32	-38	-44	-51	-57	-64	-70
30	0	-6	-13	-20	-26	-33	-39	-46	-52	-59	-65	-72
35	0	-7	-14	-20	-27	-33	-40	-47	-53	-60	-66	-73
40	-1	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-54	-61	-68	-74
45	-1	-8	-15	-21	-28	-35	-42	-48	-55	-62	-69	-75
50	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-49	-56	-63	-69	-76
55	-2	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-63	-70	-77
60	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78
65	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79
70	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-80
75	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-59	-66	-73	-80
80	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81

Approximate Thresholds

-10	Low	Risk of hypothermia if outside for long periods without adequate protection.
-28	Risky	Risk of frostnip/frostbite on extremities. Exposed skin can freeze in 10 - 30 min.
-40	High Risk	High risk of frostbite. Exposed skin can freeze in 5 - 10 minutes.
-48	Very High Risk	Serious risk of frostbite. Exposed skin can freeze in 2 - 5 minutes.
-55	Extreme Risk	Outdoor conditions are hazardous. Exposed skin can freeze in 2 minutes or less.

1: Environment Canada, 2004b

EXTREME DAILY WIND CHILL WHEN TEMPERATURE <0°C

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-42	-36	-24	-27	-6					-6	-6	-15
2	-31	-35	-30	-26						-3	-11	-17
3	-22	-39	-22	-22						-7	-7	-20
4	-20	-41	-22	-21						-8	-7	-20
5	-24	-34	-22	-26						-7	-20	-21
6	-20	-34	-22	-30						-10	-22	-24
7	-13	-36	-29	-26						-3	-23	-28
8	-15	-34	-28	-22						-10	-23	-27
9	-30	-36	-26	-15						-13	-29	
10	-38	-31	-19	-15	-3					-12	-19	
11	-41	-38	-19	-13						-10	-22	
12	-40	-43	-20	-15						-9	-20	
13	-37	-30	-20	-19						-11	-13	
14	-34	-33	-21	-11						-14	-8	
15	-35	-36	-23	-10							-13	
16	-30	-29	-16	-9						-6	-29	
17	-18	-27	-6	-9							-29	-18
18	-12	-28	-16	-7							-28	-13
19	-9	-38	-13							-9	-30	-11
20	-13	-31	-8							-11	-16	-15
21	-15	-41	-14						-7		-15	-11
22	-18	-34	-16						-7	-8	-8	-19
23	-14	-28	-12						-7	-8	-13	-22
24	-16	-23	-11							-4	-16	-27
25	-22	-22	-11							-5	-16	-28
26	-23	-20	-13							-5	-17	-20
27	-33	-20	-22	-3					-6	-4	-17	-29
28	-31	-20	-22						-8	-6	-15	-31
29	-36		-31						-7		-13	-27
30	-23		-29						-9		-10	-32
31	-36		-31									-36

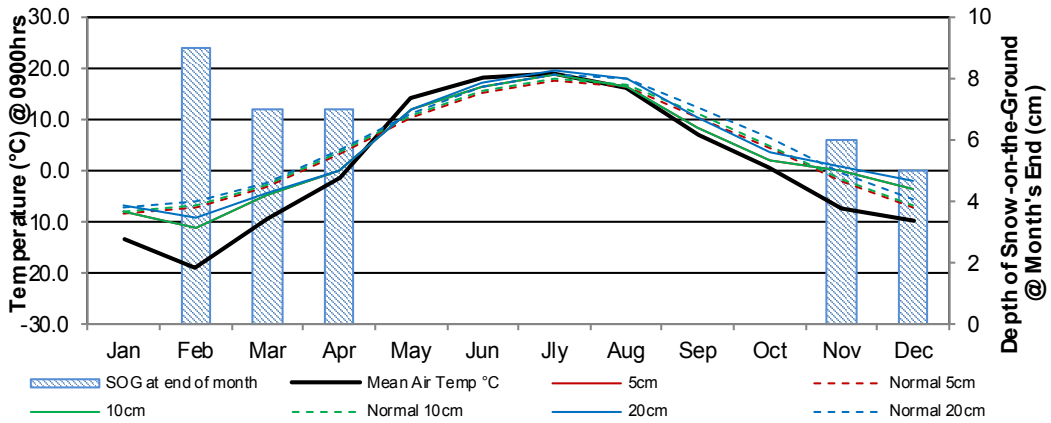
*Near Gale >=50 but < 62 *Gale >=62 but <75
*Strong Gale >=75 but <89 *Storm >=89 but <103
*Violent Storm >=103 but <117

SOIL TEMPERATURES AND DEPTH OF SNOW-ON-THE-GROUND @ MONTH END

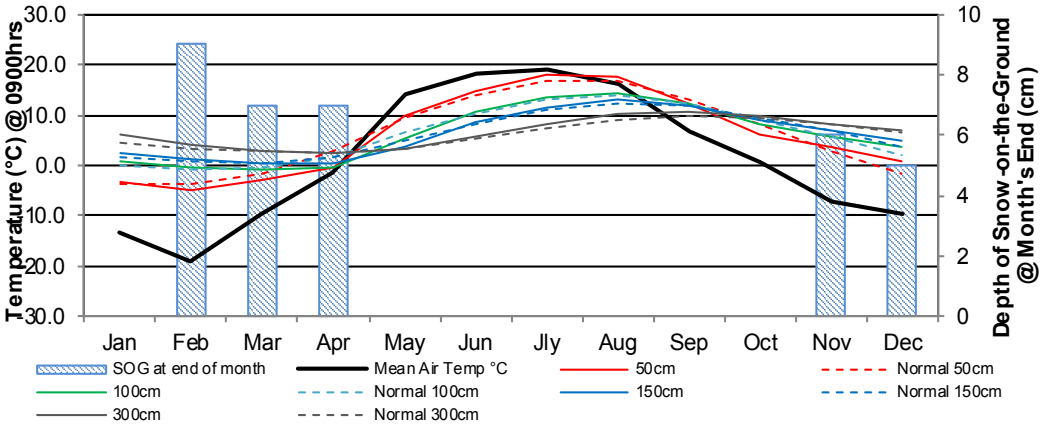
MONTH	Mean Air Temp @ 0900h (°C)	SOIL TEMPERATURES (°C) @ 0900h														Mean Air Temp @ 1600h (°C)	SOIL TEMPERATURES (°C) @ 1600h					
		5cm		10cm		20cm		50cm		100cm		150cm		300cm			5cm		10cm		20cm	
		2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM		2018	NORM	2018	NORM	2018	NORM
January	-13.4	-7.9	-8.4	-7.9	-8.0	-6.7	-7.1	-3.4	-3.5	0.7	-0.1	2.6	1.7	6.0	4.6	-9.4	-7.9	-8.4	-7.5	-7.8	-6.7	-6.2
February	-19.0	-11.2	-7.0	-11.2	-6.7	-9.3	-6.1	-5.1	-3.5	-0.5	-0.8	1.1	0.8	4.0	3.4	-12.0	-11.1	-7.1	-10.6	-6.6	-9.5	-5.2
March	-9.5	-4.9	-3.1	-4.9	-2.8	-4.4	-2.4	-2.9	-1.5	-0.9	-0.4	0.5	0.6	2.9	2.7	-3.6	-4.9	-2.9	-4.6	-2.6	-4.4	-1.8
April	-1.4	-0.2	3.1	-0.2	3.6	0.0	4.0	-0.4	3.0	-0.3	1.6	0.5	1.5	2.6	2.4	5.1	1.8	6.0	1.1	5.5	0.0	4.6
May	14.3	11.9	10.3	11.9	10.8	12.1	11.3	9.7	9.3	5.3	6.4	3.8	4.8	3.2	3.4	20.8	17.1	14.2	15.4	13.6	12.4	12.0
June	18.1	16.5	15.3	16.5	15.7	17.0	16.3	14.9	14.0	10.5	10.4	8.6	8.3	5.7	5.4	23.2	22.4	20.0	20.6	19.0	17.3	17.1
July	19.0	18.7	17.5	18.7	18.0	19.7	18.9	18.1	16.7	13.4	13.1	11.5	10.9	8.3	7.5	24.9	24.6	22.1	22.7	21.3	20.0	19.5
August	16.0	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.9	18.1	18.1	17.7	16.8	14.4	14.1	12.9	12.3	10.1	9.1	23.8	21.1	20.6	19.5	20.0	17.5	18.6
September	6.9	8.5	10.5	8.5	11.0	10.5	12.5	12.4	13.2	12.2	12.4	11.9	11.7	10.5	9.9	11.4	11.8	13.9	11.1	13.4	10.4	13.1
October	0.4	1.8	4.3	1.8	4.7	3.5	6.2	6.1	8.3	8.2	9.2	9.0	9.6	9.7	9.4	8.9	4.1	6.1	3.7	6.4	3.4	6.9
November	-7.2	0.0	-2.2	0.0	-1.7	0.9	-0.5	3.5	3.0	5.9	5.6	6.9	6.8	8.2	8.1	-4.9	0.0	-1.4	0.4	-1.2	0.9	0.3
December	-9.8	-3.4	-7.1	-3.4	-6.6	-2.2	-5.6	0.7	-1.7	3.6	2.0	4.9	3.8	6.8	6.4	-6.5	-3.2	-6.6	-2.9	-6.3	-2.3	-4.6

Normal temperatures (1971-2000) for our site are provided by Environment Canada 2004a

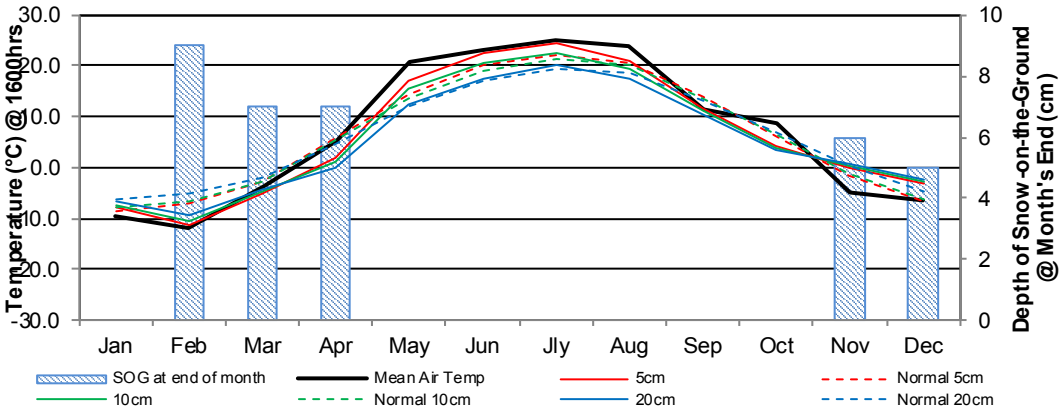
Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 0900h



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 0900h



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 1600h



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

(Unless otherwise stated, source for definitions of terms is Environment Canada, 1978)

BEAUFORT WIND SCALE was developed by Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort in 1805 and adopted by the British Navy in 1838. It consisted of 13 degrees of wind strength, from calm to hurricane, based upon the effects of various wind strengths upon the amount of canvas carried by the fully rigged frigates of the period. Over the years it has been modified as needed and in 1946 the scale values (Force Numbers) were defined by ranges of wind speed as measured at a height of 10 meters above the surface. In effect, this transformed the 'Beaufort Wind Force Scale' into the 'Beaufort Wind Speed Scale'. This scale is the current standard scale for visual observations of the wind (Heidorn, 1998).

BRIGHT SUNSHINE is the unobstructed direct radiation from the sun, as opposed to the shading of a location by clouds or by other atmospheric obstructions.

Number of Days is defined as the total number of days when at least 0.1 of an hour of bright sunshine was recorded.

Percentage Possible refers to the ratio of measured bright sunshine hours to the total possible daylight hours in a given period, expressed as a percentage.

Possible daylight hours (hours of illumination) are taken from the sunrise/set tables provided by the National Research Council of Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics, Victoria, BC.

Total is the sum of the daily bright sunshine values in hours and tenths of hours as measured by an automated sunshine recorder using voltaic cells.

DEGREE-DAY is an index for various temperature related calculations

Cooling (CDD) is the cooling requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of greater than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary cooling is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C is less than the daily average temperature defines the number of cooling degree-days for that day. A temperature base of 24° C is sometimes used as an index of extreme cooling degree-days to indicate potential heat stress. (Environment Canada 2012)

Mathematically:CDD = (T - 18°C), for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or less than18°C, CDD = 0.

Monthly and annual values of CDD are obtained by summing daily values.

Growing (GDD) is the growing requirement in order for plant growth to proceed. The air temperature must exceed a critical value appropriate to the plant species in question. For many members of the grass family, including most commercial cereals grown on the prairies, a base temperature of 5.0°C has been established. On a specified day, the difference between the daily average temperature and the 5.0°C base temperature defines the number of growing degree-days.

Mathematically: GDD = (T - 5.0°C), for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or less than 5.0°C, GDD = 0.

Daily GDD values are summed to provide totals for the appropriate month, growing season or year.

Heating (HDD) is the heating requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of less than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary heating is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C exceeds the daily average temperature defines the number of heating degree-days for that day.

Mathematically:

HDD = (18°C - T), for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or greater than 18°C, HDD = 0.

Monthly and annual values of HDD are obtained by summing daily values.

EXTREME is the highest or lowest value of a particular element recorded during the period in question.

EXTREME ALL YEARS Temporal comparisons at a point are also of value in some types of climatic studies. Therefore, it is desirable to produce the maximum length of reliable climatic record to carry out studies over a period of time. Data are drawn mainly from the following data sets:

SRC:1963 to present
Saskatoon Airport: 1942 to present
University of Saskatchewan:1916 to 1963
Eby station: 1901-1941
NWMP: circa1892 to circa 1900 (sporadic)

Station locations, exposures and measurement procedures were subject to change during this time period. Data are <u>not adjusted</u> and users are cautioned accordingly.

FROST is recorded on each occasion when the daily minimum temperature is equal to or less than 0°C.

NORMAL VALUE (1981-2010) In climatology it is often useful to make spatial comparisons of particular element values over a common time period. At an interior continental site such as Saskatoon, a period of 30 years is required to produce statistically stable estimates of the more variable elements. To facilitate spatial comparisons, the World Meteorological Organization recommends the standard normal (average) period of thirty years. The current normal period for data analysis at CRS is from January 1st, 1981 to December 31st, 2010. Data derived from CRS conform to this standard, except where noted. The normals for CRS have been calculated using the data collected during this standard period. Where gaps existed, data from the nearest climate station were used and referenced as to being used. (Environment Canada, 1993, 2002, 2004a)

POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (Thornthwaite Method) is the amount of water which will be lost from a surface completely covered with vegetation if there is sufficient water in the soil at all times for the use of the vegetation. It is computed by means of an empirical formula involving mean monthly temperature and average length of day.

Mathematically: $PET = mT^a$ where PET = Potential of Evapotranspiration; m = % of day length for the month as compared to the year; T = Temperature °C when T is less than or equal to 0; otherwise T = O; and a = yearly heat index. (Thornthwaite and Mather, 1955)

PRECIPITATION

Day is recorded on occasions when the amount of precipitation in a 24-hour period equals or exceeds 0.2 mm water. An asterisk (*) appearing in the average column denotes the occurrence of measurable precipitation on one or more occasions, and that the calculated 30-year average amounts to less than a trace. The so-called climatological day, beginning at 9 a.m. standard time on the date of reference and ending at 9 a.m. the next morning, was employed in record keeping up to January 1994. On February 1, 1994, after consultation with Environment Canada, record keeping was changed to the 24-hour period of 0000 hours - 2400 hours to conform to their reporting of climatological statistics.

Total is the sum of the daily recorded precipitation. The snowfall component of precipitation is recorded as an equivalent amount of liquid water. The notation "T" refers to a trace of precipitation (less than 0.2 mm water equivalent). As of August 7, 1993, total precipitation was measured using a weighing gauge for the winter season and the tipping bucket during frost-free period.

SEASONS Meteorologists prefer to divide the year into four 3-month periods based primarily on temperature. Thus winter is defined as December (previous year), January, and February (DJF); spring as March, April and May (MAM); summer as June, July and August (JJA); and fall as September, October and November (SON). (Lutgens and Tarbuck, 1992)

SOIL TEMPERATURE under a short grass surface with normal snow accumulation, is measured according to procedures outlined in the Environment Canada publication "*Soil Temperature*" January l, 1976. Depths below surface at which soil temperature measurements are made are: 5 cm, 10 cm, 20 cm, 50 cm, 100 cm, 150 cm and 300 cm. Since soil temperature is affected by profile structure and water content, extrapolation of the measured data is difficult.

SOLAR RADIATION

Diffuse - Total is radiation reaching the earth's surface after having been scattered from the direct solar beam. The instrument used is an Eppley pyranometer with a shade ring (See SOLAR RADIATION-Global- Total).

Global - Total is the sum of the direct solar and diffuse radiation during the period in question. Measurements are carried out on a horizontal surface near ground level and integrated over the whole celestial dome, summing the diffuse and direct components of the solar beam. The temperature-compensated Eppley pyranometer is used. The standard metric unit of measurement is the megajoule per square metre (MJ/m^2). (To facilitate comparison with past years' data: 1.0 MJ/m^2 = 23.895 langleys). Comparison is provided with a provisional average based on 16 years of data (l975-1990).

SPELLS - Temperature spells are defined as days when the daily maximum temperature is higher than or equal to 30°C (hot spell) or the daily minimum temperature is lower than or equal to -30°C (cold spell).

SUNRISE/SUNSET times have been included in this report. They have been acquired from the National Research Council, Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics.

TEMPERATURE

Average Annual is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for one year.

Average Daily is defined as the arithmetic mean of the daily maximum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) and the daily minimum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) for the day in question.

Average Maximum is the average of the daily maximum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) average over the appropriate time periods.

Average Minimum is the average of the daily minimum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) averaged over the appropriate time periods. Refer to TEMPERATURE-Average Maximum concerning measurement procedures.

Average Monthly is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for the month under consideration.

WIND CHILL describes a sensation, the way we feel as a result of the combined cooling effect of temperature and wind. This feeling can't be measured using an instrument, so a mathematical formula was developed in 1939 that related air temperature and wind speed to the cooling sensation. This formula was revised in 2001 by a team of scientists and medical experts from Canada and the U.S. with the Canadian Department of National Defence contributing human volunteers. The new index is based on the loss of heat from the face.

Mathematically: $WC = 13.12 + (0.6215 \times T) - (11.37 \times V^{0.16}) + (0.3965 \times T \times V^{0.16})$; where WC = wind chill; T= air temperature °C; V= standard wind speed km/h. (Environment Canada 2004b).

WAVES - Temperature waves are defined as a sequence of three or more days when the daily maxiumum/minimum temperatures are higher/lower than, or equal to, a set temperature. For a heat wave the temperature is 32°C. (Environment Canada 2005).

WIND SPEED

Average is the average of the hourly wind speeds for the period in question measured in kilometres per hour (km/h). Average hourly wind speeds are obtained from a RM Young Wind Monitor anemometer at a height of 10 m.

Peak Gust refers to the highest instantaneous value recorded by the anemometer system for the period of reference, irrespective of direction and/or duration. Comparison is with published data for Environment Canada, Saskatoon Airport station.

see also **Beaufort Wind Scale**

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