

Climate Reference Station Conservation Learning Center RM of Prince Albert #461 ANNUAL SUMMARY 2014



S. Dunn V. Wittrock Saskatchewan Research Council Air and Climate

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COVER PHOTOGRAPHS SRC Climate Reference Station at Conservation Learning Centre 24 July 2014 Photo credit: V. Wittrock

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Climate Reference Station History

The Saskatchewan Research Council's Climate Reference Station (CRS) at the Conservation Learning Centre (CLC) is situated approximately 16km east of MacDowall, approximately 11km north of St. Louis and 18km south of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan. The oldest recordings of meteorological data in the area are south of the North Saskatchewan River at Prince Albert beginning in 1884 and lasting until 1942. In 1953, the present day Prince Albert station was established at the airport north of the river and east of the city. Other nearby stations recording intermittent data were at MacDowall (1914-2003) and Hoey (south of St. Louis) (1986-2012) with MacDowall recording both precipitation and temperature and Hoey only recording precipitation.

The SRC Climate Reference Station at CLC was established in 2011 and began producing a full array of climate data January 2012. The array consists of temperature, precipitation, humidity, barometric pressure, wind, solar radiation, and soil moisture and temperature. The site is a self-contained unit with power generated from solar panels while the data is retrieved from the data logger by an internet connection via the cellular network.

Activities Associated with the CRS at CLC in 2014

The CLC is a research and demonstration farm. Its outreach program for grades 3 to 11 students, science clubs or other interested groups offers hands-on activities related to soil, water, air, and wildlife habitat.¹ The SRC Climate Reference Station is included in the program exposing participants to the CRS's suite of instruments. The station emphasizes the importance of climate in the practical world of farming and ecology.

Important events in 2014 included the installation of an automated shadow band for the diffuse radiation Sensor (January), replacement of the Multiplexer (January), replacement bright sunshine recorder (February), and replacement snow depth sensor (December).

The 2014 field day at CLC occurred on July 24th. Virginia Wittrock gave an on-site presentation to approximately 50 participants explaining the importance of the CRS, potential usages of the data as well as how the data had been utilized since it's installation in 2011.

¹Conservation Learning Centre 2011



Conservation Learning Centre 24 July 2014 Photo: V. Wittrock



Conservation Learning Centre 20 Feb 2014 Photo: DE&M, SRC

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What is the Climate Reference Station?

The Saskatchewan Research Council's Climate Reference Station (SRC CRS) at the Conservation Learning Centre is classified as a principal climatological station with supplementary climatological observations.¹ A reference climatological station's data are intended for the purpose of determining climatic trends which require long periods (not less than thirty years) of homogeneous records, where man-made environmental changes have been or are expected to remain at a minimum. As the Climate Reference Station is in its infancy, data for trend analyses are not available. At the station, half-hourly readings are taken of elements which include temperature, precipitation amount, humidity, wind, and atmospheric pressure. Our supplemental observations include rainfall intensity, soil temperature, soil moisture, snow depth, bright sunshine and solar radiation. High quality and consistent climatological observations are maintained which will provide data sets to meet the current concerns of the effects of climatic change and increased variability.

Purpose and Benefits

The purpose of the SRC CRS is to provide a record of observed meteorological elements in order that the climate of the area and its changes can be accurately documented and described. Climatological data have assumed new importance as a result of social and environmental issues in which climate is a dominant factor. Climatological information assists in realizing new technological opportunities and social changes. It is necessary and valuable for areas such as agriculture, forestry, land use and facility placement, water and energy resources, health and comfort.

The CRS will allows us to:

- Evaluate long term climate trends after operating for a standard period early warning system for increased frequencies of extreme events such as drought, floods, etc.;
- Determine the impacts of climate events on society, economy, health, and ecosystems e.g. intense rainfall causing flooding and property damage, heat stress with its implications for health;
- · Conduct value-added research;
- Be part of regional, national and global networks in an important agricultural and ecological area;
- Facilitate development of additional programs e.g. air quality, biodiversity, and climate change monitoring;
- Have roles in various programs within SRC and collaborative research with other agencies

• Provide climate data to accident studies, agricultural sectors, authors, building science, chemical companies, construction firms, governments, insurance agencies, lawyers, media, recreation facilities, schools, tourism groups, transportation studies, universities, wildlife studies, and interested individuals.

Goals

The goals of the Climate Reference Station are first, to gather high quality of data at its current location and, second, to monitor a large variety of elements. These various elements combined with a long-term collection period as well as the stable location will allow CRS to be an extremely valuable climate information collection station.

¹Environment Canada 1992

Summaries for 2014 Overview

Data, including temperature, precipitation, wind speed and direction, bright sunshine, solar radiation, soil temperature and moisture, was recorded during 2014 by the Saskatchewan Research Council's (SRC) Climate Reference Station (CRS) at the Conservation Learning Centre (CLC) (53.03 N, 105.77 W), located in the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert #461, Saskatchewan.

The third full year of operation at SRC's CRS at the Conservation Learning Centre had some very interesting weather phenomena. The 2013-14 winter (December, January and February) was very cold with 34 days having temperatures below -30°C. If November and March are included, the number of cold spell days is extended to 43. These cold temperatures resulted in heating degree-days of 3406.8, which is more than 270 calculated from the 2012-13 winter. Two hot spells of over 30 °C were recorded in 2014, with the frost-free season being 120 days and having 105.6 cooling degree-days from May to September. The frost-free season was 11 days longer in 2013, but it also had seven days with above 30 °C temperatures.

Snow-on-ground was not as extreme in 2013-14 compared to the 2012-13 winter. The snowpack's greatest depth was recorded at 50 cm in early March and was gone by April 22. The snow pack in 2012-13 reached a depth of 83 cm in early April and was not fully melted until early May. The wettest month was June with 111.4 mm recorded, but September and October were quite dry with only 17.1 mm recorded over the two months, resulting in great harvest weather.

Three strong wind events were recorded in 2014 with January 15 having winds of over 95 km/h. April and May recorded near gale winds (over 50 km/h).

The combined cold winter and wind speed resulted in high-risk wind chills calculated 23 times and very high-risk calculated four times in 2014. The combination of wind and cold temperatures brought the wind chill value down to -50 °C on January 5.

The snow pack and cold air temperatures in the winter/early spring of 2013-14 contributed to colder soils. In 2013, the 50 cm soil depth barely went below 0 °C, while in 2014; this level went down to -0.6 °C. The soils at the 10 cm level did not go back above zero until May. The 10 cm level did not go below zero again until mid-November.



Automated shade ring for diffuse pyranometer 17 Jan 2014 photo credit: DE&M, SRC

Temperature 2014

Noted 2014 T	remperature Events] [erage	Averag Minimu		verage	2014 E	xtreme	Values (°C		wing	Heating	Coo		Extreme Cooling
• •	s than or equal to -30°C)		(°C)		(°C)		lean (°C)				Deg days		Degree- days	Deg days		Degree-
Date	Temperature (°C)															days
January 1	-37.8			2014	201	4	2014	Max/	Date	Min/Date	e ba	se 5°	base 18	° ba	se 18°	base 24°
January 2	-36.2	January		-10.3		-23.2	-16.8		8.1/15	-38.6/	08	0.0	1078	3.3	0.0	0.0
January 4	-30.7	February		-15.1	· ·	-26.9	-21		0.7/18	-36.8/	27	0.0	1092	2.4	0.0	0.0
January 5	-33.8	March		-4.3	·	-18.4	-11.4	1	0.1/17	-35.8/	01	0.0	910).3	0.0	0.0
January 6	-36.5	April		4.6		-4.8	-0.1	1	5.9/30	-21.9/	01	9.4	542	2.9	0.0	0.0
January 7	-36.7	May		16.1	1	4.1	10.2	3	1.3/23	-3.5/	03	176.4	249	9.5	6.3	0.0
January 8	-38.6	June		19.5		10.2	14.9	2	7.5/28	3.1/	07	296.2	101	1.8	8.0	0.0
January 22	-32.4	July		24.3		13.1	18.7	2	8.8/31	9.6/	13	425.4	12	2.5	34.9	0.0
January 27	-32.4	August		23.8	1	13.0	18.4	3	0.1/14	5.4/	25	416.5	39	9.7	53.2	0.0
February 9	-32.2	September	1	17.7	1	6.0	11.9	2	9.2/23	-0.3/	12	207.1	187	7.3	3.2	0.0
February 10	-33.7	October		11.1	1	1.3	6.2	2	3.2/21	-4.3/	30	78.1	364	1.7	0.0	0.0
February 12	-33.8	November		-6.9		-13.9	-10.4	1	8.0/01	-32.4/	26	0.0	852	2.6	0.0	0.0
February 20	-30.5	December		-6.4		-14.6	-10.5	İ	7.1/11	-33.5/	28	0.0	884	1.9	0.0	0.0
February 21	-32.7	Average		6.2	1	-4.5	0.8	1		Total Su	ım	1609.1	6316	6.9	105.6	0.0
February 24	-30.8	<u></u>										°				
February 25	-32.7]														
February 26	-31.5															
February 27	-36.8]														
February 28	-34.1]														
March 1	-35.8]														
March 2	-30.2	1												D	SILV M	aximum
March 3	-34.2]												Da	any w	aniiiuiii
March 4	-30.7	1 1	2014	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	
March 7	-34.4			-									-	-		
November 26	-32.4	1	1	-22.5	-13.0	-22.		16.3	17.6	22.5	24.2	20.3	14.8	8.0	-16.2	_
December 2	-30.1		2	-10.0	-11.5	-13.		6.8	22.5 24.8	22.8 25.2	25.2 26.8	18.7	8.4 3.6	2.4	-10.9	
December 26	-30.4		3	-9.0	-16.5	-13.		3.9				17.9		1.7		
December 27	-33.0	1	4	-23.2	-20.5	-16.		6.5	19.2	27.4	27.4	19.2		1.6	-6.9	_
December 28	-33.5		5	-29.2	-16.5	-12.		7.1	12.1	25.8	27.8	17.0		3.6 3.1	-6.8	_
Hot Spell (Great	er than or equal to 30°C)		6	-24.8	-15.2	-6.	9 3.7	8.3	12.3	25.8	25.5	19.1	11.0	3.1	-8.1	<u>'</u>

December 26	-30.4
December 27	-33.0
December 28	-33.5
Hot Spell (Greater t	han or equal to 30°C)
May 23	31.3
August 14	30.1
Last Spr	ing Frost
14-May	-2.5
First Fa	III Frost
12-Sep	-0.3
Frost-free Se	ason Length
120 Days	

1	-22.5	-13.0	-22.3	-5.0	16.3	17.6	22.5	24.2	20.3	14.8	8.0	-16.2
2	-10.0	-11.5	-13.6	0.8	6.8	22.5	22.8	25.2	18.7	8.4	2.4	-10.9
3	-9.0	-16.5	-13.7	6.6	3.9	24.8	25.2	26.8	17.9	3.6	1.7	-7.9
4	-23.2	-20.5	-16.6	1.7	6.5	19.2	27.4	27.4	19.2	6.2	1.6	-6.9
5	-29.2	-16.5	-12.1	5.4	7.1	12.1	25.8	27.8	17.0	10.2	3.6	-6.8
6	-24.8	-15.2	-6.9	3.7	8.3	12.3	25.8	25.5	19.1	11.0	3.1	-8.1
7	-20.3	-10.8	-13.8	9.3	7.8	18.2	23.5	28.5	23.6	11.6	3.1	-8.0
8	-12.1	-19.9	-4.6	12.7	14.5	16.5	23.0	25.9	8.5	6.9	-3.6	-8.4
9	-7.7	-19.6	2.0	8.9	17.9	15.6	27.2	20.4	8.1	13.0	-9.2	2.6
10	-5.0	-21.4	4.4	8.8	10.6	12.6	24.5	23.3	6.7	18.7	-9.9	5.0
11	-4.8	-18.2	-1.1	2.2	7.8	20.7	22.3	27.9	10.1	18.4	-7.7	7.1
12	-7.0	-22.2	6.6	-2.7	10.5	23.7	20.4	29.5	14.0	16.7	-10.1	5.2
13	-6.5	-19.1	6.1	-2.3	9.8	20.8	20.9	26.2	10.9	17.5	-10.3	0.3
14	-7.5	-11.6	-4.4	-2.4	17.0	19.4	24.0	30.1	15.8	17.6	-11.9	-1.7
15	8.1	-16.9	-7.2	-1.6	16.5	12.9	25.6	25.8	21.0	13.6	-8.2	-2.8
16	0.5	-8.9	9.5	-1.9	20.1	14.5	27.8	24.7	19.3	8.6	-7.1	-5.5
17	4.0	-3.1	10.1	2.1	17.1	19.1	25.6	24.5	14.6	7.6	-7.9	-6.9
18	2.0	0.7	3.9	0.0	17.8	20.9	22.5	28.5	19.1	17.6	-7.3	-6.1
19	-5.9	-12.2	5.8	3.9	14.7	18.1	22.9	26.3	21.5	19.5	-7.8	-7.4
20	-16.9	-15.6	2.9	7.2	19.0	18.8	21.9	20.0	19.5	20.3	-3.9	-6.3
21	-7.4	-12.6	-11.9	13.2	23.7	19.1	24.4	18.4	26.2	23.2	1.4	-4.2
22	-19.7	-14.7	-10.9	15.2	28.1	21.1	25.1	18.7	28.7	11.4	-5.1	-5.1
23	-1.0	-20.2	-5.4	9.9	31.3	21.6	25.0	15.8	29.2	12.5	-11.6	-4.3
24	2.4	-17.2	-9.8	1.8	26.4	21.6	24.8	13.6	24.6	10.6	-7.6	-3.5
25	-0.6	-17.1	-6.1	1.7	20.3	23.5	19.4	17.3	25.2	8.1	-10.6	-5.3
26	-10.0	-13.5	-5.8	4.1	14.4	22.8	20.2	23.6	23.5	6.8	-16.9	-12.9
27	-23.5	-14.8	-3.8	7.5	18.9	25.6	21.8	27.5	11.8	3.6	-12.2	-14.6
28	-13.0	-19.8	-3.0	2.1	18.0	27.5	25.1	22.3	7.9	0.3	-17.1	-23.2
29	-11.2		2.9	8.4	22.1	23.8	28.1	22.3	14.5	0.8	-21.2	-21.5
30	-21.9		-4.7	15.9	21.7	17.7	27.6	19.5	13.7	1.1	-23.5	-11.5
31	-15.8		-9.2		24.9		28.8	19.5		4.8		-3.8

MAR MAY JUN NOV DEC 2014 JAN FEB APR JLY AUG SEP ост 9.6 -27.7 -37.8 -18.5 -35.8 -21.9 1.9 13.1 17.1 -1.9 8.1 6.3 2 -36.2 -20.8 -30.2 -9.4 -1.5 6.4 12.5 12.9 8.7 0.6 -0.3 -30.1 -23.9 -24.8 -34.2 14.0 -0.7 -29.8 3 -10.3 -3.5 9.0 13.1 10.4 -2.8 4 -30.7 -27.2 -30.7 -10.8 -2.4 10.4 16.6 17.1 7.6 -2.4 -2.3 -13.1 -17.0 5 -33.8 -28.3 -22.3 -6.6 1.5 4.8 14.3 15.3 9.3 0.9 -0.8 6 -36.5 -24.7 -24.9 -3.2 -0.8 3.7 13.1 16.9 9.5 2.2 -3.6 -14.0 7 -36.7 -24.9 -34.4 -1.5 -2.3 3.1 13.8 16.3 8.3 -1.2 -3.7 -11.0 8 -38.6 -27.3 -21.1 -1.7 -1.2 4.9 14.2 13.8 5.4 -3.3 -11.8 -19.3 -12.5 -0.5 5.7 13.6 1.2 -0.4 -13.8 -10.5 9 -14.9 -32.2 3.7 11.8 10 -11.8 -33.7 -5.4 -0.7 -1.3 7.4 14.9 9.6 1.9 0.6 -14.0 -0.1 11 -9.0 -29.3 -13.2 -3.6 -2.0 5.1 13.3 13.9 2.3 6.3 -13.0 0.5 12 -14.4 -8.0 0.7 6.1 12.2 -0.3 3.6 -18.8 -3.9 -14.4 -33.8 13.1 13 -19.9 -27.5 -4.4 -11.9 -0.1 11.5 9.6 14.9 4.3 1.1 -19.5 -4.6 14 -20.5 -19.1 -13.4 -15.5 -2.5 8.0 9.6 16.2 0.0 3.6 -20.2 -3.6 15 -25.0 -15.2 -8.0 4.9 10.0 10.5 16.5 2.5 -14.7 -7.3 -7.5 1.8 16 18.0 -22.0 -8.4 11.1 8.4 10.3 11.9 14.0 3.9 3.8 -12.7 -7.0 7.7 17 -4.1 -15.8 -9.0 -9.7 11.0 16.1 17.5 3.6 1.6 -13.6 -8.7 18 -7.5 -18.0 -5.9 -2.8 5.7 12.3 14.3 15.5 6.6 3.1 -13.0 -8.5 19 -21.0 -20.5 -8.2 -2.6 6.3 14.0 13.7 15.0 9.8 2.8 -18.1 -9.6 20 -29.0 -30.5 -12.0 -4.1 4.5 13.3 12.2 14.8 6.5 2.9 -18.8 -9.5 21 -21.5 -32.7 -20.2 0.1 4.1 12.5 10.0 12.3 3.8 11.4 -5.1 -7.0 22 -32.4 -22.6 -23.0 0.5 9.5 13.9 11.2 11.2 8.1 4.7 -11.8 -6.4 23 -24.7 -7.9 -27.1 1.8 12.1 14.6 13.6 11.4 9.8 0.3 -19.8 -28.0 24 -13.4 -30.8 -16.6 -1.0 13.1 11.6 14.4 10.1 9.5 3.9 -16.1 -6.8 25 -13.8 -32.7 -22.5 -1.4 11.6 13.1 11.3 5.4 13.3 1.0 -19.3 -25.6 26 -27.9 -31.5 -13.0 -0.3 9.3 15.3 13.5 5.4 10.3 0.3 -32.4 -30.4 27 -36.8 -14.9 0.3 7.2 13.7 12.5 -0.6 -33.0 -32.4 11.9 4.7 -19.1 28 -29.3 -34.1 -19.7 -0.2 7.2 13.7 12.9 12.3 1.6 -2.8 -21.4 -33.5 29 -22.1 -15.5 -0.2 9.9 16.6 13.5 12.3 -1.6 -28.8 -29.1 0.0 30 -25.5 -21.1 0.9 8.6 15.1 15.6 6.2 10.2 -4.3 -28.6 -26.8 31 -22.4 -24.2 7.8 15.6 10.5 -3.7 -11.5 2014 JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JLY AUG SEP ост NOV DEC 1 -30.2 -15.8 -29.1 -13.5 9.1 13.6 17.8 20.7 14.2 10.6 3.1 -22.0 2 -23.1 -16.2 -21.9 -4.3 2.7 14.5 17.7 19.1 13.7 4.5 1.1 -20.5 3 -16.5 -20.7 -24.0 -1.9 0.2 16.9 19.6 20.0 14.2 0.4 0.5 -18.9 4 -23.9 2.1 22.0 -0.4 -27.0 -23.7 -4.6 14.8 22.3 13.4 1.9 -10.0 5 21.6 1.4 -11.9 -31.5 -22.4 -17.2 -0.6 4.3 8.5 20.1 13.2 5.6 -11.1 6 -30.7 -20.0 -15.9 19.5 14.3 6.6 -0.3 0.3 3.8 8.0 21.2 7 -28.5 -17.9 -24.1 3.9 2.8 10.7 18.7 22.4 16.0 5.2 -0.3 -9.5 8 -25.4 5.5 7.0 1.8 -7.7 -13.9 -23.6 -12.9 6.7 10.7 18.6 19.9 9 -11.3 -25.9 -5.3 4.2 10.8 10.7 20.4 16.1 4.7 6.3 -11.5 -4.0 10 -8.4 -27.6 -0.5 4.1 4.7 10.0 19.7 16.5 4.3 9.7 -12.0 2.5 11 -6.9 -23.8 -7.2 -0.7 2.9 12.9 17.8 20.9 6.2 12.4 -10.4 3.8 0.7 12 -10.7 -28.0 -3.9 -5.4 5.6 14.9 16.3 21.3 6.9 10.2 -14.5 13 -13.2 -23.3 0.9 -7.1 4.9 16.2 15.3 20.6 7.6 9.3 -14.9 -2.2 -8.9 14 -9.0 7.3 13.7 16.8 23.2 7.9 10.6 -16.1 -2.7 -14.0 -15.4 15 -11.2 10.7 18.1 8.1 -11.5 -5.1 0.3 -21.0 -4.8 11.5 21.2 11.4 16 0.6 -6.5 14.3 12.4 19.9 19.4 11.6 6.2 -9.9 -6.3 -8.8 -15.5 17 -7.8 0.0 -9.5 0.6 -3.8 12.4 15.1 20.9 21.0 9.1 4.6 -10.8 18 -1.0 -1.4 11.8 18.4 22.0 10.4 -10.2 -7.3 -2.8 -8.7 16.6 12.9 19 -13.5 -16.4 -1.2 0.7 10.5 16.1 18.3 20.7 15.7 11.2 -13.0 -8.5 -4.6 -7.9 20 -23.0 -23.1 1.6 11.8 16.1 17.1 17.4 13.0 -11.4 11.6 21 -14.5 -22.7 -16.1 6.7 13.9 15.8 17.2 15.4 15.0 17.3 -1.9 -5.6 22 -26.1 -18.7 -17.0 7.9 18.8 17.5 18.2 15.0 18.4 8.1 -8.5 -5.8 23 -14.1 -24.1 -15.1 5.9 21.7 18.1 19.3 13.6 19.5 6.4 -15.7 -6.1 -11.9 -5.2 24 -5.5 -24.0 -13.2 0.4 19.8 16.6 19.6 11.9 17.1 7.3 25 -7.2 -24.9 -14.3 0.2 16.0 18.3 15.4 11.4 19.3 4.6 -15.0 -15.5 26 -19.0 -22.5 -9.4 1.9 11.9 19.1 16.9 14.5 16.9 3.6 -24.7 -21.7 27 -9.4 3.9 19.7 17.2 1.5 -23.8 -28.0 -25.8 13.1 19.7 8.3 -15.7 28 -21.2 -27.0 -11.4 1.0 12.6 20.6 19.0 17.3 4.8 -1.3 -19.3 -28.4 29 -16.7 -6.3 4.1 16.0 20.2 20.8 17.3 7.3 -0.4 -25.0 -25.3

-1.6

0.6

-26.1

-19.2

-7.7

-16.7 SRC Publication No. 13000-1E15

-12.9

8.4

15.2

16.4

16.4

21.6

22.2

12.9

15.0

12.0

30

31

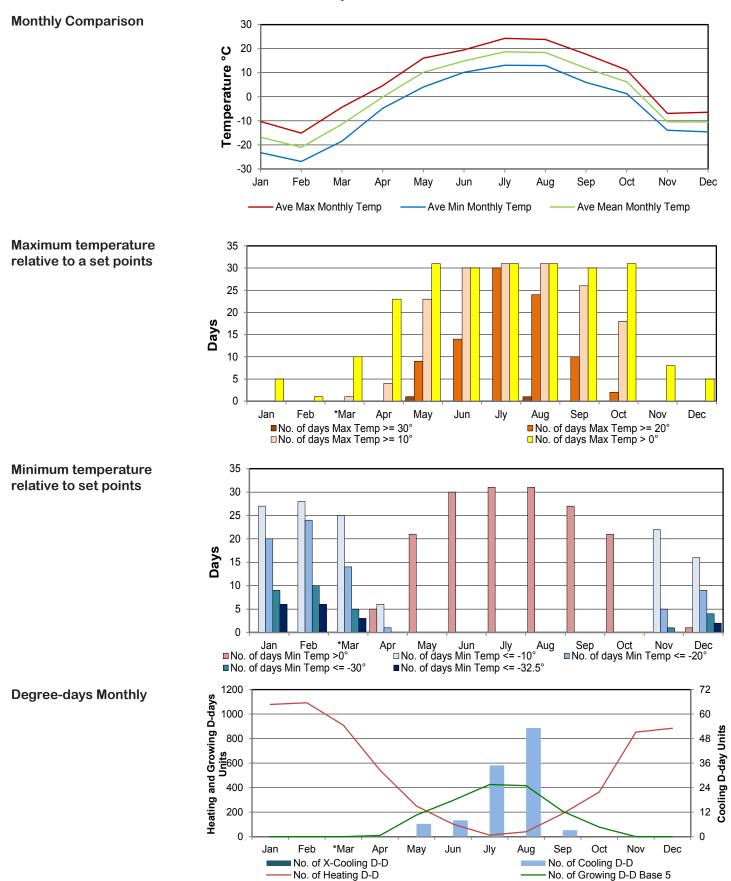
-23.7

-19.1

Daily Mean

Daily Minimum

Temperature 2014



SRC Publication No. 13000-1E15

SRC Climate Reference Station, CLC, Annual Summary, 2014

Precipitation 2014

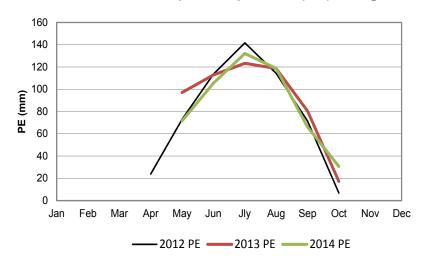
Extreme Precipitation Events										
Period	Date	Amount								
0.5 Hour	July 18	13.4mm								
0.5 Hour	August 19	7.4mm								
1 Hour	July 18	16.4mm								
1 Hour	August 20	12.0mm								
2 Hours	July 18	23.4mm								
2 Hours	August 20	18.6mm								
6 Hours	August 20	30.2mm								
6 Hours	July 18	30.0mm								
12 Hours	August 20	36.4mm								
12 Hours	July 18	36.2mm								
24 Hours	August 19-20	45.8mm								
24 Hours	June 18-19	38.8mm								
Daily	June 19	37.4mm								
Daily	August 20	35.4mm								
More than one day	June 18-23	51.6mm								
Longest wet spell*	April 23-29	7 Days								
Longest dry spell	Sept 15-Oct 1	17 Days								

Rank	Ranking By Driest Month											
Amount (mm)		% of Possi	ble Days									
January	8.9	March	9.7									
December	4.7	October	12.9									
October	6.1	*May	12.9									
March	7.3	April	13.3									
February	9.9	*August	16.2									
September*	11.0	*September	23.3									
November	34.2	February	28.6									
May*	46.8	January	32.3									
April	52.5	December	45.2									
August*	69.6	November	46.6									
July*	87.8	*July	48.4									
June*	111.4	*June	53.3									

* Weighing Gage Value

*Tipping Bucket value

Potential Evapotranspiration (PE) using the Thornthwaite Method¹



Month	2012 PE	2013 PE	2014 PF
World	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
Jan	()	()	()
Feb			
Mar			
Apr	24.0		
May	73.0	97.1	71.6
Jun	113.6	112.9	105.4
Jly	141.7	123.3	132.2
Aug	114.4	118.7	118.7
Sep	71.5	80.6	66.2
Oct	6.8	17.2	30.7
Nov			
Dec			
Total	545.0	549.9	524.9

1 Thornthwaite and Mather 1955 Thornthwaite 1948

Weighing Gauge, AES Standard Manual Gauge, Tipping Bucket and Snow Depth Sensor photo credit: V. Wittrock June 2014



SRC Publication No. 13000-1E15

Month	AMOUN	NT (mm)	Month end	Days with Meas	urable Precipitation
	Individual 2014	Cumulative 2014	Snow-on-Ground (cm)	Individual 2014	Cumulative 2014
January	8.9	8.9	43.0	8	8
February	9.9	18.8	48.0	6	14
March*	7.3	26.1	42.0	8	22
April	52.5	78.6	52.0	13	35
May	46.8	125.4	0.0	8	43
June	111.4	236.8	0.0	17	60
July	87.8	324.6	0.0	10	70
August	69.6	394.2	0.0	12	82
September	11.0	405.2	0.0	8	90
October	6.1	411.3	0.0	7	97
November	34.2	445.5	M	21	118
December	4.7	450.2	11.0	9	127
Total	450.2			127	

Precipitation 2014

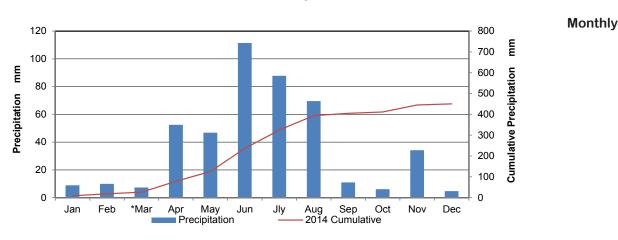
*M=missing due to instrument malfunction

Daily Precipitation Values

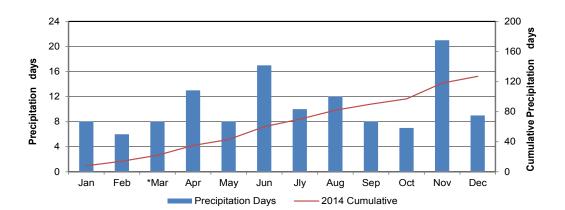
2014	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.6	0.0	0.2	0.3	7.2	0.0
3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	8.9	0.0
4	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0	9.2	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0
6	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.3	0.0	0.2	9.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	4.4	0.0
7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0
8	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.0	2.6	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
11	3.4	3.4	0.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0
12	0.0	1.5	0.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
13	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.1	0.0
14	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
16	0.0	3.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.0
17	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.2	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
18	0.0	0.0	0.2	7.4	0.0	3.8	28.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.4	36.2	0.0	10.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.2	0.0	35.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	3.7	0.0
23	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
24	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	19.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0
25	3.1	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
26	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	18.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.1	0.0
28	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.9	0.0	0.6	2.8	0.4	0.0	0.5	3.5	0.0
29	0.0		0.0	9.2	13.2	15.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0
30	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	14.4	0.0	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31	0.0		0.0		1.6		0.0	8.6		0.0		0.0
Total	8.9	9.9	7.3	52.5	46.8	111.4	87.8	69.6	11.0	6.1	34.2	0.0



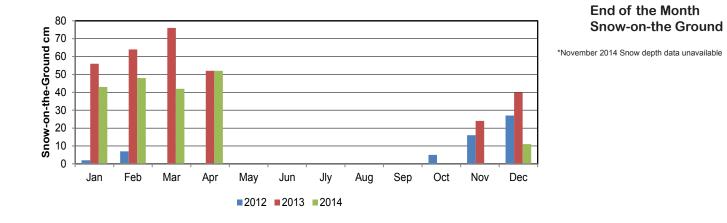
Storm clouds by Wakaw, SK photo credit: V Wittrock 24 July 2014



Precipitation 2014



Monthly Days



Radiation 2014

Sunrise & Sunset Tables for Conservation Learning Center, 2014 & 2015¹

2014	Jan	uary	Feb	ruary	Ma	arch	Ap	oril	M	lay	Ju	ine	J	uly	Aug	gust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober	Nove	ember	Dece	mber
Date	Rise	Set																						
1	9:18	16:56	8:47	17:47	7:50	18:42	6:36	19:39	5:29	20:32	4:42	21:20	4:41	21:33	5:20	20:58	6:13	19:52	7:05	18:40	8:02	17:31	8:55	16:49
2	9:17	16:57	8:45	17:49	7:48	18:44	6:34	19:40	5:27	20:34	4:42	21:21	4:41	21:33	5:22	20:56	6:15	19:50	7:06	18:37	8:04	17:29	8:56	16:49
3	9:17	16:59	8:43	17:51	7:45	18:45	6:32	19:42	5:25	20:36	4:41	21:22	4:42	21:32	5:23	20:54	6:16	19:47	7:08	18:35	8:05	17:27	8:58	16:48
4	9:17	17:00	8:42	17:53	7:43	18:47	6:29	19:44	5:23	20:38	4:40	21:24	4:43	21:32	5:25	20:52	6:18	19:45	7:10	18:33	8:07	17:25	8:59	16:47
5	9:16	17:01	8:40	17:55	7:41	18:49	6:27	19:46	5:21	20:39	4:39	21:25	4:44	21:31	5:27	20:50	6:20	19:43	7:12	18:30	8:09	17:24	9:00	16:47
6	9:16	17:02	8:38	17:57	7:39	18:51	6:24	19:48	5:19	20:41	4:39	21:26	4:45	21:31	5:28	20:48	6:21	19:40	7:14	18:28	8:11	17:22	9:02	16:47
7	9:15	17:04	8:36	17:59	7:36	18:53	6:22	19:49	5:18	20:43	4:38	21:26	4:46	21:30	5:30	20:47	6:23	19:38	7:15	18:25	8:13	17:20	9:03	16:46
8	9:15	17:05	8:34	18:01	7:34	18:55	6:20	19:51	5:16	20:45	4:38	21:27	4:47	21:29	5:32	20:45	6:25	19:35	7:17	18:23	8:15	17:18	9:04	16:46
9	9:14	17:07	8:32	18:03	7:31	18:57	6:17	19:53	5:14	20:46	4:37	21:28	4:48	21:28	5:33	20:43	6:27	19:33	7:19	18:21	8:17	17:17	9:05	16:46
10	9:14	17:08	8:31	18:05	7:29	18:58	6:15	19:55	5:12	20:48	4:37	21:29	4:49	21:27	5:35	20:41	6:28	19:31	7:21	18:18	8:19	17:15	9:07	16:45
11	9:13	17:10	8:29	18:07	7:27	19:00	6:13	19:57	5:10	20:50	4:36	21:30	4:50	21:27	5:37	20:39	6:30	19:28	7:23	18:16	8:20	17:13	9:08	16:45
12	9:12	17:11	8:27	18:09	7:24	19:02	6:10	19:58	5:09	20:51	4:36	21:30	4:51	21:26	5:38	20:37	6:32	19:26	7:24	18:14	8:22	17:12	9:09	16:45
13	9:11	17:13	8:25	18:11	7:22	19:04	6:08	20:00	5:07	20:53	4:36	21:31	4:52	21:25	5:40	20:34	6:33	19:23	7:26	18:12	8:24	17:10	9:10	16:45
14	9:10	17:14	8:23	18:13	7:20	19:06	6:06	20:02	5:05	20:55	4:36	21:32	4:54	21:24	5:42	20:32	6:35	19:21	7:28	18:09	8:26	17:09	9:11	16:45
15	9:10	17:16	8:21	18:15	7:17	19:08	6:04	20:04	5:04	20:56	4:35	21:32	4:55	21:22	5:44	20:30	6:37	19:18	7:30	18:07	8:28	17:07	9:11	16:45
16	9:09	17:18	8:18	18:17	7:15	19:10	6:01	20:06	5:02	20:58	4:35	21:33	4:56	21:21	5:45	20:28	6:39	19:16	7:32	18:05	8:30	17:06	9:12	16:45
17	9:08	17:19	8:16	18:19	7:12	19:11	5:59	20:07	5:01	20:59	4:35	21:33	4:58	21:20	5:47	20:26	6:40	19:14	7:34	18:03	8:32	17:04	9:13	16:46
18	9:06	17:21	8:14	18:20	7:10	19:13	5:57	20:09	4:59	21:01	4:35	21:33	4:59	21:19	5:49	20:24	6:42	19:11	7:35	18:00	8:33	17:03	9:14	16:46
19	9:05	17:23	8:12	18:22	7:08	19:15	5:55	20:11	4:58	21:03	4:35	21:34	5:00	21:18	5:50	20:22	6:44	19:09	7:37	17:58	8:35	17:02	9:14	16:46
20	9:04	17:25	8:10	18:24	7:05	19:17	5:52	20:13	4:56	21:04	4:36	21:34	5:02	21:16	5:52	20:19	6:46	19:06	7:39	17:56	8:37	17:00	9:15	16:47
21	9:03	17:26	8:08	18:26	7:03	19:19	5:50	20:15	4:55	21:06	4:36	21:34	5:03	21:15	5:54	20:17	6:47	19:04	7:41	17:54	8:39	16:59	9:16	16:47
22	9:02	17:28	8:06	18:28	7:00	19:20	5:48	20:16	4:53	21:07	4:36	21:34	5:05	21:14	5:56	20:15	6:49	19:01	7:43	17:52	8:40	16:58	9:16	16:48
23	9:00	17:30	8:04	18:30	6:58	19:22	5:46	20:18	4:52	21:09	4:36	21:34	5:06	21:12	5:57	20:13	6:51	18:59	7:45	17:49	8:42	16:57	9:16	16:48
24	8:59	17:32	8:01	18:32	6:56	19:24	5:44	20:20	4:51	21:10	4:37	21:34	5:08	21:11	5:59	20:11	6:52	18:57	7:47	17:47	8:44	16:56	9:17	16:49
25	8:58	17:34	7:59	18:34	6:53	19:26	5:42	20:22	4:50	21:11	4:37	21:34	5:09	21:09	6:01	20:08	6:54	18:54	7:48	17:45	8:45	16:55	9:17	16:50
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31	8:48	17:45			6:39	19:37			4:43	21:19			5:18	20:59	6:11	19:54			8:00	17:33			9:18	16:55

2015	Jan	uary	Feb	ruary	Ma	arch	A	oril	M	ay	Ju	ne	JI	uly	Aug	gust	Septe	ember	Oct	ober	Nove	ember	Dece	mber
Date	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set														
1	9:18	16:56	8:47	17:47	7:51	18:41	6:37	19:38	5:30	20:32	4:43	21:20	4:40	21:33	5:20	20:58	6:12	19:53	7:04	18:40	8:01	17:32	8:54	16:50
2	9:17	16:57	8:46	17:49	7:48	18:43	6:35	19:40	5:28	20:34	4:42	21:21	4:41	21:33	5:21	20:56	6:14	19:50	7:06	18:38	8:03	17:30	8:56	16:49
3	9:17	16:58	8:44	17:51	7:46	18:45	6:32	19:42	5:26	20:36	4:41	21:22	4:42	21:32	5:23	20:54	6:16	19:48	7:08	18:36	8:05	17:28	8:57	16:48
4	9:17	16:59	8:42	17:53	7:44	18:47	6:30	19:44	5:24	20:37	4:40	21:23	4:43	21:32	5:25	20:53	6:18	19:46	7:10	18:33	8:07	17:26	8:59	16:48
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6	9:16	17:02	8:38	17:56	7:39	18:51	6:25	19:47	5:20	20:41	4:39	21:25	4:45	21:31	5:28	20:49	6:21	19:41	7:13	18:28	8:11	17:22	9:01	16:47
7	9:16	17:03	8:37	17:58	7:37	18:52	6:23	19:49	5:18	20:42	4:38	21:26	4:45	21:30	5:30	20:47	6:23	19:38	7:15	18:26	8:13	17:20	9:03	16:46
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29	8:52	17:41			6:44	19:33	5:34	20:28	4:46	21:16	4:39	21:34	5:15	21:03	6:07	20:00	7:01	18:45	7:55	17:37	8:51	16:51	9:18	16:53
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31	8:49	17:45			6:39	19:36			4:44	21:19			5:18	21:00	6:11	19:55			7:59	17:34			9:18	16:55

 1 National Research Council, Canada, Hertzberg Institute of Astrophysics

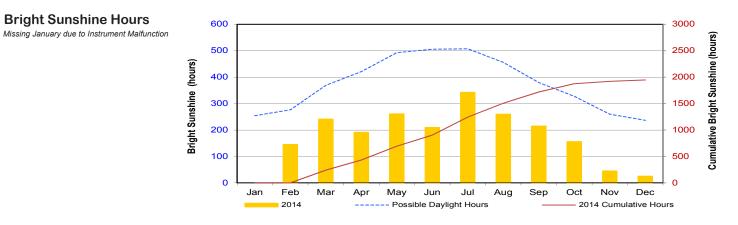
	Brig	ht Sunshine	Hours	Bright Sunshine Days								
Month	2014 # of Hours	Possible hours ¹	% of Possible hrs	2014 # of Days	With 1 or > hours	With 5 or > hours	With 10 or > hours					
Jan	*	254.3	*	*	*	*	*					
Feb	145.0	276.6	52.4	22	21	15	3					
Mar	241.0	369.3	65.3	17	29	23	13					
Apr	191.1	420.9	45.4	24	23	18	11					
May	261.2	492.6	53.0	29	28	23	13					
Jun	209.6	505.9	41.4	29	27	17	11					
Jly	342.5	507.5	67.5	31	31	29	21					
Aug	260.0	455.7	57.1	30	30	23	14					
Sep	214.8	379.7	56.6	29	28	22	8					
Oct	155.9	327.3	47.6	29	27	16	1					
Nov	45.1	259.8	17.4	20	16	1	0					
Dec	25.2	236.5	10.7	13	9	1	0					
Total	2091.4*	4486.1	46.6*	273*	269*	188*	95*					

Radiation 2014

¹ National Research Council, Canada, Hertzberg Institute of Astrophysics * Missing January due to Instrument Malfunction

Global and Diffuse Radiation (MJ/m²)

2014	Janua	ary	Febru	ary	Marc	ch	Apr	il 🛛	Ma	у	Jur	ne	Ju	ly	Aug	ust	Septer	mber	Octo	ber	Nover	nber	Decen	nber
Date	Global	0 iffuse	Global [Diffuse	Global [Diffuse	Global		Global	Diffuse	Global		Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global [Diffuse	Global	Diffuse
1	5.6	1.1	3.9	3.7	12.8	2.2	10.8	9.6	14.9	8.7	26.7	8.9	26.1	8.4	14.9	9.1	17.5	5.5	11.3		6.9	1.5	3.4	2.4
2	1.8	1.7	3.7	3.6	12.8	1.9	16.7	9.0	12.0	8.5	24.1	8.5	11.9	6.5	24.8	7.3	14.3	9.1	5.7		0.7	0.6	3.8	1.5
3	3.0	<mark>1.4</mark>	5.0	4.3	11.7	4.4	20.2	3.7	17.9	11.5	25.7	5.0	26.6	8.5	19.7	10.7	11.6	6.2	5.7		3.3	2.8	2.2	2.0
4	3.5	<mark>1.4</mark>	6.8	3.3	8.2	7.4	11.0	9.1	14.3	11.4	14.5	8.6	23.4	10.1	21.4	7.3	17.3	6.6	3.9	Shade	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.5
5	3.4	<mark>1.6</mark>	4.8	4.5	11.0	4.5	20.7	5.3	5.5	4.6	9.6	7.4	14.6	9.1	21.3	7.1	16.7	6.0	11.0 r	ing mal-	4.3	2.2	2.4	2.0
6	2.3	2.2	7.4	2.6	7.8	5.4	17.7	10.5	12.2	9.1	22.4	8.7	21.5	7.1	20.4	7.3	16.5	6.3	6.4	adjusted	3.3	2.9	1.7	1.6
7	1.7	0.7	6.1	4.2	15.3	3.4	21.0	4.1	20.5	9.4	22.1	10.1	24.2	8.7	20.8	9.5	14.5	7.6	11.9	,	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.7
8	2.5	2.4	9.2	2.0	11.3	7.4	18.9	7.4	19.8	6.9	22.6	7.2	26.8	6.7	18.4	10.7	6.5	5.7	11.4		3.8	3.3	2.0	1.9
9	2.2	2.1	8.6	2.7	11.5	6.4	18.7	4.3	21.4	8.1	10.1	7.9	25.6	8.6	17.7	11.1	13.5	8.0	9.3		4.1	2.5	3.2	1.4
10	3.3	2.0	8.3	3.1	14.3	2.1	18.5	4.0	26.1	5.0	9.3	8.1	27.2	5.7	18.1	11.4	7.9	6.7	8.1	3.8	4.1	3.2	3.3	0.7
11	2.2	2.1	7.1	4.8	11.3	6.8	14.6	8.9	18.6	11.3	27.2	6.2	24.4	9.2	22.0	7.0	12.2	9.8	9.8	2.9	4.2	2.6	2.4	1.3
12	2.4	2.3	4.4	4.2	14.4	3.1	16.6	12.9	20.1	10.7	26.9	7.6	27.5	6.8	22.8	7.4	15.1	7.2	10.7	1.3	4.4	2.8	2.7	1.4
13	2.4	2.3	5.2	4.7	10.1	7.4	23.0	10.7	27.0	5.3	22.1	11.6	28.9	4.9	17.4	11.2	7.8	5.9	9.5	1.9	5.7	1.2	0.8	0.7
14	3.7	<mark>2.6</mark>	5.8	5.4	12.2	7.6	23.7	4.2	28.1	4.1	20.3	10.6	28.5	4.9	20.9	6.7	11.9	6.7	6.6	5.2	4.9	1.9	1.4	1.3
15	3.2	2.1	9.1	3.4	9.7	8.7	16.3	12.7	10.8	8.8	5.6	4.9	26.4	6.6	16.6	8.5	12.1	6.2	7.0	3.7	4.2	2.7	1.3	1.2
16	4.5	<mark>1.4</mark>	4.9	4.6	14.9	3.0	23.8	3.9	17.5	8.0	11.2	9.6	19.9	8.6	16.9	9.5	15.9	4.9	5.7	3.9	5.0	1.8	1.7	1.7
17	3.4	1.1	7.7	4.6	15.1	5.2	18.1	11.1	23.9	10.2	19.2	11.1	20.0	9.5	14.0	10.0	7.9	6.9	5.6	3.3	4.4	2.3	1.7	1.7
18	3.4	2.2	9.3	2.4	15.4	5.4	5.9	5.3	13.9	10.4	13.2	9.8	14.4	8.8	19.4	7.6	10.2	6.6	7.6	3.0	2.8	2.6	1.1	1.1
19	4.2	2.2	9.2	4.2	13.8	7.7	16.1	13.5	6.1	5.4	5.6	4.8	9.4	8.1	14.5	6.0	11.1	6.1	9.2	1.0	3.1	2.8	1.2	1.2
20	5.3	<mark>1.8</mark>	10.7	3.1	9.6	8.2	16.9	10.3	27.9	4.2	10.0	7.9	25.7	7.5	7.2	6.3	12.5	6.0	9.0	1.3	2.3	2.2	1.2	1.1
21	3.4	3.1	11.2	2.2	17.8	2.8	22.6	3.8	22.4	10.1	11.1	8.5	23.4	9.9	13.7	9.7	15.2	4.0	7.1	2.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.9
22	6.5	1.1	8.9	5.6	18.1	2.9	20.8	7.1	22.5	9.3	17.2	9.3	24.7	8.5	14.0	9.7	15.2	4.8	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	0.8	0.8
23	2.7	2.6	11.3	2.2	18.5	3.6	5.7	4.9	22.2	8.7	21.9	9.2	23.1	9.7	10.6	9.2	13.3	5.7	4.5	2.4	3.3	2.6	1.2	1.1
24	3.1	2.6	12.2	2.1	18.6	3.2	5.1	4.6	25.3	7.5		3.7	11.2	5.4		5.0	11.4	6.2	6.6	3.5	2.2	1.7	1.2	1.2
25	3.2	3.0	12.7	2.1	16.7	7.5	9.6	8.6	16.9	9.9		8.4	16.6	9.2		6.5	13.0	6.5		2.4	2.7	2.6	2.5	0.9
26	6.0	<mark>1.2</mark>	12.2	1.8	17.4	5.2	4.5	4.0	2.9	2.5	13.7	8.9	15.7	10.2	17.3	9.0	13.5	6.8	5.4	3.8	5.3	1.2	1.7	1.6
27	6.2	1.1	8.2	6.2	18.4	4.4	2.3	2.1	19.2	9.1	22.7	8.2	19.0	9.9	15.5	6.8	7.6	6.3	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.6	0.8
28	4.6	<mark>3.2</mark>	10.9	6.2	20.3	2.8	6.9	6.2	21.6	7.5	22.0	9.3	21.1	9.9	10.1	6.2	7.4	6.3	3.5	2.7	1.8	1.7	2.8	0.9
29	6.3	<mark>1.3</mark>			12.8	9.8	19.2	9.8	12.4	8.1	12.4	8.9	25.2	5.9	21.4	4.8	13.2	9.4	2.0	1.9	4.1	1.1	2.7	2.0
30	5.5	<mark>3.8</mark>			15.6	10.1	25.5	3.3	26.2	6.5		6.8	24.5	6.5		6.4	2.6	2.4	6.5	2.4	4.5	1.5	2.0	1.8
31	10.8	<mark>6.9</mark>			20.1	4.4			49.7	13.9			49.3	13.1	24.2	11.5			11.4	5.5			4.7	3.9
Total	122.3	<u>66.6</u>	224.8	103.8	437.5	164.9	471.4	214.9	599.8	254.7	529.9	245.7	706.8	252.5	528.9	256.5	365.4	192.4	223.1	61.1	105.0	63.5	65.5	46.3



Radiation 2014

Bright Sunshine Days

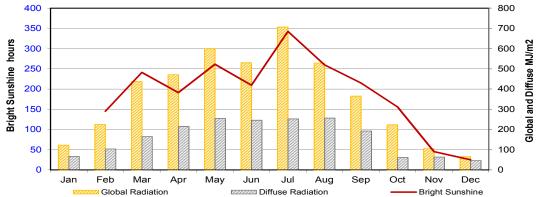
Bright Sunshine Hours

Missing January due to Instrument Malfunction

35 30 25 Bright Sunshine (days) 20 15 10 5 0 Jan Feb Mai Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct *Nov *Dec No. of days with any Bright Sunshine
No. of days with Bright Sunshine≥ 5 hours No. of days with Bright Sunshine ≥ 1 hour
 No. of days with Bright Sunshine ≥ 10 hours



Missing January Bright Sunshine due to Instrument Malfunction



	Ave	rage	Highest ins	tantaneous	Wind Speed
	(km/h)	"1/2 hr Maximum" Average	Speed (km/h)	Direction	Day
January	14.0	19.9	95.3	NW	15
February	11.7	16.0	36.9	N	27
March	10.7	14.7	33.5	N	20
April	12.9	17.7	55.9	NW	9
May	12.7	18.4	53.1	NNW	1
June	12.5	18.2	43.7	N	30
July	10.3	15.7	38.3	N	6
August	8.8	14.0	39.9	WSW	8
September	11.3	16.8	40.6	WNW	1
October	12.2	17.6	36.7	NW	2
November	13.6	18.9	40.0	N	16
December*	9.7	14.1	31.1	SW	30

Wind 2014

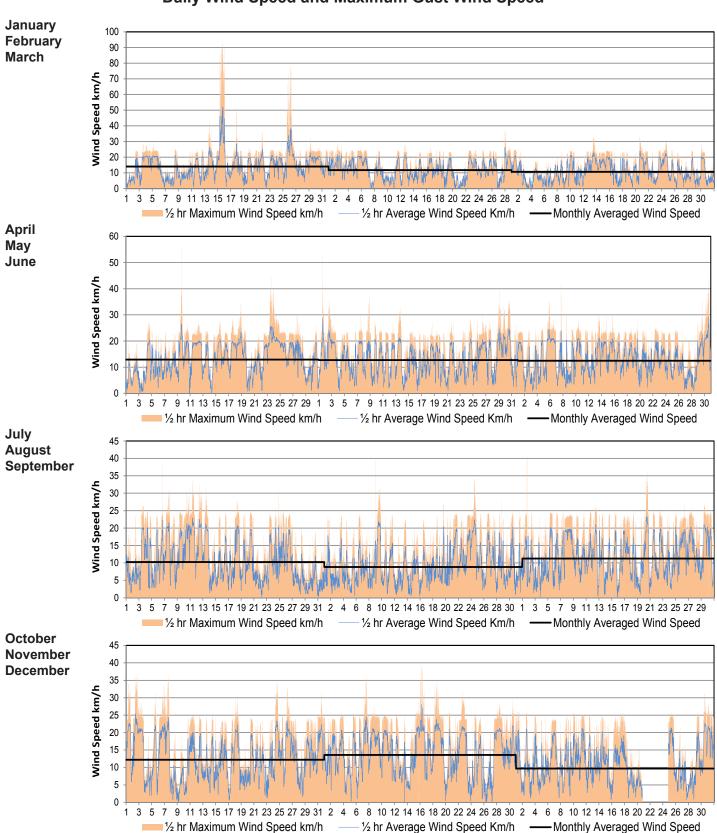
* Missing Dec 20 to 24 data due to hoar frost build-up on Anemometer

Extreme Daily Winds (km/h)											
Date		Beaufort									
	Direction	Designation*									
January 15	95.3 NNW	Whole Gale									
April 9	55.9 NW	Near Gale									
May 1	53.1 NNW	Near Gale									

Beaufort Wind Scale*										
High wind, Near Gale	50-61 km/h									
Gale	62-74 km/h									
Strong Gale	75-88 km/h									
Storm, Whole Gale	89-102 km/h									
Violent Storm	103-117 km/h									
Hurricane Force	> 118 km/h									

*Environment Canada, Meteorological Service of Canada, 2014. Beaufort Wind Scale Table.





* Missing Dec 20 to 24 data due to hoar frost build-up on Anemometer

Wind Daily Wind Speed and Maximum Gust Wind Speed

Wind	2014
------	------

			v	Vindc	hill (Calcu	latio	n Ch	art ¹			
	والمتنب المتنب المتنب المتنب المتنب المتعاد والمتعاد والمتعاد والمتعاد والمتعاد والمتعاد والمتعاد										-50°	
5	4	-2	-7	-13	-19	-24	-30	-36	-41	-47	-53	-58
10	3	-3	-9	-15	-21	-27	-33	-39	-45	-51	-57	-63
15	2	-4	-11	-17	-23	-29	-35	-41	-48	-54	-60	-66
20	1	-5	-12	-18	-24	-31	-37	-43	-49	-56	-62	-68
25	1	-6	-12	-19	-25	-32	-38	-45	-51	-57	-64	-70
30	0	-7	-13	-20	-26	-33	-39	-46	-52	-59	-65	-72
35	0	-7	-14	-20	-27	-33	-40	-47	-53	-60	-66	-73
40	-1	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-54	-61	-68	-74
45	-1	-8	-15	-21	-28	-35	-42	-48	-55	-62	-69	-75
50	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-49	-56	-63	-70	-76
55	-2	-9	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-63	-70	-77
60	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78
65	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79
70	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-59	-66	-73	-80
75	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-59	-66	-73	-80
80	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81
				Арр	oroxii	mate	Thres	holds	5			
-10	Low		Risk prote		otherm	nia if or	utside 1	for long	g perio	ds with	out ade	equate
-28	Risky	(of frost ·30 mir	•	ostbite	on ext	remitie	s. Expo	osed s	kin can	freeze
-40	High	Risk	High	risk of	frostb	ite. Ex	posed	skin ca	an freez	ze in 5	-10 min	utes.
-48	Very Risk	High	Serio	us risk	of fro	stbite.	Expos	ed skir	n can fr	eeze ii	n 2-5 m	inutes.
-55	Extre Risk	me		oor cor		s haza	ardous.	Expos	sed ski	n can f	reeze i	n 2

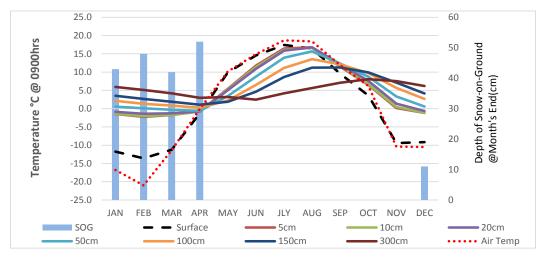
1: Environment Canada, 2011, 2013

	М	aximur	n Daily	Wind	d Chil	Valu	e Wh	nen Te	mpera	ture <	0°C	
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC
1	-47	-29	-49	-27	-1						-6	-40
2	-45	-32	-42	-15	-7					-5	-6	-37
3	-36	-34	-43	-14	-11					-6	-6	-39
4	-45	-37	-35	-15	-5					-5	-7	-19
5	-50	-39	-27	-11	-3					-2	-5	-22
6	-49	-37	-33	-7	-5					-2	-7	-23
7	-45	-32	-41	-6	-7					-4	-10	-19
8	-48	-37	-29	-4	-5					-5	-21	-23
9	-20	-43	-17	-5					-2	-1	-22	-17
10	-17	-42	-9	-5	-5				-1	-2	-24	-5
11	-16	-39	-17	-10	-5				-1		-21	-3
12	-22	-42	-19	-15	-2				-5		-26	-8
13	-28	-36	-11	-18	-5					-2	-27	-10
14	-30	-27	-23	-19	-4				-3		-25	-10
15	-13	-34	-25	-14					-1		-25	-14
16	-24	-30	-16	-19					-1		-20	-15
17	-16	-23	-12	-15					-1	-3	-22	-17
18	-13	-23	-11	-9						-2	-22	-16
19	-33	-29	-12	-9							-24	-15
20	-37	-38	-21	-8							-24	-16
21	-33	-38	-31	-4							-12	-10
22	-40	-34	-31	-1							-21	-6
23	-40	-41	-32	-4						-2	-24	-6
24	-21	-41	-27	-7							-21	-13
25	-22	-43	-30	-7						-4	-28	-34
26	-39	-37	-20	-5						-6	-39	-37
27	-45	-46	-20	-5						-5	-28	-40
28	-40	-45	-26	-6					-2	-6	-33	-41
29	-34		-20	-3					-3	-8	-38	-39
30	-38		-28	-3						-10	-41	-39
31	-32		-30							-11		-20

	Mean Air		S		1PERATI	IRES @	0900 (°C	Mean Air	SOILT	EMPER	RATURE	S @	SOG at		
	Temp @		0				0000 (0	Temp @ 1600 (°C)					Month's		
	0900h (°C)									1600h (°C)			()		end (cm)
	ĺ	Surface	5cm	10cm	20cm	50cm	100cm	150cm	300cm		Surface	5cm	10cm	20cm	, <i></i>
JAN	-16.8	-11.8	-1.5	-1.4	-0.9	0.6	2.2	3.5	5.9	-12.6	-13.5	-1.5	-1.6	-0.8	43
FEB	-21.0	-13.6	-2.2	-2.0	-1.4	0.1	1.3	2.7	5.1	-13.7	-14.7	-2.0	-2.2	-1.3	48
MAR	-11.4	-11.2	-1.7	-1.7	-1.3	-0.3	0.9	1.9	4.2	-6.1	-6.6	-1.7	-1.9	-1.3	42
APR	-0.1	-1.3	-0.7	-0.8	-0.8	-0.6	0.2	1.1	3.0	3.4	3.4	-0.3	-0.4	-0.6	52
MAY	10.2	9.9	5.4	5.2	5.0	3.4	2.2	1.9	3.2	14.3	14.4	8.4	8.3	5.2	0
JUN	14.9	14.6	11.8	11.4	10.9	8.8	6.5	4.7	2.5	17.1	17.8	14.1	14.2	11.1	0
JLY	18.7	17.4	16.5	16.1	15.9	13.9	11.2	8.7	4.2	22.4	23.1	20.4	20.4	16.5	0
AUG	18.4	16.5	16.8	16.6	16.8	15.7	13.5	11.2	5.6	21.8	22.6	20.3	20.4	17.1	0
SEP	11.9	9.6	11.5	11.6	12.2	12.3	12.1	11.3	7.1	15.8	16.4	13.6	13.4	11.8	0
OCT	6.2	3.6	6.5	6.7	7.6	8.7	9.7	9.9	8.1	10.3	10.4	7.7	7.8	7.4	0
NOV	-10.4	-9.4	0.2	0.5	1.4	3.3	5.7	7.2	7.5	-8.1	-8.1	0.2	-0.1	1.1	М
DEC	-10.5	-9.2	-1.2	-1.1	-0.6	0.6	2.7	4.1	6.2	-7.7	-8.6	-1.2	-1.3	-0.7	11

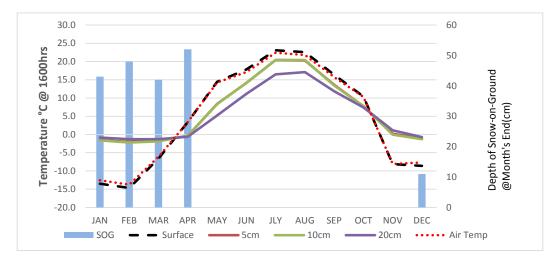
Soil Temperatures and Depth of Snow-on-the-Ground at Month's End

M=November SOG data missing due to instrument malfunction



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 0900hrs (9:00am)

*Nov 2014 Snow-on-ground data unavailable



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 1600hrs (4:00pm)

*Nov 2014 Snow-on-ground data unavailable

Instruments used at Climate learning center and Glossary of Terms

(Unless otherwise stated, source for definitions of terms is Environment Canada, 1978)

- **BEAUFORT WIND SCALE** was developed by Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort in 1805 and adopted by the British Navy in 1838. It consisted of 13 degrees of wind strength, from calm to hurricane, based upon the effects of various wind strengths upon the amount of canvas carried by the fully rigged frigates of the period. Over the years it has been modified as needed and in 1946 the scale values (Force Numbers) were defined by ranges of wind speed as measured at a height of 10 meters above the surface. In effect, this transformed the 'Beaufort Wind Force Scale' into the 'Beaufort Wind Speed Scale'. This scale is the current standard scale for visual observations of the wind. (*Heidorn, 1998*)
- **BRIGHT SUNSHINE** is the unobstructed direct radiation from the sun, as opposed to the shading of a location by clouds or by other atmospheric obstructions. Number of Days is defined as the total number of days when at least 0.1 of an hour of bright sunshine was recorded. Percentage Possible refers to the ratio of measured bright sunshine hours to the total possible daylight hours in a given period, expressed as a percentage. Possible daylight hours are taken from the sunrise/set tables provided by the National Research Council of Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics, Victoria, BC. Total is the sum of the daily bright sunshine values in hours and tenths of hours as measured by an automated sunshine recorder using voltaic cells.

DEGREE-DAY is an index for various temperature related calculations

Cooling (CDD) is the cooling requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of greater than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary cooling is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C is less than the daily average temperature defines the number of cooling degree-days for that day.

Mathematically:CDD = $(T - 18^{\circ}C)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in $^{\circ}C$ if T is equal to or less than $18^{\circ}C$, CDD = 0. Monthly and annual values of CDD are obtained by summing daily values.

Growing (GDD) is the growing requirement in order for plant growth to proceed. The air temperature must ex ceed a critical value appropriate to the plant species in question. For many members of the grass family, including most commercial cereals grown on the prairies, a base temperature of 5.0°C has been established. On a specified day, the difference between the daily average temperature and the 5.0°C base temperature defines the number of growing degree-days.

Mathematically: $GDD = (T - 5.0^{\circ}C)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or less than 5.0°C, GDD = 0. Daily GDD values are summed to provide totals for the appropriate month, growing season or year.

Heating (HDD) is the heating requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of less than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary heating is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C exceeds the daily average temperature defines the number of heating degree-days for that day.

Mathematically: HDD = $(18^{\circ}C - T)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in $^{\circ}C$ if T is equal to or > than $18^{\circ}C$, HDD = 0. Monthly and annual values of HDD are obtained by summing daily values.

EXTREME is the highest or lowest value of a particular element recorded during the period in question.

FROST is recorded on each occasion when the daily minimum temperature is equal to or less than 0°C.

NORMAL VALUE (1981-2010) In climatology it is often useful to make spatial comparisons of particular element values over a common time period. At an interior continental site such as the Climate Learning Centre, a period of 30 years is required to produce statistically stable estimates of the more variable elements. To facilitate spatial comparisons, the World Meteorological Organization recommends the standard normal (average) period of thirty years. The period of operation at CLC is not yet long enough to produce normals.

(Environment Canada, 1993, 2002, 2004a)

POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (Thornthwaite Method) is the amount of water which will be lost from a surface completely covered with vegetation if there is sufficient water in the soil at all times for the use of the vegetation. It is computed by means of an empirical formula involving mean monthly temperature and average length of day.

Mathematically:PET = mTa where PET = Potential of Evapotranspiration; m = % of day length for the month as compared to the year;T

= Temperature °C when T is less than or equal to 0; otherwise T = O; and a = yearly heat index. (Thornthwaite and Mather, 1955)

PRECIPITATION

Day is recorded on occasions when the amount of precipitation in a 24-hour period of 0000 hours - 2400 hours equals or exceeds 0.2 mm water. An asterisk (*) appearing in the average column denotes the occurrence of measurable precipitation on one or more occasions.

Measurable precipitation is when the amount equals or exceeds 0.2 mm of water or water equivalent. *Dry day* is when no measurable precipitation is recorded.

Total is the sum of the daily recorded precipitation. The snowfall component of precipitation is recorded as an equivalent amount of liquid water. The notation "T" refers to a trace of precipitation (less than 0.2 mm water equivalent). A weighing gauge is used for the winter season and a tipping bucket during frost-free period.

- **SEASONS** Meteorologists prefer to divide the year into four 3-month periods based primarily on temperature. Thus winter is defined as December (previous year), January, and February (DJF); spring as March, April and May (MAM); summer as June, July and August (JJA); and fall as September, October and November (SON). (Lutgens and Tarbuck, 1992)
- **SOIL TEMPERATURE** under a short grass surface with normal snow accumulation, is measured according to procedures outlined in the Environment Canada publication "Soil Temperature" January I, 1976. Depths below surface at which soil temperature measurements are made are: 5 cm, 10 cm, 20 cm, 50 cm, 100 cm, 150 cm and 300 cm. Since soil temperature is affected by profile structure and water content, extrapolation of the measured data is difficult.

SOLAR RADIATION

- Diffuse Total is radiation reaching the earth's surface after having been scattered from the direct solar beam.
- The instrument used is an Eppley pyranometer with a shade ring (See SOLAR RADIATION-Global- Total). *Global* - Total is the sum of the direct solar and diffuse radiation during the period in question. Measurements are carried out on a horizontal surface near ground level and integrated over the whole celestial dome, summing the diffuse and direct components of the solar beam. The temperature-compensated Eppley pyranometer is used. The standard metric unit of measurement is the megajoule per square metre (MJ/m2).

SPELLS

Temperature spells are defined as days when the daily maximum temperature is higher than or equal to 30°C (hot spell) or the daily minimum temperature is lower than or equal to -30°C (cold spell).

- *Precipitation* spells, for this report, are defined as when more than one day is (wet spell) or is not (dry Spell) measured.
- **SUNRISE/SUNSET** times have been included in this report. They have been acquired from the National Research Council, Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics.

TEMPERATURE

Average Annual is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for one year.

- Average Daily is defined as the arithmetic mean of the daily maximum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) and the daily minimum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) for the day in question.
- Average Maximum is the average of the daily maximum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) average over the appropriate time periods.
- Average Minimum is the average of the daily minimum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) averaged over the appropriate time periods. Refer to TEMPERATURE-Average Maximum concerning measurement procedures.
- Average Monthly is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for the month under consideration.

WIND CHILL describes a sensation, the way we feel as a result of the combined cooling effect of temperature and wind. This feeling can't be measured using an instrument, so a mathematical formula was developed in 1939 that related air temperature and wind speed to the cooling sensation. This formula was revised in 2001 by a team of scientists and medical experts from Canada and the U.S. with the Canadian Department of National Defence contributing human volunteers. The new index is based on the loss of heat from the face.

(Environment Canada 2004b)

WAVES Temperature waves are defined as a sequence of three or more days when the daily maximum / minimum temperatures are higher/lower than, or equal to, a set temperature. For a heat wave the temperature is

32°C. (Environment Canada 2005)

WIND SPEED

Average is the average of the hourly wind speeds for the period in question measured in kilometers per hour (km/h). Average hourly wind speeds are obtained from a RM Young Wind Monitor anemometer at a height of 10 m.

Peak Gust refers to the highest instantaneous value recorded by the anemometer system for the period of reference, irrespective of direction and/or duration. See also **Beaufort Wind Scale**

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